



Vol. XLII. No. 6

JUNE, 1913

Whole No. 251

Greetings from the President General

My Dear Fellow Members:

The great gathering of American women, our Twenty-second Continental Congress, is over. We have assembled from different sections representing every State in the Union. Many of us met as strangers and parted as friends, united by the common interest of a great cause. I am sure that each member who was present during the deliberations of Congress will find a quickening of her interest, a stimulation of her power for usefulness as a result of her meeting with her sisters, for whom she should feel a strong and tender tie of fellowship.

There is much that is beautiful and helpful in this occasion, for in no ordinary sense are we united. Indeed, the fellowship of members should be felt to be almost a heritage from our Patriot ancestors, who stood together in the days that tried men's souls, stood bravely for a common cause, in support of a common principle, freedom and recognition of the rights of others.

The celebration of a day that is dear to us is near at hand—many of us will think of the other on Flag Day and in each heart will be that loving response

that we all know well when our flag floats high. Here is a flag story: Once upon a time a mother, who was on board a steamer bound for foreign shores, said to her boy: "Go down into the cabin and go to sleep; we are going to have a stormy night and I will feel safer if you are tucked snugly in bed." The boy went off and later his mother found him in his room, but wide awake and wrapped up in the American Flag; she asked him what had made him wrap himself in the flag? The boy replied: "You said we were going to have a storm, and I knew if we had a storm we might go to the bottom, and if we went to the bottom I wanted God to know where I came from." This little story is old, but to me it is sweet because it makes me hope that we all may be worthy to wear God's colors.

My dear Daughters, you have conferred upon me a great honor and I feel, deeply, the great responsibility, but I am sure that with the wise counsel and loyal co-operation you will give me we can, united, meet the obligations that are ours.

I want to know you—I want to know you well, I want your interests to be my

interests, and if I am spared to do so I want to go into each one of our great States and know well the women of that State, and, from this broadening of my knowledge, this strengthening that must come, of the ties of fellowship, make myself better able to administer the affairs of our great Society, make myself more worthy to fill the high office you have given me.

We have parted for a period of recreation. I hope that it may be a real recreation, a renewed sense of responsibility to

our beloved organization, and an increase of the splendid devotion which has in the past enabled you to achieve great good. I would urge a distinct effort on the part of each member toward harmony and cooperation. Dear women, there is nothing too big for us to achieve if we can only unite in our common interest and with a common effort.

—DAISY ALLEN STORY,
(Mrs. William Cumming Story.)
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Story of the Flag

(Mrs. John Ross) Mrs. Ellenore Dutcher Key

The star spangled banner, emblem of a united and liberty loving people, reflects in design and colors the history of our United States. The stars on the blue field symbolize that "In God Is Our Trust." The red stripes are tokens of defiance to the nation's enemies and with the white ones represent the thirteen colonies that by united effort gave the world a new nation. Beautiful to the eye as is this trinity of red, white and blue, there is also significance, for in the language of color the red denotes courage and defiance, the white purity and peace, the blue vigilance, perseverance and justice.

of the times are considered it seems reasonable to believe that it was evolved



RATTLESNAKE FLAG OF THE REVOLUTION

History is silent as to the origin of our flag, but when all the circumstances



COLONIST'S FLAG, 1775

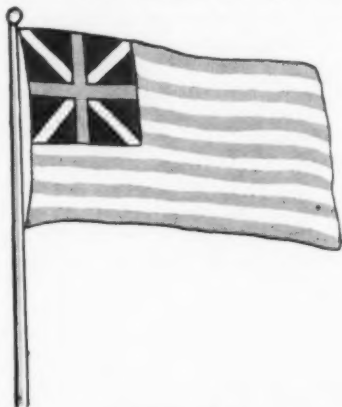
from England's red standard when a union of the colonies was made necessary by events of the period which kindled the desire for freedom in the hearts and minds of an oppressed people.

The emblem of England, a red cross on a white field was brought to our shores by the early English explorers and the Mayflower pilgrims.

The Dutch colony on Manhattan Island was established under the Dutch East India colors, which were three horizontal stripes of orange, white and blue. In 1650 the orange was changed to red and the striped red white and blue flag

of the Dutch was the emblem of New Amsterdam until 1664 when the English took possession and changed the name New Amsterdam to New York. England's flag was the banner of the colonies until 1765. At this period symptoms of revolt against England became apparent and the colonists had begun to give expression to their desire for freedom by the erection of liberty poles and on occasion flags of various colors and designs were displayed. Mottoes were inscribed upon the king's colors such as "The Union of the Colonies and the Measures of the Congress" and "George III and the Liberties of America," revealing the trend of public opinion. Time increased the differences between the mother country and the colonies until a rattlesnake became a popular design for colonial banners and flags to which were added the words of warning, "Don't Tread on Me." Colonel Gadsen, a member of the Marine Committee, presented to Congress a yellow flag of this design.

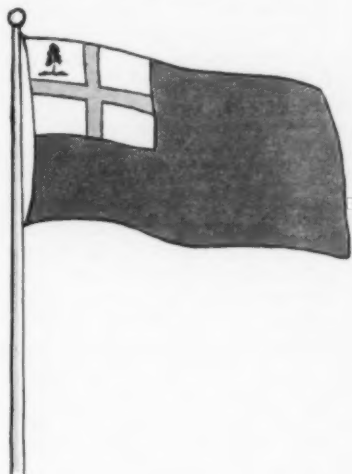
The newspapers of the colonies ran at the head of their columns a sketch of a rattlesnake cut in two parts with the motto, "Join or Die." Mutual protection for defense became the spirit of the



GAMBRIDGE FLAG
Displayed January 2, 1776

hour and the colonists signified defiance and union by the design of the rattlesnake with thirteen rattles. Another colonial design was thirteen mailed hands grasping an endless chain of thirteen links and yet another thirteen arrows in the talons of an eagle.

A flag carried at the battle of Bunker Hill had a blue field quartered by the red cross of St. George, in one section of which was a pine tree. Tradition says that a flag bearing the words, "Come if You Dare" was also displayed by the Continentals during the battle.



BUNKER HILL FLAG, 1775

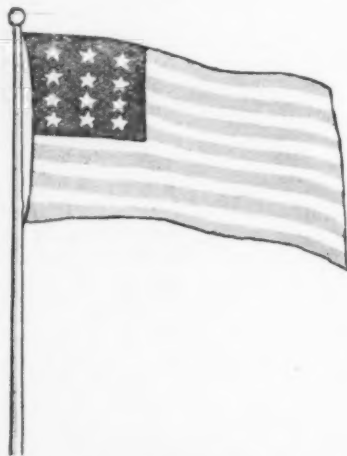
A standard presented to the Philadelphia Troop of Light Horse in 1775 was made of yellow silk and is interesting as being the earliest record of the design showing thirteen stripes which were of blue and silver. The motto was "For These We Strive."

Washington's Life Guard, numbering one hundred and eighty men, wore uniforms of blue with white facings or trimmings and the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution adopted these colors and perpetuate them in patriotic work to-day. The design of the flag of this troop is a Guard holding a horse by the reins and receiving a flag from the Goddess of Liberty. At the feet of the Goddess is a shield showing thirteen stripes and a field of stars. An eagle stands near the shield.

Public unrest had continued and grown until a national flag was deemed necessary and a committee was appointed to consider the matter. The members of this committee were Benjamin Franklin, Benjamin Harrison and Thomas Lynch, Jr. As a result of their confer-

ence a striped flag was flung to the breeze at Cambridge, Mass., January 2, 1776. This new banner was merely the British Union Jack showing white stripes on the red field, the thirteen stripes alternate red and white indicating the union of the American colonies. The crosses of St. George and St. Andrew, the emblem of English sovereignty, remained unchanged in the upper corner next the staff, for at this period the colonists had not entertained the idea of absolute severance from England.

Many of the colonial flags bore the words, "We Appeal to Heaven," but mottoes or inscriptions were unsatisfactory and difficult to read, therefore a design typical of the faith of the people was made necessary. Thus it was only natural that when the time arrived for throwing off the yoke of British authority and removing England's emblem from the flag that a blue field with white stars should form a part of the design of the banner of the new nation brought into existence when the appeals of the people for justice had been ignored by an earthly king.

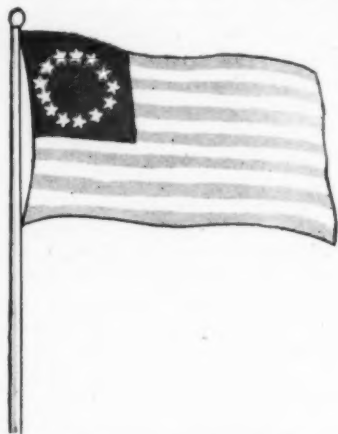


PAUL JONES FLAG
The First United States Flag Carried to Sea

The Declaration of Independence was almost a year old when the American Congress met on the 14th day of June, 1777, and "Resolved, That the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes alternate red and white, that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue

field, representing a new constellation."

The first military occasion on which the flag of stars and stripes was displayed was at Fort Stanwix, New York, August 2, 1777. It was made of white shirts and pieces of red cloth with a blue union



FIRST FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES
June 14, 1777

cut from a cloak belonging to Colonel Abraham Swartwout of Dutchess County, New York. It is gratifying to know that the Colonel marched forth under this hastily improvised banner and captured five of the enemies colors.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ross of Philadelphia was the first flag maker for the new government.

A short time prior to the act of Congress which decided the colors and design of our national banner a little band of patriotic women met in the Swedes Church of Philadelphia. There under the direction and supervision of Commodore John Barry and John Brown, Secretary of the United States Marine, they planned and made a flag of thirteen stripes alternate red and white. The blue field shows but twelve stars as Georgia had not yet entered the union. This flag was presented to Captain John Paul Jones by the Misses Mary and Sarah Austin who had helped to make it. It was destined to be the first star spangled banner carried to sea and thus received the first salute ever fired by a foreign naval power on Saturday, February 14, 1778, when Captain John Paul Jones arrived at Queberon Bay, where

Admiral La Motte Fiquet was in command of the French fleet, demanded and received a salute of nine guns.

Our starry flag floating over Fort McHenry during the battle of North Point, September 14, 1814, when the British were successfully routed, inspired and gave birth to our national anthem, the Star Spangled Banner. The author, Francis Scott Key, was the only son of John Ross Key, an officer in the war of the Revolution, who raised the first company that left Maryland to go to the aid of the colonists of New England.

Father Time has wrought changes in the design or colors of most of the banners of the world since the Stars and Stripes became our national emblem. Today our flag is older than those of Great Britain, Spain, France, Portugal, Germany, Italy, Sweden, Norway, China, Japan, or any of the South American countries.

The Star Spangled Banner, may it ever prove the harbinger of law and liberty, peace and prosperity, education and enlightenment to the people of the United States. Long may it wave.

A Letter from the Chairman of the National Magazine Committee

36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

DEAR FELLOW MEMBERS:

As Chairman of the Magazine Committee I want to ask each and every member of our Society to join with me in making the magazine a success in the matter of its being of value to our subscribers because of its accurate and interesting data as well as an asset financially to our National Society.

You can make it of value by contributing material that will be helpful information to the Chapters and individual members, and in this way the subscription list will steadily increase. As the subscriptions increase the magazine will be enabled to grow, both in size and financially. If each present subscriber will secure at least one new subscription between now and the July number, which comes out under its new name, the "National Society Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine," it will usher in a new era, the result of which will be far-reaching. Will you not do this? There is no reason why the magazine, which is the official organ of our great Society, should not stand at the head of the list in the way of American historical data and patriotic uplift, and with your help and co-operation, not only in the way of your own individual interest and subscription, but in your personal effort to secure other subscriptions, such an end can be attained. Will you not do your part toward this accomplishment?

All subscriptions should be sent to the R. R. Bowker Company, 141 East 25th Street, New York City, they having taken over Mr. F. W. Wilson's unexpired contract.

Chapter reports have been increased from three hundred to five hundred words, and no Chapter report must exceed this number.

No Chapter must send more than one report each year to the Magazine. And do not send the same report your Chapter sends to the Smithsonian Institute or to the Congress Proceedings, and please confine the information embodied in the reports to matters that will be valuable and interesting to the National Society as a whole.

With the sincere and earnest request for your co-operation.

Faithfully yours,

FLORENCE G. FINCH.



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THE OLD JUMEL MANSION WHICH ONCE WAS WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS, AT
AMSTERDAM AVENUE AND 160th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Spring Lawn Party at Jumel Mansion

The Washington Headquarters Association, New York, founded by Daughters of the American Revolution, was formed by members of the Manhattan, Knickerbocker, Mary Washington, Colonial and Washington Heights Chapters of New York City, which Association is the custodian of the Jumel Mansion, located at 160th street, near Amsterdam avenue. These Chapters some ten years ago petitioned the municipal authorities of New York City to make an appropriation sufficient to purchase and maintain the House and grounds, and thereafter to place them under the care of the Daughters of the American Revolution, represented by a governing committee

from the above named Chapters, which petition was granted.

The Jumel Mansion, or Washington's Headquarters, is one of the few remaining buildings in the Borough of Manhattan in New York City which has associated with it the names of many heroes, among whom were George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, Aaron Burr, Nathan Hale and Marquis de Lafayette. Indeed there are but two other buildings still standing in New York which were intimately connected with the life of Washington—Fraunces' Tavern on Broad street and St. Paul's Church.

Erected in the latter part of the Colonial period, it still remains a conspic-

tuous monument to the taste and ambitious aspirations of those who lived at the time of our Republic's infancy. It faces south, while its eastern portico and balcony overlook the Harlem river and the Sound, commanding also a view of Harlem plains to their southerly limit. As a point of observation it is almost unexcelled, and as a consequence it was used as headquarters during the Revolutionary war, first by General Washington and afterwards by the British commanders. In 1810 the Harlem mansion was purchased by Monsieur Jumel, and from that time was known as the "Jumel Mansion." Monsieur Jumel, his wife and adopted niece, lived in a splendor which evoked much remark and their home became a place where people of note were frequently entertained.

After the death of Monsieur Jumel, his widow married Colonel Aaron Burr, who, fifty-seven years before, had lived in the same mansion as the aide and secretary of General Washington. An estrangement between the two soon took place, Col. Burr went to Port Richmond and Mrs. Burr spent the last years of her life quietly at the Jumel mansion, where she died in 1865. The house is kept as an historical museum for interesting relics of Colonial and Revolutionary days.

On Tuesday afternoon, May 20th, the annual garden party and loan exhibition of relics was held on the premises under the auspices of the Department of Parks, New York City, Mr. Charles Stover, Commissioner, and the Washington Headquarters Association.



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DIRECTORS OF WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS ASSOCIATION

First Row, left to right:—Mrs. H. Crowell Tuttle, Mrs. William R. Stewart, Mrs. William Cummins Story, Pres.-Gen. N. S. D. A. R., Mrs. Stanley L. Otis

Second Row, left to right:—Mrs. C. A. J. Queck-Berner, Miss Florence G. Finch, Mrs. George C. Stoddard, Mrs. Simon Baruch

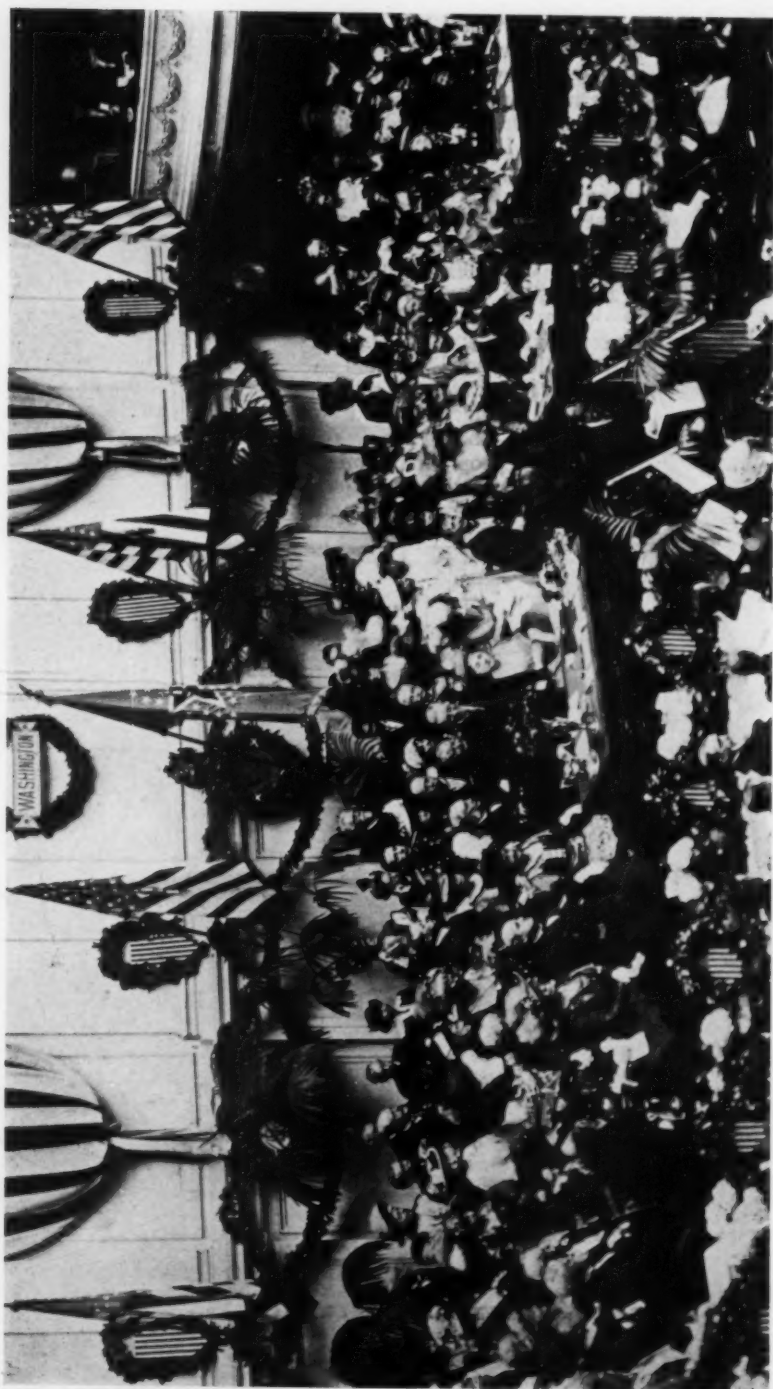


Photo by E. L. GRANDALL, Washington, D. C.

PRESIDENT WILSON DELIVERING ADDRESS OF WELCOME.
Formal Opening of the Twenty-second Continental Congress, Monday Afternoon, April 14, 1913

The Children's Bureau

Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Assistant Historian General

You will remember that the Daughters contributed largely to the passage of the law which created the Children's Federal Bureau.

Right here is the place to answer a question recently propounded: "Do letters to Senators and Congressmen in behalf of legislation count? Are they not all thrown at once into the waste-paper basket?" To this the answer is unhesitating—they most certainly do count. By numbers alone they count, and I can assure you they are read, as the replies from Senators and Congressmen testify. The Children's Bureau came in answer to hundreds and thousands of letters, and Dr. Wiley stated publicly in Columbus, Ohio, that the Pure Food Law was enacted in response to the demand, by letter, of the physicians and the women of the United States.

So I say to you, do not believe that your letters in behalf of legislation do not carry weight, for they do.

President Taft has honored a woman, Miss Julia C. Lathrop, by appointing her chief of the newly created Federal Children's Bureau. It was eminently fitting to give to a woman the work of a department devoted to the welfare of little children. Of this appointment the *Survey* makes the following comment. "The appointment of Julia C. Lathrop, by President Taft, to be chief of the recently created Children's Bureau, is a signal recognition of rarely efficient service in official and volunteer undertakings for social service. She has been an associate of Jane Addams at Hull House; county visitor of Cook County, Ill.; twelve years a member of the Illinois State Board of Charities. She has been most active in securing juvenile courts established, is president of the Illinois Society for Mental Hygiene, and vice-president of the Chicago School of Civics and Philanthropy. She is ideally qualified for the position."

Under this splendid woman this new Children's Bureau has issued its first public document, a monograph on Birth Registration.

The law creating the Bureau states that it shall investigate and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and shall especially

investigate the questions of infant mortality, birth rate, orphanage, juvenile courts, desertion, dangerous occupations, accidents and diseases of children, employment and legislation affecting children in the several States and Territories.

Now, in the very beginning of its labors, the Bureau meets with an important obstacle. It cannot investigate all the various matters pertaining to child life for the good and sufficient reason that it does not know how many children are born in the United States. Up to the present time the several States of our mighty Union have not recognized the fundamental importance of registering the births of all children born in each State. A number of States have made attempts at registration by laws but they are incomplete and not adequately enforced. Pennsylvania is the only State which has complete and adequate birth registration.

With a knowledge of these facts and after correspondence with Miss Lathrop on the subject a circular letter was written to the members of the committee asking them to take steps towards the introduction into their several legislatures of bills making birth registration compulsory in all the States.

As has been stated at the writing of the circular Pennsylvania was the only State with adequate birth registration. Ohio now has such a law and it only remains to enforce it.

The replies received on the birth registration circular indicated two things: First, that the request came too late in the season to be acted upon this year; and, second, that a number of States were loathe to believe that their laws were incomplete. The statements made in the circular were made upon the positive assertions of Miss Lathrop's monograph on the subject. It is inconceivable that this new bureau would put itself on record in statements in error. In fact it makes the following statement:

"The Children's Bureau must of necessity keep itself informed as to the condition of the registration laws in the different States and the progress that is being made towards the securing of complete registration, not only because it

needs the results of registration in its own work, but because the law establishing the Bureau specified among its special duties that it shall investigate and report upon the legislation affecting children in the several States.

The late Dr. Frank W. Reilly has epitomized some of the uses of birth registration as follows:

"There is hardly a relation in life from the cradle to the grave in which such a record may not prove to be of the greatest value. For example, in the matter of descent; in the relations of guardians and wards; in the disabilities of minors; in the administrations of estates; the settlement of insurance and pensions; the requirements of foreign countries in matters of residence, marriage and legacies; in marriage in our own country; in voting and in jury and militia service; in the right to admission and practice in the professions and many public offices; in the enforcement of laws relating to education

and to child labor, as well as to various matters in the Criminal Code, the irresponsibility of children under ten for crime or misdemeanors, the determination of the age of consent, etc. As the country becomes more densely settled and the struggle for existence sharper, many of these matters, which have hitherto been of minor significance, will take on a deeper meaning and acquire greater importance."

So while the circular has not achieved its purpose wholly, it has accomplished good nevertheless. It has given this most important subject pre-eminence and has paved the way for action next year.

As a society, founded upon lineage, we have a keen appreciation of the value of such records. But we have in addition a broader view. We realize that birth registration is fundamental, that not alone is it the basis of all welfare work for children, but that it forms the very foundation of society.

Welfare work for women and children has enormous possibilities. It concerns itself not alone with the dependent and delinquent classes, but touches the life of women and children in all classes.

It may properly take an interest in and endeavor to improve their legal status, their health conditions, their educational advantages, their home life, their spiritual welfare, and even their final resting places.

We may take the child in his swaddling clothes from the cradle; we may teach his tiny tottering feet to walk and lead him along the paths of life until he can safely walk alone; but the woman, our sister, we must clasp to our hearts in deep affection; we must believe her to be, as she is, a part of ourselves. With her we must march in the van of progress, heeding not the obstructions along the way, but smoothing it wherever possible. With hearts attuned to a lofty purpose and a prayer upon our lips, let us strive for the realization of the ideal both here and hereafter.



MISS JULIA C. LATHROP, Chief of the Children's Bureau

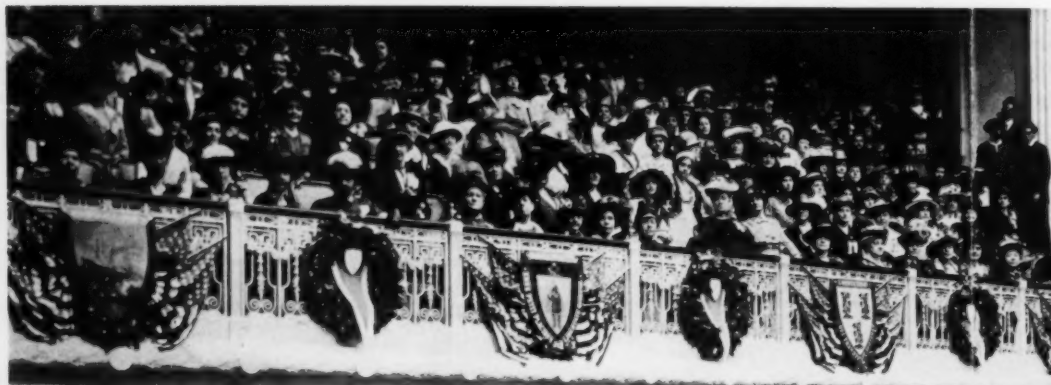
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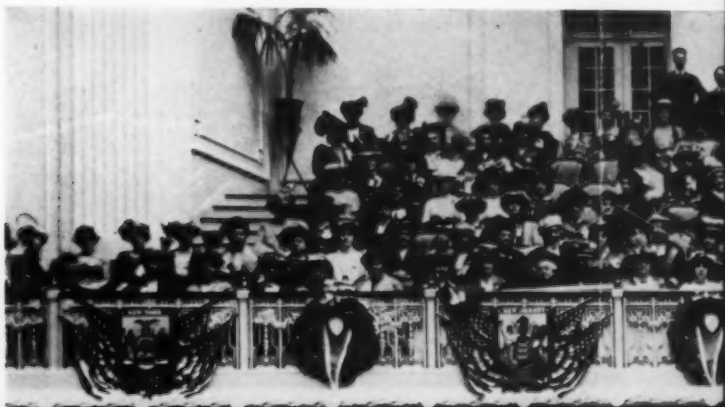
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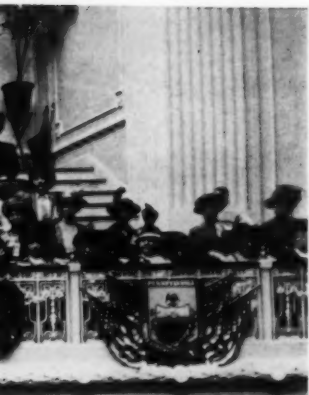
Photographs by Crandall, Washington, D. C.



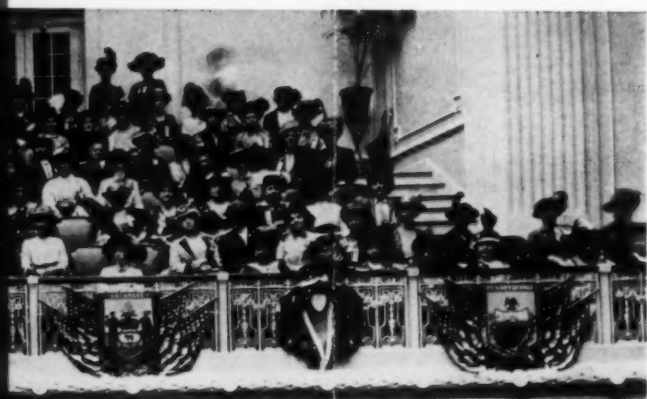
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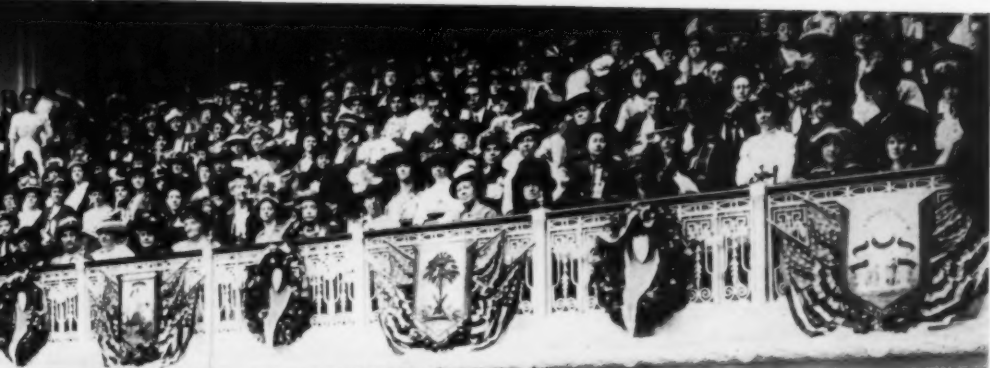
CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL, WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 14, 1913

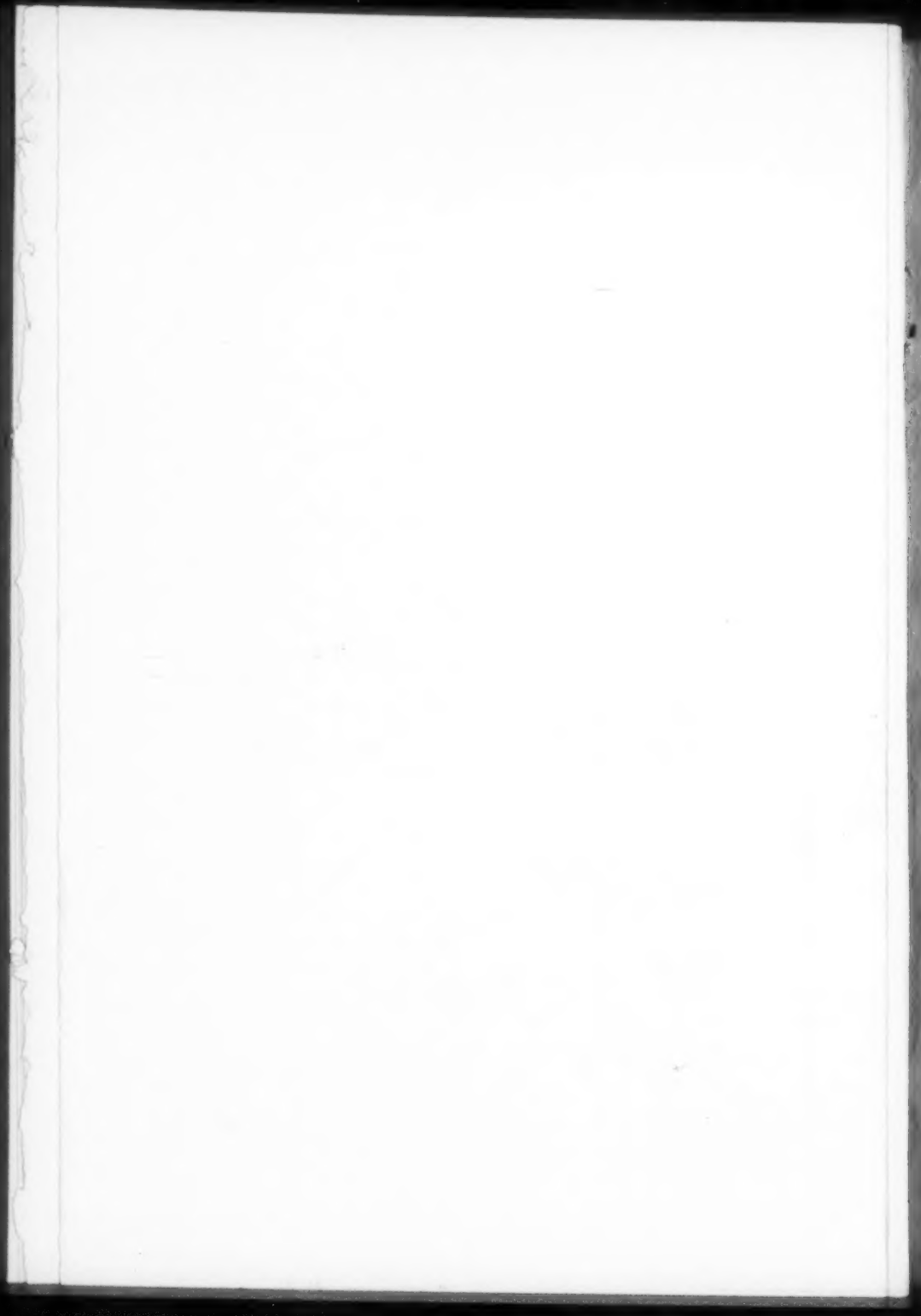


THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION



THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
APRIL 14, 1913





Women of Revolutionary Times in New England

Mrs. Camille Benson Bird

It has always been the privilege of New England women to take a leading part in affairs. Tradition has it that the first of the Pilgrims to set foot on Plymouth Rock was a young girl. Modern historians tell us that this is only a myth and cannot possibly be true; but the fact that the tale has been persistently cherished for almost three centuries proves that it is at least potentially true, and that the New Englanders have, from the very first, known how to put the best foot foremost.

At the outbreak of hostilities with the Mother Country, the most enthusiastic rebels were to be found among the women. Before the men had drafted laws in accordance with the non-importation agreements, their wives were forming clubs pledged not to drink British tea, nor wear British finery. Whenever a patriot by his zeal made himself especially obnoxious to the British, his family were exposed to their vengeance no less than himself. Yet we seldom find a complaint in the letters and recorded utterances of the women. On the contrary, they express the greatest patriotism, and in nearly all cases declare their willingness to work, suffer, and deny themselves that their husbands may be freed from home cares and able to devote themselves to the cause of liberty. Toward the close of the war, one of Lord Cornwallis' officers is said to have exclaimed, "We may destroy all of the men in America and we shall still have all we can do to defeat the women."

The lot of women and children during the period of the Revolution, is nowhere so fully described as in the letters written by Abigail, wife of John Adams. These letters are classics in their way, vivid, entertaining, witty, enlivened by anecdotes of public, as well as domestic, interest, and characterized by the noblest patriotism.

In 1774, when John Adams went to attend the General Congress at Philadelphia, leaving the management of farm and family in the hands of his capable young wife, he little thought the separation would extend over the greater part of ten years. Their home stood in Braintree, at the foot of Penn's Hill, from the top of which, Mrs. Adams saw the flaming ruin of Charlestown and heard the roar of the cannon at Bunker Hill. A year later she witnessed the storming of Dorchester Heights, and a few days afterward watched the British fleet of 170 ships sail out of Boston Harbor on Evacuation Day. During the long months when the war was being waged almost at her very door, she was in continual danger from foraging parties from the British lines, especially as her husband was earning the distinction of "the most arrant and determined rebel in Congress."

Justly anxious as to the safety of his family, John Adams wrote, cautioning his wife not to be alarmed by "fears and imaginary evils," but in case of real danger to "fly to the woods with our children." Mrs. Adams always replies with perfect cheerfulness and courage, saying in one letter: "I have been distressed but not dismayed." Her house was an asylum where there was always a welcome, with food, drink and shelter, for the tired soldiers of the patriot army, whose lines were drawing closer and closer around Boston. She shared with them gladly, though forced to live most frugally herself. She and her four children were once four months without flour,—again she wrote, "We shall very soon have no coffee, nor sugar, nor pepper," and in another letter, "Not a pin to be purchased for love nor money."

Through all these trying days Mrs. Adams' practical ability never deserted

her. Gen. James Warren wrote to John Adams that he had called on Mrs. Adams and never saw the farm looking better, adding "Mrs. Adams is likely to outshine all the farmers." No one appreciated her intelligence and courage more highly than her husband, and doubtless the patriotism with which he served his country was largely sustained by those encouraging and inspiring messages from home.

One of Mrs. Adams' friends was the famous Boston belle, Dorothy Quincy, who became the wife of John Hancock. During the British occupation of Boston, many families took refuge in the surrounding towns. Mistress Dorothy was sheltered first at the parsonage in Lexington where she saw the fight of April 19th, and helped to care for two of the wounded men. Later she became the guest of the Burr family in Fairfield, Conn., and there she finally married her patient lover,—John Hancock leaving his duties as President of the Continental Congress long enough to come from Philadelphia to fetch his bride. For the two years that they lived in Philadelphia, and the later years in the fine old Hancock mansion in Boston, Mrs. Hancock proved herself a real helpmate in sustaining the dignity of her husband's position, and his reputation for benevolence and hospitality.

One day in 1778, during the visit of the French fleet to Boston, John Hancock invited the Count d'Estaing and thirty of his officers to breakfast with him next day. The Count interpreted the invitation to include all his officers and midshipmen, and next morning disembarked with one hundred and fifty in his train. As the throng of Frenchmen came strolling across the Common, Mistress Dorothy realized the mistake. She sent servants hurrying hither and thither, some to borrow from the neighbors, others to strip garden and orchard of their fruit, others to request permission from the guard to milk all the cows pasturing on the Common. Despite these strenuous preparations, it is recorded that the hostess received her guests with unruffled composure and perfect cordiality, and with her own hands served

to one appreciative officer seventeen cups of tea.

The proper exercise of hospitality was considered a matter of great moment in those days, and in this instance amounted to almost a diplomatic function. At any rate, any dereliction would have been a serious affront to a nation whose friendly attitude meant everything to our cause at a critical time, so Mistress Dorothy must be credited with a real service to her country.

Another young woman prominent in the aristocratic circles of Boston was Lucy Flucker, daughter of Thomas Flucker, Secretary of the Royal Province of Massachusetts. Her family cut off all connection with her when she persisted in marrying Henry Knox, the bookseller, who was not only "in trade" but also prominent among the rebellious "demagogues and agitators." The Flucker family sailed for England almost as soon as the first gun was fired, but Lucy cast in her lot with her husband, by this time a Major, and became a most ardent patriot. After the Concord fight, General Gage refused to allow the people of Boston to leave the city for fear they might carry aid to the patriot army. Major Knox escaped to Cambridge, where his wife managed to join him, bringing his sword concealed in the lining of her cloak.

General Washington appointed Knox on his staff, and later he was made a brigadier-general, and served with Washington throughout the war. Mrs. Knox followed her husband in every campaign, locating as near the army as she could conveniently get. She was one of the circle of ladies who gathered around Mrs. Washington during the bitter winter at Valley Forge, spending their days in sewing and knitting for the half-clad soldiers, visiting the sick and relieving the suffering. Mrs. Knox, who was wealthy in her own right, provided from her own purse many delicacies for the hospital. Always fun-loving and good-natured, her presence in camp had an excellent effect, encouraging the soldiers to endure without complaint privations which she cheerfully shared.

Her house was the centre of much of the social life of the camp, and she was a great favorite of the Washingtons. After the close of the Revolution, General Knox became Secretary of War, and his wife's position in society was next to that of Lady Washington, whom she advised and assisted in matters of ceremony.

Another New England girl who became a soldier's wife was Catherine Littlefield, who married Nathaniel Greene. He was the owner of a forge at Coventry, R. I., and near it built a fine new house for his bride. During the year following their marriage the war broke out, after which Greene had little time for his forge, or other business interests, and it was left to his young wife to conduct his personal affairs. In command of the Rhode Island troops, Greene joined the army at Cambridge where he soon attracted the attention of Washington, and a warm friendship sprang up between them. Not long afterward, Greene was made a brigadier, and later major-general.

During the winter of '75-'76 Mrs. Greene visited her husband in camp at Cambridge, but when the smallpox broke out among the soldiers she returned home and threw open her house to be used as a hospital. The winter of '76-'77 General Greene spent at Valley Forge, and sent for his wife to join him, though a log cabin was the best accommodation he could secure. Mrs. Greene was associated with Mrs. Washington, Mrs. Knox and others in the varied activities of camp life, and took a prominent part in the benevolent work for the sick and destitute soldiers. The next year she remained at home, but during the winter of '78-'79 was with the army for a few months, and again after the close of the campaign of 1781 she joined her husband in the South and remained with him until the end of the war.

Opportunities such as came to the wives of distinguished men like these I have mentioned fell to the lot of very few New England women. To most of them, especially in the more remote districts, war was a spectre grim and stern, summoning from the homes the best and bravest and imposing a double

burden on those that remained. As couriers rode through the country spreading from village to farm the news, "The Regulars are out," on that momentous nineteenth of April, '75, the minutemen dropped spade and hoe, left the plough in the furrow, sometimes without even unyoking the oxen, seized their muskets and repaired, literally at a minute's notice, to aid the "embattled farmers" at Concord, or join the camp of the Provincials at Cambridge. It was necessary for the women to take up the work the men had dropped, to finish the planting, tend the crops and carry on the farms.

The women of Groton and Pepperell, believing that in case the British were not checked at Concord, they would proceed to other towns in search of military stores, armed themselves with guns and pitchforks, chose Mrs. David Wright as their leader, and posted themselves at Jewetts' Bridge, which spans the Nashua River. No British appeared—but along came riding Capt. Leonard Whiting, a noted Tory, bearing dispatches from Canada to the English commander at Boston. They forced him to dismount, searched him, seized his papers and turned their prisoner over to the "Committee of Observation" at Groton.

A patriotic woman of Dedham, Mary, wife of Capt. Draper, buckled on the knapsacks of her husband and son and bade them Godspeed as they left to join the army. Then returning to the house with her daughter, she spent the whole night baking bread, and next day spread a long bench by the roadside with bread, cheese and cider with which she fed many hungry soldiers as they flocked past on their way to camp. Later she melted all her valuable stock of pewter and molded it into bullets, inducing many of her neighbors to do the same.

During the summer, while the siege of Boston was in progress, the Provincial Congress of Massachusetts made a demand for thirteen thousand coats for the use of the patriot army, to be ready before cold weather. This requisition was apportioned among the various towns in the same ratio as the last Provincial tax. Remember that

British trade laws had prevented the establishment of factories in the colonies; so this burden fell largely on the women, already handicapped by extra duties in the absence of the menfolks, but they rose valiantly to the occasion. Rolls of wool prepared for family use were brought out, carded, spun and woven under the same roof. The coats were made according to the specifications "in the common plain way," and buttoned with pewter buttons stamped with the number of the regiment. Each man volunteering for eight months' service was entitled to receive one of these "bounty coats" and it was regarded as quite a possession.

In 1776, Massachusetts issued a call for four thousand blankets, and next year for five thousand, to be apportioned among the towns in the same way. Later, stockings and shirts were requisitioned; so it is evident that wheels, looms and needles were never idle, and if the men did the fighting it was in a large measure the women who furnished the sinews of war.

After the evacuation of Boston by Gen. Howe in 1776, the seat of war shifted west and south from England. Accordingly, during the remaining seven years of conflict, our women lacked the opportunities of their sisters in other colonies to serve the cause by heroic exploits and deeds of daring. Theirs was the part of weary waiting, cruel anxiety, self-denial and unremitting toil. One notable exception there was, and because her experience was so unusual I have saved for the last the story of Deborah Sampson.

She was born in Plymouth County, Mass., about 1760. Her parents were poor, and the father a man of bad habits, so the children were placed by order of the authorities in good families of the neighborhood. Deborah was "bound out" in a farmer's family, where she rendered service in return for food, clothing and kindly treatment until she came of age at eighteen. After this she spent some further time in service to obtain the means for schooling, and later taught school. With her earnings she bought fustian cloth and fashioned herself a suit of men's clothes, hiding the garments in the haystack until all were ready. Then,

without letting any one into the secret, she donned her male attire and disappeared from home. Under the name of Robert Shurtleff she enlisted in '78 at Worcester, and was sent with other recruits to West Point where she was assigned to Capt. Webb's Company of the 4th Massachusetts Regiment. The duties of a common soldier she discharged with fidelity and cheerfulness for three years, gaining the approbation and confidence of her officers. She was twice wounded, but on both occasions dressed the wounds herself, made light of her injuries and refused to go to a hospital, being afraid of the discovery of her sex. At Yorktown she served with a battery which was in active operation, but came out unhurt. Later she was detailed as the personal attendant of Gen. Patterson. About this time she fell sick with brain fever, and had to be taken to a hospital. There her sex was found out, but the doctor made no mention of his discovery until she was well, when he communicated the fact to Gen. Patterson. The latter treated the young soldier with great consideration and sent her with a letter to Gen. Washington, explaining the reason for her discharge. Almost overcome with embarrassment she was tempted to desert and not deliver the letter, but habits of discipline prevailed and she proceeded to headquarters. Washington said not a word of her peculiar circumstances, but gave her an honorable discharge from the army, a letter of advice and money enough to take her back to Massachusetts. After the close of the war she married Robt. Gannett of Sharon. During Washington's administration she received from Congress a pension and a grant of land, and from the Massachusetts Legislature a sum of money. According to an entry in the records of the General Court this money was granted in consideration of the fact "that the said Deborah exhibited an extraordinary instance of female heroism by discharging the duties of a faithful, gallant soldier, and at the same time preserved the virtue and chastity of her sex unsuspected and unblemished, and was discharged from the service with a fair and honorable character."

State Conferences

Colorado

On the 5th and 6th of March, 1913, in the city of Denver, occurred the tenth annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Colorado.

An excellent program covering two days was carried out almost to the letter, with promptness, dispatch and great success owing to the fine organization of all officers and committees and the splendid executive ability of the State Regent, Mrs. Freeman C. Rogers, of Pueblo, who presided.

Much credit is due the entertaining chapters of Denver for their most gracious and open-hearted hospitality.

An address of welcome was delivered by Mrs. Dewey C. Dailey, president of the Woman's Club of Denver. This was responded to by Mrs. Frank McClintock of Grand Junction, State Vice Regent.

The first afternoon was devoted to the giving of reports. Important among the committees on State work in Colorado are those on Conservation, Conservation of the Home, Patriotic Education, Preservation of Historic Spots and Children of the Republic.

At the close of the first session an appreciation of Sarah Platte Decker, by Mrs. Isabella Churchill, was read by Mrs. Frank Wheaton.

The evening of the first day was devoted to a theatre party. The visiting Daughters were the guests of the three Denver chapters and about 200 Daughters saw David Warfield in "The Return of Peter Grimm."

The morning of the second day's session was devoted to reports of the State officers, and of the Chapter Regents. It was evident that much work and effective work was being done. The State Regent, Mrs. Rogers, reported 17 Chapters and 1,000 members for Colorado. As the State is one of "magnificent distances" and an ever-changing population, this is a very good showing.

The reports of the local Chapters covered a large and varied field of endeavor. Following is a brief mention of a part of them. 1. Education for

home-making, crafts, etc. 2. Americanizing a foreign-born population, composing nine-tenths of the whole. a. Through creating sentiment; b. Giving prizes for American history essays; c. Conducting debates; d. Prizes for designs of book-plates, among high school pupils; e. Showing of patriotic moving-picture films; f. Patriotic programs; g. Giving of flags to school children; h. Entertainments at settlement houses; i. Folk dances and games taught. 3. Social science clubs. 4. Agitation for safe and sane Fourth, advocated first by a Denver Chapter. 5. Placing of drinking fountains. 6. Arbor day plantings in cemeteries. 7. Marking of Sante Fe trail. 8. Serving of penny luncheons to school children. 9. Presentation of flags to schools and colleges. 10. Paying teachers in the South. 11. Prizes to high school students for highest grades in history. 12. Marking of historic spots. 13. Eugenics. 14. Boy Scouts.

During the same session a banner was presented to the conference by Mrs. Frank Wheaton, to be awarded the chapter each year gaining the most new members.

At noon a very delightful luncheon was served to about 350, the visiting Daughters being the guests. During the afternoon the song, "Colorado," was sung by Miss Alice Chase, the composer, Mrs. W. W. Price of Colorado Springs, accompanying on the piano.

The election of officers then took place, as follows:

Mrs. W. S. Tarbell, Regent; Mrs. W. H. Clatworthy, Vice-Regent; Miss McClintock, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Rucker, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Freeman L. Robbins, Treasurer; Mrs. Walter N. Leslie, Historian; Mrs. Franklin Carpenter, Consulting Registrar; Mrs. Charles R. Rapp, Auditor; Mrs. E. L. Osborn, Chaplain.

Under new business there was the roll call of Chapters, for contributions to the debt on Memorial Continental Hall and a request for the Chapters to aid in build-

ing a Woman's Building at the State University in memory of Mrs. Platte Decker.

That history is in the making in Colorado was demonstrated by the introduction on the platform of Mrs. William Foote, who was the first white child born at Trinidad, Colo.

The retiring State Regent has proven a most capable and efficient officer. Un-

der her leadership the work of the organization throughout the State has received fair and large-minded attention. In harmony, inspiration and the genuine hospitality of the hostesses, the tenth conference will long be remembered by its members.

MRS. WALTER LAWSON WILDER,
Press Committee.

Kansas

The fifteenth annual State conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Kansas was held in Chanute, March 26 and 27, at the invitation of the Christiana Musser Chapter. The guests met a royal welcome which grew in cordiality as the Daughters became acquainted with the hostess Chapter and the citizens of the handsome little city which is famed for its miles and miles of paved streets, as well as for its truly hospitable people. The State officers present were: Mrs. George T. Guernsey, Independence, regent; Mrs. Clarence Hall, Lawrence, vice-regent; Mrs. Milo D. McKee, Newton, secretary; Mrs. George S. Linscott, Holton, registrar, and Mrs. T. A. Cordry, Parsons, historian. The treasurer, Mrs. Chester Van Doren, whose home is in Chanute, was absent in body only. She was just recovering from an operation in the hospital there, and was able to see many of her friends who missed her sweet face from the meetings. The regent of the hostess Chapter was also absent on account of the death of her brother, and her place was taken by the vice-regent, Mrs. N. E. Wood.

After a meeting of the State Board of Management, the first business session was held in the assembly hall of the library building. The greeting from the hostess Chapter was given by Mrs. N. E. Wood, and the response by Mrs. Milo D. McKee. Then followed the report of the State regent, Mrs. Guernsey. The time of the conference being changed from October to March made only a short time to account for, but everything shows the Kansas Daughters are up and doing. There are 1,016 Chapter members, 64 new ones since November 1st. There have been several deaths in the ranks since the last meeting, the most

notable one being that of Miss Kadijah Grant, organizing regent of the Uvedale Chapter in Hutchinson. Word was also received of the death of Mrs. Martha A. Hand, the first State regent of Kansas D. A. R., who organized the first four Chapters. She had lately transferred to a Chapter in Los Angeles, where she lived with a daughter. Mrs. Guernsey reported one new Chapter, the Salina Chapter; and one, the Tiblow Chapter, Bonner Springs, disbanded. She also made a plea for the Daughters to aid in every way they could in keeping the history of their home town and county. Mrs. Guernsey reported that she would take to the Continental Congress in April \$500.00 for the debt on Continental Hall, and there will be that much or more next year, from the Kansas Daughters. Twenty-five dollars was also donated for the Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial. The standing committees, which correspond to the committees of the National society, although appointed less than a year ago, all reported some good work done or started. The Chapter reports were very interesting and only one living in the West can truly appreciate the patriotic work done by the Kansas Daughters far from Revolutionary historic spots or graves. The chairman of the Patriotic Education Committee was nobly helped in placing the Flag Code in all of the schools of the State by the Chapter members. Twenty Chapters were represented in the reports by the Chapter regent or vice-regent, only two being sent in. The Molly Foster Berry Chapter, Fort Scott, again won the flag for the greatest increase of members since the last conference. The bill for the Ocean to Ocean highway was endorsed and the conference asked that the old Santa Fe Trail through Kansas, which the Daughters finished

marking in 1907, should be used as far as practicable.

Mrs. Guernsey was re-elected State regent; Mrs. Linscott, registrar, and Mrs. Cordry, historian. The other officers elected were: Mrs. Effie Van Tuyl, Leavenworth, vice-regent; Miss Agnes Thompson, Lawrence, recording secretary; Miss Kate Campbell, Ottawa, treasurer; Mrs. Mary Snedden, Wichita, auditor, and Mrs. N. C. Martin, Arkansas City, chaplain. The conference endorsed Mrs. Guernsey for Vice-President General, in 1914. They also endorsed the resolution to observe Mother's Day with a special service. The invitation of the General Edward Hand Chapter to meet in Ottawa next March was accepted.

The social part of the conference was truly delightful, beginning with a reception in Elks Hall the evening of the 26th, at which the citizens of the city welcomed their guests formally and heartily. A well-appointed luncheon was

served the guests Thursday noon, and the "Daughters only" banquet at night was an elaborate affair. Miss Ora Allen was a perfect toastmistress. Mrs. Guernsey in her toast on "Footlights," quoted the oft repeated "All the world's a stage and men and women merely players," and then gave a charming intimate family talk to the Daughters, that binds more closely the cords of their love for her. The other toasts were on "Side-lights," "Flash-lights," "Candle-light," "Head-lights," "High-lights," and lastly the "Fire-light," by a dear old lady in her four-score years, Mrs. W. H. White of Junction City, who in imagination called all around the fire in the old grate and talked of the pleasures just passed and of those in store for all in the future meetings of the Daughters. We closed with the joining of hands all singing "Auld Lang Syne," and in each heart was the prayer, "May we all meet next year."—MRS. T. A. CORDRY, *State Historian*.

New Hampshire

The eleventh annual conference of the New Hampshire Chapters was held in Concord, November 25 and 26, and was called to order by the State Regent, Mrs. Joseph H. Dearborn. The regent of Rumford Chapter of Concord welcomed the visitors, and spoke of the places of historic interest in our town; the home of Countess Rumford, the Walker house, built in 1734, and the McFarland house, under whose roof was formed the oldest society in the United States organized and officered by women. Mrs. William Cumming Story was our guest and presented to the State Regent a gavel made of one of the cypress trees which were given by "The Khedive of Egypt to Napoleon, and by him given to Monsieur Jumel, who planted them on the grounds adjoining Washington's headquarters in New York City. Mrs. Dunning, State Regent of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Morse, State Regent of Maine, were also our guests at this meeting. Brief reports from the various Chapters throughout the State were given by their delegates and many told of the marking of the graves of Revolutionary soldiers.

At Franklin, the graves of Daniel Webster's parents, were also marked.

Mrs. Abbott, Hon. State Regent, asked that the candidacy of Mrs. Story for President General be endorsed, and this motion was made unanimous.

A delightful reception was tendered officers, delegates and visitors by the State Regent, Mrs. Dearborn, at her home in Suncook. Mrs. Charles C. Goss of Dover was advanced to the office of State Regent, and Miss Wallace of Rochester was elected Vice-Regent. Mrs. Abbott of Keene was given a unanimous vote for the office of Vice-President General from New Hampshire.

The meetings throughout showed a feeling of mutual interest and helpfulness in the work of the Chapters of our State, and left only pleasant memories with us all.—LAURA S. HILL, *Delegate*.

Report of the State Regent of Oregon

There are two Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Oregon.

The Multnomah Chapter was organized with seventeen charter members

in February, 1896. Mrs. Thomas Anderson, the first regent, gave a luncheon in commemoration of the Battle of Bunker Hill and the same year the Sons of the American Revolution gave a Tea Party in commemoration of the Boston Tea Party.

February 21, 1898, living pictures were presented, representations of Colonial life, in honor of the Sons of the American Revolution. February 22, 1901, Washington's birthday, was celebrated by an invitation tea.

During the war with Spain the Multnomah Chapter sent garments for the use of the sick and wounded soldiers in Manila; collected and sent books and magazines to the Philippines; raised \$90.00 for hospital service of the army by giving an out-door entertainment.

The Chapter donated \$50.00 to the Portland Free Library for the purchase of books on American history and sent \$100.00 to the National society as Oregon's share in the new Continental Hall.

The Chapter has made a study of American history, and prominent men have given talks on historical subjects at their meetings.

February 22, 1904, the "Daughters" and "Sons" celebrated Washington's birthday by giving a banquet, as they did in February of this year.

James Falconer Ewing gave a series of lectures on "The Women of the Revolution."

Up to the present time there have been eleven deaths reported by the Chapter and there is a full membership of one hundred with a waiting list.

Fifty dollars has been sent to the School for Poor Whites, near Atlanta, Ga.

During the Lewis and Clark Fair there was a big celebration on Flag Day, with flag drill under the leadership of Prof. Robert Krohn, a very large reception following. Open meetings with special programs are given on Washington's birthday and Flag Day of each year. A chair was sent to the Memorial Continental Hall and at different times \$50.00 has been sent.

A newsboys' organization, started by the Multnomah Chapter, did not prove a success, but a "Newsboys' Club" was formed later and considerable "reform" has come out of the work done for the

boys. All the women of Portland have used their influence to have passed the "Newsboys' Bill," prohibiting boys under twelve selling papers and those under sixteen being on the streets at night for the same purpose, and forbidding girls to sell newspapers on the streets at any time. We are glad to say that this bill has been passed.

The Willamette Chapter was organized in January, 1911, with twelve charter members, Mrs. John F. Beaumont being the first regent. Very little was done that season but organization and voting on by-laws.

The programs of 1911-1912 were most interesting and instructive. Subjects: "History of the Daughters of the American Revolution;" "Washington's Success as a Commander;" "Romances of the Colonial Period;" "Music of the Revolutionary Period;" "Art of the Revolutionary Period."

One June 14, 1912, a large flag was presented to the "Settlement House" of Portland, with program and exercises in which the children took part. The Chapter printed copies of "The American Flag; Its Use and Its Forbidden Abuse," and distributes them on different occasions.

The programs of 1912-1913 have been arranged to take in a "Review of Three American Magazines" at each meeting, a study of the "History of Oregon;" "Women of the Revolution" and "Historical Pilgrimages to Plymouth, Boston, Lexington, Concord, Burlington, Marblehead, Salem, Cambridge, Philadelphia, Monticello, Mt. Vernon and Washington."

The Chapter hopes to keep up the good work of giving a flag on June 14 of each year.

The Willamette Chapter was most cordially entertained by the Multnomah Chapter on February 22 of this year. Members call on the "Daughters" not affiliated with a Portland Chapter and invite them to the Willamette Chapter meetings. Every effort has been made to locate a grave or graves of Revolutionary soldiers in Oregon but without success.

The membership of this Chapter up to the present time is thirty-seven, with about ten papers ready to be presented.

By April, 1914, may there be more than two Chapters to report, and it looks favorable for one in Albany soon, with a possibility of one in Hood River and Eugene later.

Though Oregon is a big State there are few D. A. R. here and the work is

slow, but as Oregon is growing fast so we hope and work for the honor and success of the great organization, the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

CARRIE R. BEAUMONT,
State Regent.

Work of the Chapters

The David Reese and Ann Kennedy Chapters (Oxford, Miss.).—These chapters celebrated Washington's Birthday by presenting to the public school a large and handsome picture, "The Spirit of '76." An interesting and educational program had been arranged. The presentation was made by the venerable and honored Dr. R. M. Leavell, a retired professor of the University of Miss., and it was accepted by a member of the senior class of the High School.

Inspiring patriotic choruses were sung, and "Just Before the Battle Mother" was beautifully rendered by the University quartette.

Our charming State Regent, Mrs. Fox, of West Point, was with us for the occasion and gave a most interesting address on the work of the National and State D. A. R.

Short addresses were made by Gov. Brewer and State Superintendent J. N. Powers, who were visitors in the city.

The public evinced great interest in this work of the chapters. Mrs. A. A. Kincannon is the able regent of the David Reese Chapter and Miss Mary Louise Neilson, the newly elected regent of Ann Kennedy Chapter. Both chapters are growing in strength as well as numbers. Oxford is the only town in the State which can boast of two chapters.—ANNIE A. BOGGS, *Historian, David Reese Chapter.*

Old North West Chapter (Ravenna, Ohio) was organized February 22, 1901, with thirteen charter members, and now has a membership of fifty-nine, nearly one-third of whom are non-residents, consequently the working force is not as large as the roll call indicates. All being very busy people we have not been able to devote as much time to work along D. A. R. lines as our loyal hearts would prompt us to do, but we have re-

cently sent \$5.00 to the "Clara Barton Memorial Association" and have received word that we have the honor to be "the first Chapter in Ohio to respond to the call for that fund." We have also sent \$5.00 and a box of useful articles to one of the mountain schools in the South. We are now erecting a memorial tablet in the chapel at Maple Grove Cemetery to the fifty Revolutionary soldiers buried in Portage County.

Our meetings are very interesting and instructive and are held every month excepting August, the February or anniversary meetings always being held at the home of the founder and honorary regent, Mrs. E. R. Beebe.—LILLIAN DEAN, *Historian.*

Lowville Chapter (Lowville, N. Y.) was organized eight years ago with fifteen members. For two years it was difficult to keep the Chapter alive. Since then the Chapter's growth has been steady and we now have ninety members. The past two years we have been prosperous and active along many lines.

Our village has a library but no library building. Three years ago we started a Library Building Fund which has been increased by an annual series of military euvres. The Chapter is incorporated so it may hold contributions to this fund. Last June we held a carnation sale, netting about \$36.00.

In October the Chapter was divided into five working committees to raise money. The first division gave a military euvre. The second and third divisions united and gave a very successful "Evening with Samantha." The fourth has not announced its plans; the fifth gives a dance.

We contribute each year to the Berry School, help the local G. A. R. and do other benevolent work.

Each August meeting takes the form



Photo by E. L. Grandall, Washington, D. C.

PAGES OF THE TWENTY-SECOND CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

With Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General; Mrs. Gregory, Chairman of the Page Committee and Mrs. Bushnell, Vice Chairman

of an outing, the program consisting of humorous toasts. Columbus Day, 1911, we had a fine program with the G. A. R. Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Story as guests. That evening our regent gave a reception in honor of Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Story. Last September we gave a reception in honor of State Regent Mrs. Augsburg and State Vice-Regent Mrs. Boshart, who is a member of our Chapter.

Under the management of our regent, Mrs. Farrington, a C. A. R. Chapter was recently organized, with eighteen members.

Literary Work is never neglected and excellent programs are presented each month. This is one of the strongest attractions of our Chapter. We recently had an enjoyable Colonial afternoon with the Daughters in old-time costume and doing old-fashioned needlework.—SARAH MAUDE ARTHUR, *Historian*.

Thirty-ninth Star Chapter (Watertown, S. D.)—The Thirty-ninth Star Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Watertown, S. D., celebrated its first anniversary—also the fifty-sixth wedding anniversary of its regent, Mrs. Elijah Atwood Gove, March 8, 1913.

This Chapter was organized on March 8, 1912, with twenty-one members, the Chapter presenting Mrs. Gove at that time with a silver server as a token of their appreciation of her untiring efforts in organizing the Chapter; Mrs. Gove's daughter, Mrs. Charles Oliver Norton, State Regent of Nebraska, was present and addressed the Chapter. Mrs. Norton presented the Chapter with a beautiful large flag.

The Chapter received its charter containing forty-nine names on November 4, 1912, and we now have a membership of sixty-one, with three life members. We have more than doubled the membership of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the State during the last year.

Last September we issued a fine year book. Our program contains papers on Colonial life, conservation and patriotic subjects, with musical numbers and readings. The average attendance is thirty.

We have offered two gold prizes to pupils of the High School for the best papers on "Our Flag." The Chapter has

given \$12.60 towards the indebtedness on Memorial Continental Hall. This year we sent one delegate and two alternates to the Twenty-second Congress.—MABEL E. COE-JONES, *Historian*.

Marshalltown Chapter (Marshalltown, Iowa) celebrated the anniversary of Washington's birthday on Saturday, February 23, by giving a "movie" picture show to the children of the city. Plans had been made to give two entertainments. So many children came to the building in the afternoon that by 2 o'clock it was necessary to divide them into separate audiences and begin the show at once. The pictures were run through four times instead of twice and about fifteen hundred children saw them.

The pictures, "The Making and the Signing of the Declaration of Independence" and the "Midnight Ride of Paul Revere" were shown three times in the afternoon and once at night. The children were marched to and from the picture room by means of the fire drill movement used in the schools and thus all confusion was avoided. The regent, Mrs. Dr. Center, gave special explanations so that the youngest children could understand what they saw. In the pictures showing the framing of the Constitution and the signing of that document, the likenesses of John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, John Hancock, Benjamin Franklin and other great men of the time were easily recognized. In the pictures of the "Ride of Paul Revere" the children were shown the story of this historical event in the way that history has handed it down. The children sang "America" and "Star Spangled Banner." In the fourth audience, at night, about three hundred saw the pictures. One reading and one recitation was given in the evening.—MRS. HELEN A. CLARK, *Historian*.

Sarah Bradlee-Fulton Chapter (Medford, Mass.)—We resumed our meetings on the fourth Monday in October, at which time there was a good attendance. At roll-call many of the members gave brief accounts of their summer vacation experiences. A social hour followed while refreshments were served, the Chapter being the guests of our regent, Mrs. Cora F. Weston.

November, Mrs. Ellen L. Tisdale gave

an account of the city of Washington, illustrated by the radiopticon.

December 17 we held a special meeting to celebrate the sixteenth anniversary of our formation.

Fourteen were with us who were present the evening the Chapter charter was officially presented; seven charter members were present from descendants of Sarah Bradlee-Fulton, who are members, and a visitor with the same blood in her veins, who with two other young misses furnished instrumental music, were with us. Much to our regret our first regent was detained at home.

An excellent program of vocal and instrumental music and recitations followed the supper. Miss Helen T. Wild, first secretary, gave a resumé of the work done by the Chapter in sixteen years.

We feel that our work has been creditable and that we stand well in the estimation of our citizens as we always have their support in all our projects and public entertainments.

We shall probably annually celebrate the 16th or 17th of December, as either date takes proper recognition with us.

On the former date Mrs. Fulton, for whom our Chapter is named, assisted her brothers, the Bradlees of Boston, who took a prominent part in the Tea Party of 1773, and so did a woman's work in the act of protest against unfair taxation.—ELIZA M. GILL, *Corresponding Secretary*.

Margaret Gaston Chapter (Lebanon, Tenn.)—Our past year has been a very successful one with all meetings enthusiastically attended. Our "Special Days" have been observed in a pleasing and appropriate manner. At each meeting a review is given of the current number of the *AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE*, which forms a popular feature of the program. We also always have talks on historical subjects. We have just made our usual yearly donation to Flag Fund School and Memorial Continental Hall, and also to the Mary Desha Memorial. We have just sent to Tennessee Room at Continental Hall a picture of Andrew Jackson framed in hickory from the old Hermitage plantation near here.—MAUDE MERRIMAN HUFFMAN, *Regent*.

Elder William Brewster Chapter (Freeport, Ill.)—The first of a series of

markers designating the sites of early taverns along the old State road from Chicago to Galena to be placed by Elder William Brewster Chapter was unveiled on Flag Day, 1912, with appropriate and interesting ceremonies.

On a platform draped with American flags were seated the members of the Chapter, the mayor of the city and others taking part in the exercises. On this lot the old "Goddard Inn" or Stage House, as it was called, was erected by Benjamin Goddard seventy-five years ago.

An interesting program was carried out. "America" was sung as the opening number after which the marker was presented to the city by Mrs. M. B. Marvin, regent. John Goddard, aged ten, and Alpheus Goddard Smith, aged seven years, both great-grandsons of the original owner of the "Inn," unveiled the marker, a beautiful bronze tablet, which was accepted by Mayor C. J. Ditmar in an appropriate address. He commended the D. A. R. Chapter in their work of marking historic places in Stephenson County, Ill., beginning in Freeport.

General Smith D. Adkins, a distinguished officer of the Civil War, gave a reminiscent address which was a pleasant feature of the program.

The General came to Freeport many years before there were any railroads—sixty-six years ago. The General said, "I have seen sixteen four-horse coaches come from Chicago in procession into Freeport loaded with passengers going to Galena, many of them to take steamers on the Mississippi River.

"Those were lively times," he said, "when the stage came in, bringing the only mail we had from the East. Postage on a letter from New York was 12½ cents.

"The Daughters of the American Revolution are doing a good work in marking historical spots in the city and county. It will keep fresh in memory of the young, the deeds of those who have gone before. All honor to the Daughters of the American Revolution."

The exercises closed with the singing of "Illinois."—MRS. MARY C. CLARK, *Historian*.

Conrad Weiser Chapter (Selina Grove, Pa.)—The Conrad Weiser Chapter was organized through the direct ef-

forts of Mrs. Laura E. R. Schoch, a direct descendant of the famous Weiser, from whom the Chapter takes its name. The membership now numbers thirty-four ladies, all of whom take an active interest in the work of the order.

Two real Daughters are enrolled with this Chapter, Mrs. S. K. Reen, now deceased, and Mrs. A. K. Gregory, still living.

Monthly meetings are held at the homes of the Daughters, at which time papers bearing on historical topics are read and discussed, and business of such nature carried out in the work on historical lines. By the direct efforts of the Daughters much good work has been done to beautify the local graveyards and to mark the graves of all Revolutionary soldiers buried here. Also steps have been taken to preserve the monument erected here over the grave of former Governor Simon Snyder, a resident of this State and county.

During the years past the order has held annual contests for prizes, open to the senior classes of Susquehanna University of this place, and the local High School. By the character of the contests held, great good has been done by the Chapter along educational lines. A fund of \$26.00 has been raised for the Continental Hall by a system of "penny-a-day" offerings. Being located in a section rich in historical interest and with a membership of active ladies who delight in gathering all such data to hand, the future of the Chapter is indeed bright.

An earnest invitation is extended to any and all Daughters to visit here as occasion requires.—KATE M. D. CROUSE, *ex-Regent*.

William Thomson Chapter (St. Matthews, S. C.) was organized October 10, 1910, with twelve charter members. It now numbers thirty with seven papers more to hear from. The Chapter holds ten meetings a year; at each meeting there is both a literary and social feature. Quite a number of very interesting papers have been written.

Research has located six Revolutionary graves upon which markers will be placed in the near future. Partisan General's day has been observed. For three years \$1.00 a Daughter has been contributed

to the fund for the Partisan General's monument. Contributions have been made each year to the mountain school work. The State flag has been presented to the school and Flag Day observed.

The 22d of February is celebrated each year. This year we banqueted our friends and ourselves after we had partaken of a "feast of reason and flow of soul," in the form of a delightful address, charming readings and beautiful music.

We are now planning to put a marble tablet, bearing the names of all Revolutionary soldiers of this section, in the new court house that is now in course of erection.—EMILY BROWN BAXTER, *Historian*.

Niobrara Chapter (Hastings, Neb.) was organized October 16, 1911, with sixteen members, Mrs. Charles G. Lane, charter regent.

The Chapter now has twenty-four members, Mrs. E. B. Hamel, regent; it has one real Daughter, Mrs. C. L. Johnson.

Increasing interest in the work, the study of historical subjects, is manifested. A new topic, "Current News from the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE," appears on the program for 1913.

Our important work has been raising funds for an Oregon Trail marker which was placed free of debt on the LeRoy road, seven miles south of Hastings, September, 1912. How did we raise the money? Partly by voluntary contributions from Chapter members. In February, 1912, Mrs. C. F. Morey gave an illustrated lecture, "Historic Spots in America," at the Hastings High School. Those pupils who wished to do so contributed their mites to aid the cause.

In honor of Washington's birthday, Mrs. Morey, in behalf of her mother, Mrs. S. T. Riordan of Chicago, our senior charter member, presented the Chapter with a beautiful silk flag.

In April, Mrs. Helen Bailey Babcock gave a delightful and interesting reading from the works of Charles Dickens. After the reading a social hour was enjoyed. Mrs. Morey, costumed as the Widow Bardell, and Mrs. E. B. Hamel, in her grandmother's century old wedding dress, poured tea. The Oregon Trail Commission added \$25.00 to our fund.

In June a Flag Day garden party was given. Members of the Chapter wore costumes of the Revolutionary period; flags were draped about the lawn and veranda, fortunes told in a wigwam, a fine display of Colonial and Revolutionary relics made, and an entertaining program presented.

Niobrara Chapter has responded in a modest way to requests for funds from State officers. We have begun an active campaign for new members.—JENNIE HART FULLER, *Historian*.

Taylor Chapter (Chardon, Ohio) has just closed its sixth year—a year full of enthusiasm, instruction and enjoyment and the Chapter hopes it has accomplished some good.

The May meeting was held at the home of Auditor Contes in Chardon, Mrs. Cowles and Miss Rita Cowles being hostesses. The meeting was given mainly to reports from the National Congress.

The June meeting was held at the beautiful farm house of Mrs. Harper. It being Flag Day flags in abundance adorned the verandas and lawn. A fine literary program was given and the flags received due honor.

The July meeting or "outing" was a picnic held in Stafford's Grove in Newbury.

In August a meeting was held at a Fresh Air Camp in a suburb of Cleveland with Mrs. G. A. Bartholomew, the matron, hostess.

The September meeting was a Washington luncheon held at the Highland Hotel in Chardon with Mrs. Lester Goodwin toastmistress. Many interesting and amusing incidents were given regarding Washington and his contemporaries.

The October meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Presley in Chardon. The business of this meeting was the election of officers. All the officers of the past year were re-elected.

The Chapter has received three new members the past year and now numbers sixty-four. A few small donations have been made to charitable organizations and several articles of furniture given for a room in a new hospital in Cleveland. The Chapter expects to thoroughly equip this room.

The gavel belonging to the Chapter is of highly polished wood procured at Mt. Vernon and presented to the Chapter by Miss Mary Goodwin, the first regent. The donor has placed a silver ring on the handle engraved with her name and date of office, requesting that each succeeding regent do the same at the expiration of her term of office so that in time the handle might be covered with silver.—HENRIETTA E. WELLS, *Historian*.

Daniel Boone Chapter (Boone, Iowa.)—This Chapter, of which Mrs. William Wagner is regent, has a membership of fifty-nine, seven names having been added during the past year.

Flag Day, 1912, was celebrated at the home of Mrs. C. T. Ballou, with Mrs. Ballou, Mrs. Will Crooks and Mrs. George Montgomery as hostesses. A very interesting and instructive program was enjoyed by a large number of members and guests.

February 22, 1913, the Chapter met at the home of Mrs. James McMechan, with Mrs. McMechan, Mrs. Thomas Murray of Belle Plaine and Mrs. Wayne Hull the afternoon's hostesses. A program which honored both Washington and Lincoln, finishing with a number of patriotic songs by the Chapter, gave us an afternoon of pleasure and inspiration.

During the year Daniel Boone Chapter has given \$7.00 to the fund for marking the "Early Pioneer Trail" through Iowa; \$10.00 for furnishing "Iowa" room in Memorial Continental Hall, and \$1.00 to the establishing of a scholarship to honor Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison. The Chapter also furnished and maintains a suite of rooms in Eleanor Moore Hospital. Three cash prizes were awarded pupils of the rural schools of Boone County for stories of the "Life of Washington."

At our annual election, May 2, 1913, work for the coming year will be planned.—MRS. CLARA TALLMAN INGERSOLL, *Historian*.

Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton Chapter (Hamilton, N. Y.) celebrated its fifth birthday anniversary with a beautiful Colonial reception given Thursday afternoon, January 9, to 170 members and their friends by the Chapter regent, Mrs. C. M. McLean. The guests were

received in the drawing room by Mrs. McLean, in a charming Colonial costume, assisted by Mrs. Sears R. McLean. Miss Avis Yates and Miss Marguerite Pieters gave a program of violin and piano music during receiving hours.

Members of the Chapter who were in costume and assisted in the parlors and dining room were Mrs. O. E. Yates, Mrs. C. C. Wheeler, Mrs. F. W. Hadden, Mrs. F. J. Congleton, Mrs. C. H. McBride, Mrs. O. P. Kramer, Mrs. G. E. Niles, Mrs. J. W. Kramer, Mrs. C. E. Luscomb, Mrs. H. P. Burkholder, Mrs. M. W. Hanchett, Mrs. M. A. Sooy, Miss Avis Yates, Miss Cecil Smith, Miss Florence Cotton and Miss Theodora Thurber. Greetings were sent by many State officers and out-of-town guests who were unable to be present.—*MRS. C. M. McLEAN, Regent.*

Elizabeth Wordsworth Chapter (Portland, Me.) has opened the season with renewed interest in all its different lines of work. On November 13 we held a "Carnival of Ages," representing life from infancy to old age. Each booth and table were distinguished by suitable adornments. Luncheon and dinner were served and the results were gratifying for both social and financial interests.

On November 21 a luncheon and reception were given by the Chapter to our National Vice-President-General, Mrs. Charles F. Johnson, from Waterville, Me., and to our State Regent, Mrs. John Alden Morse of Bath, also our State Vice-Regent, Mrs. W. C. Robinson of North Anson. Mrs. A. A. Kendall, a past Vice-President-General from Portland, was included among the guests of honor. Representatives from several other Chapters in the State were present and the occasion was one of unusual interest and pleasure.

The patriotic work of the Chapter, the placing of framed copies of the Declaration of Independence in the schools of our State and the promotion of the work of the "Boys' Club" in our own city, is being steadily fostered. The work of the State council at "Opportunity Farm," a home for a small number of boys, is receiving its share of support. Our

membership is something over two hundred. The time in our meetings is nearly all occupied with the business pertaining to the promotion of our various interests, after which a social half hour is enjoyed over the tea cups and plans are informally discussed for more serious work.—*MRS. MINERVA A. LOVELL, Historian.*

Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter (Annapolis, Md.)—On the 19th of March, 1913, the Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter, Mrs. Weems Ridout, regent, completed the work of removing 300 court records, 1702-1912, from the local court-house of Anne Arundel County to the Land Commissioner's office in the Court of Appeals Building. This work was begun during the regency of Miss Agnes Walton. In a classic bill drawn by Mr. James Owens, attorney-at-law, presented by Representative Benjamin Watkins, Jr., of the Second District of Anne Arundel County, Md., in the State Legislature of 1912, having the approval of both branches of the Legislature and signed by His Honor, Phillips Lee Goldsborough, Governor of Maryland, Mr. John H. Hanson, Land Commissioner, erected steel cases to receive the records in his office and will rebind the entire set. The writing is in the beautiful copper plate style of ye long ago.

This preservation of court records will mean much to the future historian in Maryland, where unfortunately so much has been destroyed by fire. A member of the Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter has suggested that the Land Commissioner in his report give a complete account of the court records of Maryland, with data, as to which of the local courts in their respective counties have their records in full, with the dates thereof. A full report of the Anne Arundel County court records removed to the Land Commissioner's office was presented to Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett, Historian General N. S. D. A. R. at the Congress.

Committee—Mrs. Weems Ridout, regent; Miss Agnes Walton, chairman; Mrs. William Welch, Mrs. Florence Hopkins, Mrs. George W. Hodges.

Death of a Real Daughter

MRS. MARY PETTIGREW KEYES, a Real Daughter of the American Revolution and a member of Princeton Chapter, Princeton, Ill., died March 7, 1913, after a brief illness. Had she lived until May 26 she would have rounded out her centenary, for she was born May 26, 1813.

Mrs. Keyes was the daughter of William Pettigrew, who served as private in the American Revolution. He was the son of Alexander Pettigrew, who was of a family of Huguenots who fled from Scotland for religious liberty, and settled at Grantham, N. H.

William Pettigrew was born November 6, 1757; when he was 18 he ran away from home to join the Continental Army at Claremont, N. H., where Gen. Stark was recruiting. He is said by the family to have been sixth on the list in Gen. Enoch Poor's brigade. Afterwards he

was assigned to the brigade commanded by Major General Sullivan, with headquarters at Ticonderoga, where they remained until the approach of the British forces under General John Burgoyne, in July, 1777.

Mary Pettigrew was born at Weathersfield, Vt. She taught in private schools until her marriage on September 29, 1839, to the Rev. N. A. Keyes, who was appointed to the Syrian Mission. At this post they remained for four years, when they returned to the United States. In 1855 they moved to Princeton where Dr. Keyes succeeded Owen Lovejoy as pastor of the Congregationalist Church.

Physically frail always, but mentally brilliant, Mrs. Keyes was a remarkable woman and an inspiration to the members of Princeton Chapter, who ministered to her lovingly.



MRS. MARY PETTIGREW KEYES

In Memoriam.

MRS. ISABEL BURNHAM JAMESON WALKER, wife of George A. Walker, of Philadelphia, Pa., died November 28, 1912. Mrs. Walker was a valued member of Molly Aiken Chapter, Antrim, N. H.

MRS. MARY BLACK LA FORCE, senior member of Cimitas Chapter, Monrovia, Cal., and a direct descendant of General Armstrong, died February 22, 1913. Born in Ohio, November 17, 1832, she emigrated to Iowa with her parents, where she was married August 1, 1854, to Dr. J. W. La Force, and came to California in 1889. Mrs. La Force was a woman of fine character, able mentality and gracious influence.

MRS. MARY FLEMING BURNSIDE CHAUVENET, wife of S. H. Chauvenet, died suddenly at her home in Sheridan, Pennsylvania, November 24, 1912, in her 58th year. She was born in Bellefonte, Penn., daughter of the late Judge James Burnside and granddaughter of Hon. Thomas Burnside, Justice of Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. She was a member of the Acorn Club of Philadelphia, of the Bellefonte Chapter, D. A. R., and of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church of Harrisburg, where the funeral services were held. Coming from Colonial and Revolutionary ancestors, Mrs. Chauvenet represented in her character and life their bravery and devotion to duty, coupled with rare executive ability and a high sense of honor and of persevering loyalty to her friends, her church and her country.

MRS. JANE THRIFT BARNES, Chaplain of Ft. Findlay Chapter, died after a short illness, January 8, 1913. She was born in Fairfax, Va., January 1, 1842, one of a family of eleven children, and came to Ohio in early girlhood. On December 28, 1866, she was married to Dr. A. C. Barnes, a Methodist Episcopal minister, who, with three daughters, survives her.

MRS. JOSEPHINE TENNEY HOLBROOK, wife of Dr. Arthur Holbrook, died at her home in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on February 8, 1913, after an illness of three days. Mrs. Holbrook was a member of Milwaukee Chapter.

MRS. MARY HEPBURN SMITH, a former Vice-President General of the National Society, beloved and honored regent of Freeloze Baldwin Howe Chapter, of Milford, Conn., died October 30, 1912. The Chapter has had no other regent since its organization in 1896 save the year Mrs. Smith served on the National Board, and no words can be found to express adequately the deep sense of loss felt by the members. She was not only regent but mother, friend and counsellor. The Chapter House which her generosity made possible is filled with loving memories of her, the dearest and best thing, perhaps, to recall her seated in the big arm-chair at the Chapter meetings, talking to her "children," as she called the members. Her patriotism was stronger and deeper each year she lived, and the Stars and

Stripes always floated near the entrance to her home, because she loved them well.

Jacksonville Chapter, Florida, has lost two valued members:

MRS. MARIAN R. S. BERNETT (Harlow), who died October 3, 1912, and

MRS. MARGARET C. FRIES (Alexander), who died November 30, 1912.

MRS. FANNY PALMER SEDGEWICK, a member of Ganeodiya Chapter, New York, died February 18, 1913. She was born in Riga, Monroe County, N. Y., January 4, 1844, and married December 21, 1865, to Alfred P. Sedgewick. Her mother was the late Mrs. Susan Kelsey, a Real Daughter who lived to be nearly one hundred years old, and among her ancestors were the Richardsons of Vermont.

MRS. HANNAH STAFFORD SMITH, a member of Findlay Chapter, Findlay, Ohio, died February 20, 1913. She was born at New Carlisle, Ohio, February 14, 1835.

MRS. MARY E. TOMPKINS died at Ebensburg, Pa., December 3, 1912. She was a devoted member of Susquehanna Chapter, Clearfield, Pa., and will be missed and mourned by the entire community.

MRS. HERMON MILTON HUBBARD (Mary Jane Whiton), who died March 28, 1913, in the 82d year of her good and useful life, was born in Lee, Mass., being the daughter of Lyman and Nancy Whiton. She was married to Hermon Milton Hubbard, October 11, 1855, and is survived by two sons and six grandchildren. She came of patriot New England stock, tracing her lineage through Josiah Winslow and William Brewster back to Governor Thomas Prentice. She was a charter member of the Columbus Chapter, a member of the Board of Management for several years, and an earnest and enthusiastic worker always.

MRS. CATHERINE A. BRUCE (nee Baker), first honorary regent of the Quaker City Chapter of Philadelphia, passed away at her home in Cape May, N. J., March 9, 1913. Mrs. Bruce had four sisters and two nieces, besides other relatives, members of the same Chapter. She was greatly distinguished for her benevolence, her generous heart prompting her to make every exertion in the cause of humanity that was in any way in her power. She was of fine lineage, counting among her ancestors Admiral Baker, who is interred in Westminster Abbey, and John Fenwick, one of the founders of the colony of West Jersey.

MRS. DAVID L. TRIMBLE (Ella Lee Withers), a charter member and past regent of the Pine Bluff Chapter, died March 3, 1913, in Denver, Colo. A loyal daughter, staunch friend and a devout member of the Episcopal Church, she was deeply interested in the work of the National Society, serving with zeal and enthusiasm both as State and Chapter officer. She was a member of the Virginia Society of

Colonial Dames, through the Colliers, Wyatts, Bouldins and Claibournes of Virginia. Mrs. Trimble was born in Mooresville, Ala., the daughter of Dr. Samuel Jordan Withers and Emily Goodwyn Collier. The Pine Bluff Chapter held a memorial service on March 8 at the home of Mrs. R. E. Lee, when Mrs. Frank Tomlinson voiced the sentiments of the Chapter in an address.

MRS. ELISA AGAN WILBUR, beloved regent of Colonel Marinus Willett Chapter, Frankfort, N. Y., died April 12, 1913. Mrs. Wilbur was born in Cambridge, N. Y., only 28 years ago, and it is hardly possible to estimate the loss the Chapter sustains in the passing of this faithful and enthusiastic young woman.

MRS. LEILA FROST ROBINSON, wife of Henry N. Robinson, died February 17, 1913, at her home on Mountain Road, West Hartford, Conn. Mrs. Robinson was born in Philadelphia, Pa., and was the daughter of Mark Augustus and Sarah Maria (Stow) Frost. She has been an honored member of the Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter since December 5, 1906, and served for a time as Recording Secretary.

MRS. MARTHA HANKINSON BUNNELL, Treasurer of the Tunkhannock Chapter, of Pennsylvania, from its founding in 1900, died December 10, 1912. On her mother's side she was descended from the Kelseys and Hankinsons, being a lineal descendant of Brigadier General Aaron Hankinson. Her paternal ancestors were the Arndts and Smiths. Originally a member of the Dial Rock Chapter, she was largely instrumental in organizing the Tunkhannock Chapter. She was intensely interested in all phases of D. A. R. work, and entered with enthusiasm into realizing the cherished dream of a Chapter House for Tunkhannock.

MRS. ANNIE ISABELLA ROBERTSON died in Washington, January 7, 1913. Mrs. Robertson enjoyed a national reputation not only because of her talent as a heraldic painter but for her lovable traits and good deeds.

In Memorial Continental Hall are lasting memorials to her and to her work, in the form of the finely executed coats of arms of the thirteen original States.

The office of State Heraldic Painter was created by the conference of South Carolina to honor her for the many gifts from her brush, of designs for various patriotic occasions.

Early in the life of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Robertson joined the Columbia Chapter, Columbia, South Carolina, the first one organized in the State. She was secretary of the chapter first and later its regent. For four years she was vice State Regent.

Mrs. Robertson came of a long line of noted ancestors. She was the second daughter of the late Col. Cadwallader Jones and his wife Annie Isabella, the daughter of Governor James Iredell of North Carolina, and was born November 10, 1852.

The Quaker City Chapter of Philadelphia has been lately called upon to deplore the death of two highly-valued members. First, Mrs. MARY P. HICKMAN, whose noble, gentle and patient spirit entered into rest December 26, 1912; and secondly, Mrs. EMMA TOBIAS ELDRIDGE, who passed away at West Cape May, N. J., February 8, 1913, greatly lamented by a large circle of friends to whom her many virtues had endeared her.

MRS. MARY SNYDER died at her home in Magnetic Avenue, Cherokee, Ia., on Friday, January 17, 1913.

Mary Snyder, nee Lindsey, was born at Hollidaysburg, Pa., September 15, 1817. She was married to George D. Snyder at that place December 12, 1838, and settled in Lafayette county, Wis., in 1856, where she lived for twenty years, moving to Cherokee county in 1876, and settling on a farm west of the city. Last March she came to make her home in Cherokee. Mr. Snyder passed away in 1898. She was a member of the society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and in point of years, probably the oldest member in the State.

MRS. SUSAN BURTON PARRISH, a charter and much-loved member of Johnstown Chapter, Johnstown, N. Y., died at her home in Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 7, 1913.

Oshkosh Chapter, of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, has lost the following members, all of whom were deeply interested in the welfare of the chapter: MRS. MARY CARTER EVANS, April 26, 1912; MRS. SARAH GOE MCKOY, May 21, 1912; MRS. SARAH CURTIS FORD, June 13, 1912; MRS. MARCIA EASTMAN PHILLIPS, August 31, 1912; MRS. GEORGIA S. NIMS, October 12, 1912; MRS. October 12, 1912; MRS. MARY E. JACK, November 2, 1912.

"The Little Green Book"

By Mrs. Stephen Chadwick

Those of us who enjoy the privilege of membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution can look back with some pride to an ancestry of lofty aims, fixed purposes and strong impulses; to which we can justly give credit for the expression of those ideas of civil and religious liberty which were evolved in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries and made permanent in the Declaration of American Independence and in the Constitution of the United States.

The early navigators in the waters of the western world were little more than pirates upon the sea and freebooters upon the land. They sought gold and gold alone. The wealth of the Indies was the lure that moved them to sail the uncharted seas, and the pillage of the simple savage their reward.

After two centuries of piracy and pillage there came another body of men, and with them women. This meant permanent settlement of the world, for neither settlement or civilization has ever been possible or permanent in any country where woman is not. Armies have conquered barbarous countries, but the soldier has never remained. If the country was of fair promise he has returned to the fatherland and returned with the female of his own race, and from thence has come organized society.

So that when our ancestors came, men and women, and little children, it meant that the old ties had been broken forever. They came mindful of the dangers and oppositions gendered by two centuries of wrong to the savage, not because they had hope of money, but because they sought liberty in its truest sense. Possessed in a greater or less degree of the superstitions of the time, our forebears were nevertheless possessed of charity and of honor and from them has come the stock that forms the backbone of our commonwealth.

In a country so abounding in mate-

rial resources men were bound to prosper. Greed, avarice and cupidity grew apace with increasing wealth. From the pastoral and agricultural epochs we passed into a manufacturing era. Since the first landing at Jamestown there has been a steady flood of immigration from Europe. The home seeker and liberty seeker from the north of Europe and the British Isles, first gave themselves and their children to such employment as might be found in our mills, factories and mines. They were active, intelligent, frugal, industrious, and possessed an inherent democracy of spirit, and hence were readily assimilated. They became Americans in the truest sense, not in one generation or two, but from the date of their landing. This was but natural, they were blood of our blood, and bone of our bone. They had only our language to learn and to them this meant no more than opportunity. Hence there came to be what our fathers called American Labor. Of it the Nation was justly proud. It was a distinct class, and above the so called pauper labor of the old countries. It was better fed, better educated and more content than the labor of any other country.

When the stimulus and advantage which had been given to our industries by the Civil War, and its war tariff, seemed about to be lost in the restoration of settled conditions, the cupidity and avarice of the old freebooter and pirate of the discovery days reasserted itself. The belated discovery was made that in order to maintain our high standard of labor, we must tax ourselves in greater or less degree for the protection of American Labor. Americans have always been loyal to their institutions and to themselves, and they gladly accepted the burden; that the mill or factory hand might by their bounty dwell in a white cottage, that his children might have every advantage of home and school, and that the full dinner pail might become an emblem of the comfort and satisfaction

enjoyed by American Labor. The idea was adroitly conceived and as cunningly executed.

Our theory was as beautiful as it was just, but we, as we are prone to do, bought and paid for a gold brick which has brought wreck and ruin, not because of any fault in the theory, but because like many theories, it failed to take concern of one of the prime elements of human nature—Selfishness.

The fault in our system was that our tax gatherer and agent, the employer of labor, was not always true to his trust. He often refused to pay our bounty to those for whom it was intended. He more often refused to divide it. Although maintaining his slogan of protection to American Labor, in his covert purpose to swell a fortune given in part, at least, out of the pockets of the yeomanry of the country, he went deliberately into the labor markets of the old world and imported under contract the very pauper labor of Europe which he had taught us to fear. And although a contract labor law was passed, only to be circumvented by the activities of the so-called immigration agents in the old countries, American labor as our father knew it to be, has gradually ceased to be a material factor in our industrial fabric.

I may assert without fear of successful contradiction, that in the great industrial centers of the East at least eighty per cent. of all employees, it is more likely to be ninety—is foreign labor, gathered largely from the poverty stricken districts of Southern Europe.

The cupidity of the protected manufacturer and the steamship companies operating between America and the Mediterranean Sea has put upon us a problem, the solution of which cannot be longer postponed.

I have read, and I have no doubt that it is true, that in the great industrial State of Pennsylvania, there is hardly any such thing as American labor; that 95 per cent. of those engaged in the anthracite coal strike of a few years ago, were imported foreign labor.

In the great Homestead strike the country at large received its first intimation that while we could not import

goods duty free, because labor must be paid a living wage; that in truth there was free trade in labor. The labor of which I am speaking has come in increasing thousands. It is made up largely of Syrians, Lithuanians, Italians, Greeks, Slavs, and Magyars, races which do not readily assimilate.

One of the authorities I have consulted says that only about one-eighth of the woolen and worsted mill operatives at the present time are native Americans. Not more than forty per cent. of those engaged in the Lawrenceville strike could speak the English language, and then only indifferently. The wages paid—taking Lawrenceville as an example—averaged only \$10.49 per week for the head of a family, while the average of all did not exceed \$6.00. The average annual wage of heads of families was only \$400, while the average income of families, there being more than one wage earner, was \$661.00. These people herded together in large numbers under one small roof. The average number sleeping in one room was found to be 3.03, while in some foreign households every room is occupied as a sleeping room. In one house in Lawrenceville, fifty-four people lived. The wages of the workmen made an average earning for each occupant of about \$2.75 per week. These people live on the cheapest food and under physical, and often moral conditions, which no American could tolerate.

I shall not multiply instances. I want to say only enough to show you a condition, or rather a menace, of which we know little in the more favored West.

For forty years we fought the bogey of Foreign Pauper Labor. We must now meet it as an actual condition, for it is upon us. Not as some dread plague of a distant land; not as an ephemeral or fugitive condition, but as a present malady which threatens not only the dignity of American labor but our institutions as well. For these people not only take the places of American Labor, but are the ready victims of the unscrupulous of their own race who set themselves up as leaders.

It is not for the lack of manhood that these foreign laborers are objectionable, it is rather because of lack of opportunity. Those who are responsible for the condition will not remedy it. The work must be done by others. The situation has developed in the West in but slight degree, but with the opening of the Panama Canal, we may expect a greater influx of the foreign element, and we must prepare to educate and qualify the coming hordes for assimilation into the American type.

Much can be done in the way of advice to these immigrants.

What the Daughters in Connecticut have done we can do. For instance, a book, "Guide to the United States," for the immigrant Italian, by John Foster Carr, containing some suggestions as to the character of our government, together with complete information as to traveling; employment, labor, marriage and health laws; geography, location of Italian colonies throughout the United States; banking and postal regulations; as well as a world of other information tending to properly impress and guide the immigrant has been published and is being circulated by the Daughters of that State. Of the work and its reception the State Regent says:

"This is the first systematic and practical attempt to deal with this vital problem of helping our immigrants to the social, industrial and moral adjustments they must make here, and giving them that knowledge of American life and institutions, that love our common country, that will make them one with us, and perpetuate the ideals for which we stand. Hundreds of letters of congratulation and approval have been received from heads of organizations and prominent individuals who are practically interested in the work of assimilating these millions of newcomers. The Italian Government, through many officials at home and in this country, has given it a most cordial reception, has made one purchase of a thousand copies, and has given us to understand that it will buy more largely later. The Bank of Naples, a Government Institution, has bought

two thousand copies with the intimation that this is but a preliminary purchase. In our own country this "little green book" has been equally welcomed, more than one hundred newspapers and magazines from New York to Seattle having reviewed the book in enthusiastic terms. Not one adverse criticism has been made upon it. Newspapers, Italian as well as American, have at once recognized the need of such a book, and say ours is the first really practical thing of the kind to be published.

To quote the opinion of the press, "It ought to be pushed." It ought to be in the hands of every Italian who comes to this country."

I have a copy of this book. It is popularly called "The Little Green Book." The Daughters in Connecticut have distributed this book at a cost of \$5,000.00. We are too few in number to expect anything of this kind, but we can individually and as a body undertake to interest our Senators and Representatives in the problem that will soon confront us on this coast.

The Little Green Book, or something like it, should be written in the language of every country, especially the countries of Southern and Eastern Europe and circulated at public expense. No better investment can be made.

The earlier immigrants from Northern Europe took care of themselves, but the later ones from the South of Europe must be taken care of. We must prepare to help them to become American citizens. To impress them with kindness toward, and interest in, the laws and institutions of our country. To save them from the impositions of the "boss" of their own race. To teach them to render a faithful service and demand a fair wage, that they may, and their children shall, develop the qualities of true citizenship. That instead of usurping the place of American Labor in the industrial establishments of our country, they may be inspired to stand upon the high plane that once made our laboring classes the most dignified in the world.

Church Record of the New Goshenhoppen Congregation, Montgomery County, Pa.*

1731-1761 Translated and Edited by Prof. William John Hinke, Ph.D., D.D.

(Continued from the May Issue)

[V. BAPTISMS BY THE REV. GEORGE MICHAEL WEISS, 1748-1761.]

From the year 1748-1758 the following adult persons were baptized by me, George Michael Weiss, upon the profession of their faith:

[1] Anna Maria Neiss	[14] J. Schell
[2] Georg Neiss	[15] Michael Schell
[3] Stedler, the blacksmith	[16] Elisabeth Sell
[4] Stedler, the wheelwright, his brother	[17] Peter Sell
[5] Wilhelm Schuler's wife	[18] J. Mueller
[6] Samuel Schuler's wife	[19] Joseph Mueller
[7] Mr. Schambach's ¹ second wife	[20-22] Three daughters of Mr. Hucken
[8] Philip Wentz	[23] Son of Mr. Hucken
[9] Peter Wentz ²	[24] Paul Neiss
[10] H. Pannebeck	[25] Benjamin Sommer
[11] N. Meyer	[26] Samuel Somani
[12] The two oldest daughters of Conrad	[27] Anna Maria Hildenbeidel
[13] Dotterer	

Date	Parents	Children	Witnesses
1757.			
[1] Dec. 2	Michael Ried and Anna Maria	Anna Maria	Daniel Hamm and wife
[2] Dec. 2	Michael Roeder and Catharina	Anna Maria	A. Margaretha Knauss
[3] Dec. 4	Carl Doerr and Christina	Ullrich	Ullrich Greber and Anna Margaretha
[4] Dec. 7	Matthys Brickerdt and Maria Elisabetha	J. Jacob	J. Nicol. Young and wife
[5] Nov. 3	Andreas Ohl and Eva	Wilhelm	Wilhelm Horst and Susanna Horlacher
[6] Dec. 18	Jacob Meyer and Anna Meyer	Conrad	Conrad Hillikas and Creth Mueller
[7] Dec. 24	Jacob Klotz and Sophia	Wendel	Wendel Wigandt and wife
1758.			
[8] Jan. 1	Peter Bleyler	Anna Maria	J. Bleyler and wife
[9] Jan. 1	Daniel Hucken and Magdalena	Maria Catharina	J. Hucken
[10] Jan. 7	J. Adam Eckman and Christina	Maria Margaretha	Friedrich Mueller and wife
[11] Jan. 8	Jacob Isset and Anna Maria	Maria Catharina	J. Lee and wife
[12] Jan. 8	Philip Ried and Maria Elisabetha	Balthasar	Balthasar Fritz and Maria Barbara Fisher
[13] Jan. 13	J. Schmidt and Maria Elisa	J. Jacob	Jacob Wannemacher and wife
[14] Jan. 19	Johannes Huth and Barbara	Johannes	J. Huth and wife
[15] Jan. 20	J. Adam Heckman and Anna Elisabetha	Christina	Daniel Neidich and wife, Anna Margaretha
[16] Jan. 20	Christian Setzman and Susanna	Georg Daniel	Georg Daniel Peiffer and Eva Mueller
[17] Jan. 20	Daniel Mueller and Anna Margaretha	J. Daniel	J. Gallman and wife, Catharina
[18] Jan. 20	Wendel Kuehner and Rosina Dorothea	Johannes	J. Rood [Roth] and wife, Anna Barbara
[19] Febr. 4	Abraham Driess	J.annes	J. Neidich and wife, Elisabetha

<i>Date</i>	<i>Parents</i>	<i>Children</i>	<i>Witnesses</i>
[20] Febr. 14	J. Scherer and Anna Margaretha	Maria Catharina	J. Gallman and wife, Catharina
[21] Febr. 23	Philip Boehm and Catharina	J. Georg	J. Georg Reider and wife, Elisabetha
[22] Febr. 23	Walter Mueller and Anna Maria	Anna Maria	Jacob Becker and wife, Anna Maria
[23] Febr. 26	Caspar Hoffman and Dorothea	Samuel	Samuel Lieser and Barbara Lieser
[24] March 8	Andreas Mauerer and Anna Maria	Jacob	Jacob Mauerer
[25] March 8	Friederich Wigerdt and Maria Eva	Anna Maria	Andreas Mauerer
[27] March 11	Peter Edelman and Maria Elisabetha	Maria Elisabetha	J. Georg Edelman and wife, Maria Catharina
[28] March 11	Bernhard Wannenmacher and wife, Catharina	J. Casper	J. Caspar Berendt and wife
[29] March 12	Jacob Morheadt and wife, Anna	J. Michel	J. Michel Gressler and Elisabetha Lee
[30] March 17	J. Peter Nickum and Anna Maria	Anna Catharina	Georg Zimmerman and Anna Catharina Zimmerman
[31] March 24	Simon Hirsch and Anna Maria	Anna Margaretha	Conrad Zimmerman and Anna Margaretha, his wife
[32] April 2	Philip Gressler and Anna Margaretha	Maria Margaretha	Michel Bastian and wife Philip Lee and wife
[33] April 10	Christoffel Schuhmann and Maria Elisabetha	J. Wilhelm	J. Wilhelm Geiger and wife, Anna Maria
[34] April 23	Philip Wendel and Maria Christina	Johannes	J. Lee
[35] April 23	Adam Bossert and Jacobina	J. Adam	Maria Catharina — J. Adam Lautenschlaeger and wife
[36] April 23	Michel Jo	Veronica	—
[37] April 30	Peter Stadler and Catharina	Anna Margaretha	J. Heil and wife
[38] May 6	Rudy Huber	J. Huber	Henrich Huber and wife
[39] May 6	Henrich Huber and wife, Anna	Jacob	Jacob Huber and wife
[40] May 14	Christian Hagel and Susanna	Mathys	Mathys and wife, Elisabeth Barbara
[41] May 15	J. Adam Hillikas and Catharina	Anna Margaretha	Anna Margaretha Bitting
[42] May 20	Jacob Weidknecht and Anna Margaretha	Jacob	Jacob Funck and wife, Anna
[43] May 21	J. Schmidt and Gertrudt	Wilhelm	Wilhelm Schneider
[44] May 28	Ullrich Spinner and Ursula	David	David Streib and wife, Susanna
[45] May 28	Georg Schmidt and wife	Anna	Henrich Huber and wife, Anna
[46] May 28	Henrich Huber and Susanna	Abraham	Henrich Huber and wife, Anna
[47] May 28	Valadin Huber and Barbara	J. Peter	Peter Kuster and wife, Dorothea
[48] June 29	Andreas Mauerer and Barbara	J. Jacob	J. Jacob Mauerer
[49] July 3	Christian Rincker and Catharina	Maria Elisabetha	Samuel Suesserdt and Elisabetha Riess
[50] July 3	Philip Schmidt and Anna Catharina	Maria Catharina	J. Martin Derr and Anna Catharina Semm
[51] Sept. 3	Wilhelm — (?)	Maria	Elisabeth Lieser
[52] Sept. 9	J. Caspar Berendt and Elisa Lena	Johannes	Joh. Schmidt and wife, Maria Elisabetha
[53] Sept. 3	Weigandt Pannebeck and Nelche	—	Weigandt Pannebeck and wife
[54] Sept. 30	Jacob Hamm and Maria Barbara	Maria Catharina	—

Date	Parents	Children	Witnesses
[55] Oct. 7	Michael Eberhardt and AnnaBarbara		Felix Brunner and wife, Barbara
[56] Oct. 13	Roland Jung and Catharina	J. Henrich	Henrich Jung and Margaretha Fischer
[57] Nov. 12	Balthasar Stiel and Christina	Maria Elisabetha	Jacob Spinner and Maria Elisabetha Ziegenfuss
[58] Nov. 25	Jacob Ridy and Susanna	Susanna	J. Martin Reyer and Susanna Horlacher
[59] Nov. 26	J. Leonhardt and wife	Elisabetha	Andres Heisser and his sister
[60] Dec. 4	Jacob Schuster	Andres	
[61] Dec. 4	Jost Schlicher and Catharina	Maria Margaretha	Maria Gertraudt Neukerch
[62] Dec. 10	Adam Stoecker	Eva Margaretha	Peter Beissel and wife
[63] Dec. 17	Georg Klein and Maria	Anna Sibilla	J. Jerger and wife
[64] Dec. 25	Daniel Hamm	Elisabeth	Elisabeth Moll
[65] Dec. 25	Peter Lauer	Peter	Peter Reiff and wife
[66-67] Dec. 26	Isaak Somani with all his children	Anna Barbara	Susanna, wife of Christian Brobst (?)
[68]		Abraham	
[69]		Elisabetha	
[70]		Christian	
[71]		Catharina	
1759.			
[72] Jan. 1	Philip Heger and Anna Bar-J. Philip	bara	Peter Christ and wife, Catharina
[73] Jan. 12	Philip Huth and Anna Eva	J. Jacob	Jacob Christman and wife, Anna Eva
[74] Febr. 3	Was baptized David Brunner's wife, named Anna Maria		Witnesses were: her husband, David Brunner and J. Brunner
[75] Febr. 4	Nicolaus Mombauer and wife	J. Henrich	J. Henrich Heiss and wife
[76] Febr. 18	Philip Jacob Egi and Catharina	J. Georg	Georg Heilig and wife, Elisa Barbara
[77] Febr. 24	Johannes Huth and AnnaBarbara	Anna Catharina	Michael Roeder and wife, Catharina
[78] March 4	Leonhardt Eggelin and wife	Anna Margaretha	J. Jost Keller and wife
[79] March 4	Jacob Meyer and Anna	Eva Elisabeth	Eva Elisabeth Lavar
[80] March 4	Johannes Goetz and AnnaMaria	Anna Margaretha	
[81] March 19	Abraham Dauber and Anna Christina	Maria Catharina	Peter Haas and wife, Catharina
[82] March 19	Peter Wetzel and Anna Margaretha	Johannes	J. Wetzel
[83] March 19	Martin Werffel and Anna Maria	Maria Barbara	Maria Barb. Rieser
[84] March 22	Were baptized upon their confession of faith by me,	Eva Meyer	
[85]	G. M. Weiss	Anna Meyer	
[86] March 25	Henrich Van Sluys and Catharina	Daniel	Daniel Hiester and wife, Catharina
[87] April 13	Johannes Schell and Veronica	J. Jacob	Jacob Maurer and wife
[88] April 16	Georg Zimmermann and Anna Catharina	J. Nicolaus	Nicolaus Seibel and wife
[89] April 16	Johannes Cunius and Catharina	—	Jacob Geri and wife
[90] April 16	Johannes Frey and Elisa Barbara	Elisa Barbara	Fridrich Hillikas and wife, Elisa Barbara
[91] April 22	Jacob Trolinger and Anna Maria	Anna Maria Catharina	Peter Stroh and wife
[92] April 22	Michael Lieser and Maria Elisabetha	Veronica Dorothe	Caspar Hoffman and wife
[93] April 20	David Levi has gone over from Judaism to Christianity upon the profession of his faith in Jesus Christ and has been baptized by me, G. M. Weiss		

<i>Date</i>	<i>Parents</i>	<i>Children</i>	<i>Witnesses</i>
[94] April 26	Georg Peter Hillikas and Elisa Barbara	Friderich	Fridrich Hillikas and wife, Elisa Barbara
[95] April 29	Johannes Derr and Anna Maria	J. Georg	—
[96] May 6	Philip Lehmann and Anna Maria	Elisabetha	—
[97] May 9	Zacharias Ditterer and wife	Christina	Jacob Wannenmacher and wife, also the parents of Zacharias Detterer
[98] May 10	J. Jacob Reiniger and Anna Margaretha	J. Jacob	Jacob Wittmer and Maria Cath. May
[99] May 10	Johannes Stab and Catha- rina	Anna Maria	Benedict Strohm and wife, Anna Maria
[100] May 20	Hennerich Bleyler and Su- sanna	Abraham	Peter Bleyler and wife, Hanna
[101] May 25	Johannes Martin and Anna Barbara	Samuel	Andreas Greber and wife, Gertrudt
[102] May 25	Johannes Martin and Anna Barbara	Christian	Geo. Peter Hillikas and wife, Barbara
[103] May 25	Johannes Martin and Anna Barbara	Johannes	Joh. Gallman and wife, Catharina
[104] May 27	Philip Stein and Barbara	Johann Henrich	Jacob Hoffman and wife, Barbara
[105] May 27	Johannes Neiss and Anna Maria	J. Georg	Joh. Georg Weickerdt and wife, Magdalena
[106] June 3	Jacob Geri and Gertraudt	Johannes	Fridrich Helwig and wife, Magdalena
[107] June 17	Jacob Klein and Anna Maria	Anna Barbara	Anna Barbara Sieber
[108] June 24	Gabriel Klein and Elisabeth Dorothea	Ludwig	Ludwig Bitting and Anna Sabina
[109] June 24	Matthys Bruckerdt and Maria Elisa	J. Henrich	J. Nicolaus Jung and wife, Anna Gertraudt
[110] June 24	J. Georg and Maria Cath- arina	Elisabetha	Melchior Suessholtz and wife, Elisabetha
[111] July 8	Jost Keller and Margaretha	Jacob	—
[112] July 8	Henrich Buhl and Susanna	Henrich	—
[113] July 29	Michael Schmidt and Anna Maria	J. Jacob	Jacob Isset and wife, Mag- dalena
[114] July 29	Henrich Keppel and Mar- garetha Elisa	J. Henrich	J. Jacob Werner and wife, Catharina
[115] July 29	J. Carl Derr and Christina	J. Martin	J. Martin Derr and Ann Clara Hinterleiter
[116] Aug. 5	Jacob Weidknecht and Anna Margaretha	Johann Martin	—
[117] Aug. 5	Jost Weigardt and Barbara	Johannes	Johannes Derr and wife, Anna Maria
[118] Aug. 19	Jacob Pfannenbecker and Christina	Jacob	Conrad Seeler and Anna Susanna Dotter
[119] Aug. 19	Jacob Hildenbeitel	Johannes	Johannes Klein and wife
[120] Aug. 26	Ulrich Greber and Anna Margaretha	Anna Maria	Andreas Greber and wife, Anna Maria
[121] Aug. 26	Michael Schell and Catha- rina	Anna Catharina	Jacob Griesemer and wife, Anna Catharina
[122] Sept. 16	Nicolaus Oehl and Anna Margaretha	J. Henrich	Henrich Mueller and wife, Anna Gertraudt
[123] Sept. 23	Johannes Sperry and Maria Margaretha	Johannes	—
[124] Sept. 23	Johannes Diebendoerfer and wife	Johannes	Henrich Mueller and Anna Gertraudt
[125] Oct. 7	Abraham Segler and wife	Johannes	Johannes Segler
[126] Oct. 14	Peter Linn and Anna Mar- garetha	Theobald	Theobald Meglin and wife, Elisabeth

<i>Date</i>	<i>Parents</i>	<i>Children</i>	<i>Witnesses</i>
[127] Oct. 14	Henrich Grub and Adelheid	Anna Catharina	Henrich Huber and wife, Catharina
[128] Oct. 21	J. Lee and Margaretha	Elisabeth	Alexander Negely and Elisabeth Rieder
[129] Oct. 21	Samuel Schueler and wife	—	Kilian Gaukler and wife, Margaretha
[130] Oct. 26	Melchior Kolb and Catharina	Anna Catharina	Anna Catharina Weber
[131] Oct. 27	Peter Nicum and Anna Maria	Philip	J. Philip Boehm and wife, Catharina
			J. Nicol. Nicum and Anna Marg. Wingerd
[132] Oct. 28	Abraham Herp and Gertrudt	Abraham	Jacob Walter and wife, Rosina
[133] Oct. 28	Jacob Walter and Rosina	Jacob	Abraham Herp and wife, Gertrudt
[134] Oct. 28	Peter Stro[h] and Anna Maria	Catharina	Catharina Moll
[135] Oct. 28	Jacob Fischer and Hanna	Johannes	Johannes Fischer and wife, Catharina
[136] Nov. 4	Johann Michel Hartman Dillo and Anna Margaretha	Jacob	J. Jacob Holtzhauser and Anna Marg. Redmann
[137] Nov. 4	Samuel Hirsch and wife, Anna Maria	J. Henrich	J. Henrich Hirsch and Maria Marg. Scholl
[138] Nov. 5	Peter Stadler and Catharina	Eva Catharina	Melchior Kolb and wife, Eva Catharina
[139] Nov. 12	Andreas Ohl and Anna Eva	Andreas	J. Wilhelm and Eva Ried
[140] Nov. 28	J. Adam Hillikas and Catharina	J. Peter	Georg Peter Hillikas and wife, Barbara
[141] Dec. 16	Andreas Greber and Anna Maria	Anna Margaretha	Ulrich Greber and wife, Anna Margaretha
[142] Dec. 24	J. Martin and Anna Barbara	J. Michel	Michael Roeder and wife, Catharina
[143]	1760.	Eva Catharina	
[144] Jan. 5	J. Kuenerdt and Agnes Barbara	Fridrich	Fridrich Schmilin (?)
[145] Jan. 6	Michael Bischoff and Maria Eva	Barbara	Michel Eberhardt and wife
[146] Febr. 17	Joseph Eberhardt and Catharina	Anna Margaretha	Peter Wetzell and wife, Margaretha
[147] Febr. 17	Bastian Ruf and Susana	Anna Maria	Georg Adam Sangmeister and wife
[148] March 1	Johannes Muck and Elisabetha	Catharina	Nicolaus Wohlfahrt and wife, Catharina
[149] March 2	Adam Darms (?) and Anna Margaretha	J. Peter	J. Peter Wetzell and wife, Anna Margaretha
[150] Febr. 24	Peter Hollenbusch and Anna Maria	Maria Catharina	Henrich Beyer and wife, Mary Magdalena
[151] March 23	Wilhelm Geyer and Anna Maria	Johan Michael	J. Michael Reiffschneider and wife, Juliana
[152] March 25	Jacob Berger and Barbara	Andreas	Andreas Beyer and wife, Gertraudt
[153] April 6	J. Goetz and Anna Maria	Georg Fridrich	Fridrich Wambold and wife, Catharina
[154] April 7	Benedict Swob and Susana	—	J. Georg Welcker and wife
[155] May 11	Philip Boehm and Catharina	J. Jacob	Conrad Zimmermann and wife, Anna Margaretha
[156] May 11	Thomas Gant and Margaretha	Maria, Eva	J. Adam Willauer and wife, Anna Maria
[157] May 30	Henrich Huber and wife	Catharina	Henrich Huber and wife
[158] May 4	Peter Lahb and Creth [Margaret]	—	
[159] May 4	Conrad Biehn (?) and Sophia Magdalena	Nicolaus	Nicolaus Finck and wife, Maria Elisabetha
[160] May 6	Michael Roeder and Catharina	—	Johan Arend Weiss and wife

<i>Date</i>	<i>Parents</i>	<i>Children</i>	<i>Witnesses</i>
[161] June 8	Jacob Isset and Magdalena	Elisabetha	Daniel Hister and wife, Catharina
[162] June 8	Christoffel Peirmann and Catharina	Jacob	Jacob Mueller and wife, Catharina
[163] June 8	Michael Jo and Veronica	—	Jeter Jo and Maria Hoff- mann
[164] June 8	Johan Jacob Mohrred and Anna	—	Adam Hollenbusch and Maria Marg. Hoost
[165] June 15	Peter Sell and Catharina	Johannes	Johannes Fischer and wife, Catharina
[166] June 22	Rudolf Frick and Veronica	Matheis	Mathys Scheiffeli and wife, Gretha
[167] July 4	Stephan Schoener and Christina	Ulrich	Ulrich Hertzelt and wife
[168] July 13	Conrad Hillikas and Maria Margaretha	Johannes	Johannes Schellenberger and wife
[169] July 10	J. Nicolaus Walber and Elisabeth	Susanna	David Streib and wife, Elisabetha
[170] July 10	J. Nicolaus Walber and Elisabeth	Elisabetha	David Gissi and wife, Elis- abetha
[171] July 27	Salomo Sell and Sophia	Anna Margaretha	Anna Marg. Bitting
[172]		Elisabetha	
[173] Aug. 3	Benjamin Sommer and Catharina	J. Ludwig	J. Ludwig Lang and wife, Elisabetha
[174] Aug. 3	Henrich Mueller and Ger- traudt	Anna Elisabetha	Jacob Danckel and wife, Elisabetha
[175] Aug. 3	Georg Lauer and Barbara	Anna Barbara	Christian Mueller and wife, Anna Barbara
[176] Aug. 10	Johannes Freyer and Bar- bara	Georg Jacob	Georg Peter Hillikas and wife, Barbara
[177] Aug. 17	Michael Ried and Anna Maria	Elisabeth	Jacob Maurer and Elisa- beth Ried
[178] Aug. 17	Johannes Schmidt and Anna Gertraudt	Johann Henrich	J. Henrich Mincker and Eva Meyer
[179] Aug. 24	Jacob Wetzel	Jacob	Jacob Wetzel, Sr., and wife
[180] Aug. 24	J. Henrich Ott and Cath- arina	Anna Margaretha	J. Georg Ziegenfuss and wife, Anna Margaretha
[181] Sept. 7	Conrad Ludwig and Anna Appollonia	Elisabeth	Henrich Moll and wife, Elisabeth
[182] Sept. 7	Peter Maurer and Maria Margaretha	Anna	Mattheus Maurer and wife, Anna Berends
[183] Oct. 2	Michael Hettenbach and Catharina	Wilhelm	Wilhelm Geiger and wife, Anna Maria
[184]	Michael Hettenbach and Catharina	Peter	Peter Mich. Schlonecker and wife, Anna Maria
[185] Oct. 12	Wilhelm Dickenschnitt and Catharina	Margaretha	Christoffel Dickenschnitt and Maria Margaretha
[186] Oct. 19	Johannes Fischer	—	—
[187] Oct. 26	Jacob Huber and Catharina	J. Jacob	Paul Samsel and wife, Mar- garetha
[188] Oct. 26	Ulrich Greber and Mar- garetha	Sara	Sara Lawar
[189] Dec. 21	Johannes Danckel and Lenche	Johann Jacob	Jacob Dankel and wife, Elisabeth
[190] Dec. 21	Johannes Zeller and Anna Maria	Catharina	J. Gallman and wife, Cath- arina
[191] Dec. 25	Johannes Wien and Appol- lonia	Margaretha	Margaretha Moll
1761.			
[192] Jan. 29	Georg Peter Hillikas and Barbara	A. Catharina	J. Adam Hillikas and wife, Catharina
[193] Febr. 1	Philip Jacob Egi and Ger- traudt	Elisa Barbara	Georg Heilig and wife, Bar- bara
[194] Febr. 9	Abraham Friess and Anna Margaretha	J. Leonhardt	J. Leonhardt Neudig

<i>Date</i>	<i>Parents</i>	<i>Children</i>	<i>Witnesses</i>
[195] Febr. 9	Adam Neudig and Anna Barbara	Anna Barbara	Daniel Neudig and wife, Anna Margaretha
[196] Febr. 22	Wendel Renniger and Anna Margaretha	Anna Margaretha	Peter May and wife, Juliana
[197] Febr. 22	Mathys Brickerdt and Maria Gertraudt	Andreas	Andreas Jung and Elisa Barb. Wannamacher
[198] Febr. 22	Jacob Weidknecht and Susanna Margaretha	Anna Maria	Jacob Ratzel and wife, Maria
[199] March 21	Georg Reinheimer and Maria Catharina	Maria Margaretha Elisa	Lorentz Suessholtz and Anna Marg. Elisa Reiff-schneider
[200] March 22	Joseph Eberhardt	Johann Benjamin	Michael Eberhardt and wife
[201] March 22	Michael Eberhardt	Johannes	Michael Bischoff and wife
[202] March 29	Michael Scheib and Anna Barbara	Anna Maria	Johannes Goetz and wife, Maria
[203] March 29	Christian Scheid and Maria Elisa	Johann Georg	Joh. Georg Lonest and wife, Catharina Elisa
[204] April 5	Jacob Daub and Elisabetha	Jacob	Jacob Wigandt and Susanna Roeder
[205] April 5	Jost Schlicher and Catharina	J. Georg	J. Georg Schlicher
[206] April 5	J. Jacob Dankel and Elisabetha	J. Henrich	J. Henrich [Dankel] and wife, Gertraudt
[207] April 9	Jacob Ridi and Susanna	Anna Margaretha	Jacob Lang and wife, Anna Margaretha
[208] April 19	Joh. Philip Schmidt and Catharina	Johann Philip	Johann Martin Derr and wife, Maria Gertraudt
[209] April 24	Johan Huth and Maria Barbara	Eva Margaretha	Jacob Christmann and wife, Eva Margaretha
[210] April 25	Simon Hirs and Anna Maria	Simon	Henrich Mathys and Veronica
[211] April 25	Ludwig Hirs and Catharina	Anna Maria	Peter Scholl and wife, Anna Maria
[212] April 26	Michael Roeder and Catharina	Peter	Peter Hillikas and wife, Barbara
[213] April 26	Caspar Hoffmann and Dorotha	Anna Eva	J. Ulrich Kuhl and Eva Lieser
[214] May 3	Felix Linn and Jacobina	Peter	Peter Wetzel and wife, Catharina
[215] May 3	Theobald Breuchler and Maria	Barbara Elisa	—
[216] May 10	Adam Bosserdt and Jacobina	Anna Elisabetha	Andreas Ohl and wife, Anna Elisabetha
[217] May 10	J. Adam Hillikas and Catharina	Anna Christina	Henrich Funck and wife, Anna Christina
[218] May 10	Henrich Laba[r] and Elisabetha	Leonhardt	Leonhardt Beyer and Elisabetha Fux
[219] May 10	Philip Ried and Anna Elisabetha	J. Philip	J. Philip Fisher and wife, Philippina
[220] June 7	Michael Raudenbusch and Anna Maria	Henrich	Henrich Hoffman and Cath. Raudenbusch
[221] June 7	Georg Zimmermann and Anna Catharina	Maria Elisabetha	Maria Elisabetha —
[222] June 7	Michael Lieser	Johannes	Johannes Keck and wife
[223] June 21	Jost Keller and Margaretha	Maria	J. Nicolaus Schneider and Maria Gerkess
[224] June 28	Peter Sell and Catharina	Anna Margaretha	Anna Marg. Welcker
[225] June 28	Peter Lauer and Sara	Catharina	Johannes Cunius and wife, Catharina

NOTES.

¹ This is most likely George Shamboh (Sehambach), who married first Elizabeth Boehm, daughter of Rev. John Philip Boehm. She died May 17, 1756. See David Shultze's Diary, in Dotterer's *Perkiomen Region*, Vol. III, p. 41.

² Peter and Philip Wentz were sons of Peter Wentz, Sr. Peter Wentz, Jr., being born Nov. 19, 1719, died September 13, 1793; Philip Wentz, born October 1, 1722, died December 30, 1803. Buried in private cemetery in Skip-packville, together with their parents.

Letter from Ellen Hardin Walworth

Founder and Honorary Vice-President General, N. S. D. A. R.

Founder's Room,
Memorial Continental Hall.

Dearly beloved Daughters of the American Revolution.

Charter members, members of the nineteenth century, members of the first decade of the twentieth century and members of these last happy, prosperous years that have brought our numbers of the National Society up to one hundred thousand and more; to all I send congratulations and the ardent hope that we may cherish the *esprit du corps* of a trained army of men and of a high class university of women, or better still of a great American family, for are we not all kinsmen with at least one strain of blood flowing briskly through the veins of each one and linking us with those men and women who were the founders of our government; should we not stand with the loyal men a solid phalanx around the Constitution of the United States in these days of restless experiments?

The sentiment of our society—our devotion to home and country—will be a conservative chasm that will consecrate our children and our kindred to the national spirit of true liberty and the freedom that gives reverence to law and to a God in Heaven.

I remember many years ago when Frances Willard's army of temperance women reached one hundred thousand; she was thought to be the happiest and the richest woman in the country; happy in the service of humanity, rich in the

loyalty and earnestness of her army of supporters, and in the friendship of statesmen and judges. Her ideals were high, to save the souls and bodies of men and women. Our ideals are equally high and important—to preserve the soul and spirit of our nation in its original purity and to educate the children and the ignorant into high and safe ideals of citizenship; our headquarters will ever be here in Washington, the source and inspiration of our work for the whole nation; our Chapters permeate its uttermost corner, and each Chapter looks to its own "Temple of Liberty," its Memorial Continental Hall that stands on guard at the very doors of the Capitol and the White House; we are truly Daughters of the nation, patriots by inheritance.

Speaking of our numbers reminds me, as old people are wont to say, of an address I delivered at the Chicago Exposition in 1893, all about our magazine, which being duly authorized, I had recently established, in 1892: I said to the assembled Daughters, you are now three thousand, in ten years you will be ten thousand, and in twenty years you will be one hundred thousand; you need no propaganda; you are members of one family who will naturally seek each other. My prophecy is fulfilled and I have lived to see your representatives face to face in the twenty-second Continental Congress. I thank God for this great joy, and am faithfully yours,

ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH,
Founder and Honorary Vice-President
General, N. S. D. A. R.



Marriage Record Exchange 1777-1850

Through the National Committee on Historical Research

Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett, Chairman

Marriage License of Prince George's Co., 1777-1850. Recorded in the local court house, Marlboro, Prince George's Co., Maryland:

1. Jan. 11, 1779, Abbey, Alminta, married Elisha Riston.

2. June 6, 1794, Anderson, Absalom—Ann Burrell.

3. June 26, 1794, Addison, Anthony—Rebecca Murdock.

4. June 10, 1797, Abbey, Ann—Thomas Higdon.

5. Dec. 12, 1797, Adams, Ammy—Zachariah Cautter.

6. April 8, 1802, Allen, Ann—Haswell Magruder.

7. Jan. 26, 1818, Adams, Ann—Joseph Peake.

8. March 23, 1819, Armeger, Ann—Zadock Brashears.

9. Jan. 3, 1822, Anderson, Asa—Elizabeth Wells.

10. Jan. 3, 1829, Anderson, Asa—Eliza Williams.

11. Aug. 23, 1832, Austin, Andrews—Sarah Swain.

12. May 18, 1834, Anderson, Ann—George B. Scaggs.

13. Feb. 19, 1838, Aldridge, Ann—Benjamin Hall.

14. Nov. 29, 1838, Allen, Ann Amelia—John D. Moore.

15. Dec. 29, 1845, Anderson, Amelia—Henry Mordicai.

16. March 20, 1850, Anderson, Ann M.—Christopher Stone.

17. July 7, 1779, Anderson, Comfort—John Samuel Peters.

18. Nov. 30, 1790, Atchison, Chloe—Caleb Vernem.

19. Nov. 23, 1801, Arnold, Christopher—Verlinda Glasgow.

20. Jan. 11, 1803, Arell, Christiana—James Rector Magruder Lowe.

21. Nov. 25, 1806, Allen, Charles—Matilda Lindsay.

22. Sept. 30, 1815, Alder, Caroline—William Atchison.

23. Feb. 9, 1822, Allen, Charles—Susannah Thomas.

24. Dec. 21, 1822, Atchison, Celia—Blanford, Nicholas.

25. Dec. 19, 1832, Aldridge, Christiana—William Hunnell.

26. Oct. 31, 1836, Aldridge, Caroline—John Wineberger.

27. Dec. 22, 1779, Addison, Eleanor—Garland Corliss.

28. Aug. 14, 1780, Alexander, Elizabeth—Electus Thompson.

29. Jan. 21, 1783, Ambler, Elizabeth—Thomas Pearce.

30. Aug. 30, 1786, Allen, Elizabeth—William Arnold.

31. Dec. 16, 1791, Athey, Elizabeth—George Dement Robey.

32. Dec. 13, 1792, Alder, Elizabeth—Robert Foy.

33. Feb. 7, 1793, Austin, Elizabeth—Benjamin Robinson.

34. March 23, 1799, Adams, Elizabeth—Isaac Grimes.

35. Jan. 23, 1802, Adams, Eliza—George Naylor.

36. May 28, 1806, Aldridge, Eleanor—Richard Belt.

37. May 28, 1806, Adams, Eleanor—Robert Davis.

38. Dec. 18, 1806, Addison, Eleanor—John Falson.

39. Oct. 29, 1808, Arvin, Elisha—Henrietta Carrots.

40. Jan. 13, 1813, Abney, Eliza—Horatio Newman.

41. Nov. 5, 1825, Adams, Elizabeth A.—Hepburn S. Berry.

42. Oct. 7, 1828, Addison, Edmund B.—Eliza D. Bowie.

43. Feb. 15, 1832, Acton, Eleanor—Robert Clements.

44. Aug. 1, 1833, Allen, Elizabeth A.—George P. Walker.

45. Dec. 16, 1833, Adams, Elizabeth—John Worrell.

46. Feb. 18, 1834, Armiger, Elizabeth—Elisha Howes.

47. July 11, 1842, Anderson, Elizabeth N.—Williams Thomas.

48. March 29, 1848, Anderson, Eliza Jane—Henry Soper.

49. Jan. 3, 1818, Andrews, Francis—Eliza Duval.

50. Oct. 31, 1778, Alder, George—Lucy Ann Wejim.

51. Jan. 5, 1782, Allen, George—Sarah Lowe.

52. Jan. 21, 1783, Adams, George—Mary Wright.

53. April 18, 1788, Anderson, George—Barbara Southerland.

54. Nov. 20, 1815, George Ashcomb—Eleanor Eversfield.

55. March 15, 1831, Atchison, Green S.—Susannah M. Asder.

56. July 14, 1834, Atcherson, George G.—Barbara P. Taylor.

57. Sept. 6, 1849, Atcherson, George H.—Hellen Ball.

58. Feb. 20, 1794, Addison, Henry—Eliza Clagett.

59. Dec. 10, 1779, Athey, Hezekiel—Rebecca Tilley.

60. Feb. 17, 1800, Atchison, Henry—Susannah Hilton.

Copied by Margaret Roberts Hodges, member Baltimore Chapter, D. A. R. Verified by George W. Hodges.

Will Elizabeth Moundfort Chapter, D. A. R., of Halifax, N. C., respond by giving 100 of their earliest marriages?

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS.

2410. (2) CARTER.—Joseph Carter (1740-1830) married Margaret Cloud, and lived in Chester Co., Pa., near the Maryland line. The John Carter referred to may have been his son. Robert Brown married Jane Bennet and lived in Chester Co. also. His will is on record in West Chester, Pa., and was proven Aug. 3, 1807. In it he names his children as follows: Elizabeth, John, James, Esther, who married a Wilson; Nathaniel, William, Jane, Rebecca, Robert and Joseph. This Rebecca may have been the wife of John Carter.

2410. (3) HANNA-WILSON. Robert Hanna founded the settlement of Hannastown, Westmoreland Co., Pa., before the Revolution. In this village the first courts were held west of the Allegheny Mountains. Robert Hanna's Rev. service can be found in "Old Westmoreland" by Hassler; and in Pa. Archives, Vol. XV, Second Series, is given a copy of the famous "Resolves" of May 14, 1775, adopted unanimously by the inhabitants of the town, and copied in the Philadelphia papers of the time, as an example of the fearless loyalty of the Western frontiersman.

The answers to the above two queries were kindly furnished by *Mrs. George M. Herriott*, Registrar of the Pittsburgh Chapter, 455 Maple Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

2731. *Mrs. Jennie C. Morton*, Secretary and Treasurer of the Ky. State Historical Society, and Editor of the Registrar, sends a prospectus of a new History of Muhlenberg Co., Ky., which will be ready for delivery about July 1, 1913. It will contain over 235 illustrations and ab. 600 pages, and a full description of Gen. Muhlenberg, as well as of the county which bears his name, will be found in its pages. The author is one of the Curators of the

Ky. State Historical Society, Otto A. Rothert, 132 E. Gray St., Louisville, Ky., and is said to be a polished writer.

2770. MASON.—Colonial Families of the Southern States, by Miss Stella Pickett Hardy, gives many Masons of Stafford Co., Va. *Mrs. C. W. Pettigrew*, 519 W. 5th Ave., Pine Bluff, Ark.

2798. (1) SOUTHARD.—Joel Munsell's Sons, Albany, New York, advertise a genealogy of the Southard family which can be obtained for \$1.00. *Miss Alice C. Truby*, Painesville, Ohio.

Henry Southard (son of Abraham Southard, who served in the Mohawk War, and was himself a son of Thomas Southard) was born in Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y., in 1747. When he was eight yrs. old his father moved to Baskingridge, Somerset Co., N. J., where Henry received an ordinary English education, and by his own exertions became one of the prominent men of his town. He was appointed Justice of the Peace in early life, and during the Revolution served on the side of the Colonists. He was a member of the State Legislature for nine years; elected M. C. for twenty-one successive years, serving in that capacity at the same time that his son, Samuel L. Southard, was serving as Senator, and both of them were elected, from Senate and House, respectively, on the committee which framed the Missouri Compromise. He died Jan. 2, 1842, aged 95 yrs., retaining his faculties until within three days of his death. He married Sarah (dau. of Edward) Lewis, and raised a large family of children. *Miss Louise K. Southard*, 148 W. State St., Trenton, N. J.

2798. (2) PLATT.—In the Congressional Library there are two Platt Genealogies, one called the Platt Lineage, pub. by T. Whittaker in N. Y. in 1891, containing 398 pages; and the other, published privately by Franklin Platt, being an account of the ancestry and

descendants of John Platt, born in Burlington Co., N. J., Aug. 13, 1749, who died near Wilmington, Del., in Dec., 1823.—*Gen. Ed.*

2799. (2) BLAIR.—Tenn. was part of Virginia during the Revolution, and the services of Capt. John Blair, of Robert and of Samuel Blair, are mentioned in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers published by Va. State Library.—*Gen. Ed.*

2816. *Mrs. Clara J. Craft* of the Western Reserve Historical Society, cor. Euclid Ave. and East 102d St., Cleveland, Ohio, writes that that Society has a small pamphlet published by W. F. Roberts (no place or date) in which there is a list of one hundred and fourteen names. Title of the pamphlet is "Who Were the Indians Who Emptied the Tea, Dec. 16, 1773?" The *Gen. Ed.* thinks that probably W. F. Roberts is a printer and publisher of Washington, D. C., who used to have the contract for the D. A. R. printing, and that the pamphlet was prepared by (or presented to the N. S., D. A. R. by) Mrs. A. Howard Clark, an Honorary Vice-President General, and one of the first Registrars General of the Society.—*Gen. Ed.*

2823. STANTON.—In the Congressional Library is a Genealogy of the descendants of Thomas Stanton of Conn., who emigrated to this country in 1635, compiled by Wm. A. Stanton and published by Munsell's Sons in 1891. It contains over 600 pages.—*Gen. Ed.*

Mrs. Caroline M. Bogardus, former Registrar of the Chicago Chapter, 2720 Pine Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes that her cousin, Dr. Wm. Austin Macy, Supt. of the State Hospital for the Insane at King's Park, L. I., New York, and Historian of the N. Y. Gen. and Biological Society, has a copy of the work, and will gladly assist A. L. H. Dr. Macy was a Stanton by birth, but was adopted when very young by his grandparents, who gave him their name.

2847. (2) THOMPSON.—*Miss E. J. Thompson*, 302 North St., Greenville, S. C., writes that her grandfather, Gen. Waddy Thompson, who was U. S. Minister to Mexico under President Tyler, was the son of Judge Waddy Thompson, who married Eliza Blackburn Williams, dau. of Capt. James Williams of the Revolution. Judge Thompson was born in Cumberland Co., Va., and his mother was Mary Swann.

2854. HARRIS. *Mr. Gideon D. Harris*, Columbus, Miss., a descendant of the Virginia family of Harris, and a searcher of Harris data for over twenty years, writes that he has the wills of Thomas, dated 1687, naming his nine children; also that of his oldest son, Edward, dated 1733, naming wife and eight children, etc. Edward's two sons, West and Nathan, became heads of large families which spread over N. C., Ga., Tenn. and Ky. West Harris is the ancestor of Senator Isham G. Harris of Tenn. Nathan Harris m. Catherine Walton of Brunswick Co., Va., and their oldest son, Walton Harris, m. Rebecca Lanier and moved to Ga. and are the heads of the Ga., Fla., Ala. and Miss. families. There was another Harris family of Henrico Co., Va.,

descended from Capt. Thomas Harris (1611), whose descendants number thousands.

2856. HAMILTON.—One David Hamilton was born Sherman's Valley (north of Carlisle, Pa.) March 5, 1750. He was the son of John Hamilton, b. Nov. 14, 1720, and Elizabeth Rankin, who were m. July 7, 1742 (in Ireland?). John Hamilton lived in Sherman's Valley, then moved to Washington Co., Pa., then went to Ky. in 1797, but returned to Washington Co., Pa. He settled a great deal of land around Lexington, Ky. His son, David, and others of his children, lived in Washington Co., Pa. (date not given). The above extract from a private Rankin Genealogy, is forwarded by *Mrs. Helen Nye Rupp*, Registrar Mildred Warner Washington Chapter, 304 S. Main St., Moline, Ill.

2856. (3) HARSHA.—According to the Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Andrew and William Harsha served in the Rev. from Cumberland Co., and Jacob and John Harsha from Lancaster Co., both in the State of Penna. No one by the name of Harsha is mentioned in the List of Rev. Soldiers from Va. There was a Hugh Harsha who served from Albany Co., N. Y., and a John Harsha who served from Charlotte Co.; an Ananias Harsha (or Arasha) who served in the Levies, and a Philip Harsha (or DeHarsha) who served from Tryon Co., N. Y.—*Gen. Ed.*

2858. FOOTE—CHITTENDEN.—Through the courtesy of *Mrs. Rupp*, mentioned above, and *Mr. Edward A. Chittenden*, St. Albans, Vt., we find that Elizabeth Chittenden, sister of Thomas Chittenden, first Governor of Vermont, and aunt of Gov. Martin Chittenden, was born Jan. 16, 1728, and married Sylvanus Evarts (son of Nathaniel Evarts, of Guilford, Conn., and Margaret Hastings, of Hatfield, his wife). Ambrose Evarts, their son, born Guilford, Conn., 1759, moved with his father's family to Vermont, in the vicinity of Castleton, in 1770, and was a Rev. soldier, through whose record Nat. No. 96219 has joined the D. A. R. They moved to Vermont from Salisbury, Conn., to which town the family had moved from Guilford.

2866. GWYNNE.—The Minutes of the Court of Yohogania Co., Va., for Sept. 28, 1779, showed that it was "Ordered that Mary Guen the wife of Thomas Guen a poor soldier in the Continental Service be allowed 40 shillings per month for the support of herself and one child, to commence the 28th. of March last, and to end the 28th. of March next." The above-mentioned Thomas Guen may possibly have been connected with Thirteenth Virginia or "West Augusta" regiment, whose recruits were largely drawn from that portion of southwestern Penna. over which Virginia then claimed jurisdiction. Volume II of "Abstracts from the Records of Augusta Co., Va.," shows that Capt. David Gwinn was in service in 1781 (p. 495 and Lieut. Joseph Gwinn in 1776 or '77 (p. 497). Joseph Gwinn also served as Lieut. during the year 1781 (p. 496). *Miss Alice C. Truby*, Painesville, Ohio.

2873. SULLIVAN.—There is no mention of the name Darby Sullivan in the List of Va.

Soldiers, published by the State Librarian, although there is a record of a Dan Sullivan.—*Gen. Ed.*

2873. (2) FOX—COLLYER.—Aaron Fox and Joseph Colyer are mentioned as from Litchfield, Conn., on page 53, "Lists and Returns," as referred to by the admirable collection of Litchfield Rev. Soldiers, prepared under the auspices of the Mary Floyd Tallmage Chapter, D. A. R., and they are the only ones of that last name mentioned as serving from Litchfield.—*Gen. Ed.*

2874. (2) POUND.—There is a Pound Genealogy in the Cong. Library, called "The Pound and Kester Families," containing an account of the ancestry of John Pound (b. 1735) and William Kester (b. 1733) and a record of their descendants, compiled by John E. Hunt, and published in 1904 by the Regan printing house, Chicago, Ill. It contains 628 pages.—*Gen. Ed.*

2876. (3) There are two genealogies of the Shoemaker family, one by Thomas H. Shoemaker of 112 pages, printed in 1893; and the other by Benjamin H. Shoemaker, printed in 1903, and containing 524 pages. If the question was more definite the query might possibly be answered in detail.—*Gen. Ed.*

2880. BARRETT.—There was a Jonathan Barrett who served in May, 1776, from Killingly, Conn., under Capt. Stephen Crosby, and later served in R. I. in Capt. Bowen's Co. and again (1779) in the militia under Capt. Converse, and in the artillery under Capt. Tyler of Brooklyn, Conn., who received a pension. He was born March 29, 1760, married (1) Elizabeth Murdock; m. (2) Mrs. Rachel —; moved to Vt. in 1786, and in 1816 to Butler Co., Ohio. There is one other service mentioned in Conn. Men in the Rev. which is not claimed by this pensioner, and it is possible that the one who married Sarah Haskell, evidently an older generation, may have been the father or uncle of the pensioner, moved with his party to Ohio, and performed the other service.—*Gen. Ed.*

2883. (3) TOWNSEND.—Eber Townsend is mentioned in Robert's "New York in the Revolution" as one of the enlisted men in the Seventh Regiment Dutchess Co. Militia under Col. Henry Ludenton.—*Gen. Ed.*

2887. SAMPSON—BRADFORD.—According to the Brewster Genealogy, compiled in 1908 by Emma C. Brewster Jones, and published by the Grafton Press, N. Y., Deborah and her sister, Ruth Sampson were the children of Elijah and—Ruth (Bradford) Sampson, and were descended through their father from on their mother's side from both Elder Brewster and William Bradford of the Mayflower. Ruth Sampson, b. April 24, 1767, was the first wife of Cyrus Brewster (b. Dec. 7, 1772; d. May 18, 1854), whom she married April 5, 1798; and Deborah Sampson was his second wife. The children of Cyrus (whether by first or second wife is not mentioned) were Zadock, b. Aug. 21, 1799; Dorcas, b. 1801, m. (1) George Barstow, m. (2) Wm. Bradford; and Sarah, b. 1803, m. Augustus C. Sampson

(son of Levi and Sophia (McLauthlin) Sampson; and probably another son, Darius. Cyrus Brewster was the son of Zadock Brewster, b. March 15, 1742, at Duxbury, Mass., and his (1) wife, Lois Brewster, whom he m. at Preston, Conn. Zadock Brewster removed from Duxbury to New London, Conn., where he was living in 1776; thence to Canterbury, Conn., and ab. 1786 to Old Thomaston (now Rockland), Maine. He enlisted in the Rev. from New London, April 29, 1776, and served to Dec. 1, 1776, as first lieutenant of Capt. Theophilus Stanton's Row Galley "Shark," of Conn. Zadock and Lois Brewster had: Darius, b. June 23, 1764, a Rev. soldier, m. (1) Esther Soule, who d. 1821; m. (2) Sarah Fales (who d. Rockland, Me., 1844), and d. Rockland, 1846; Eunice, b. 1766, who m. James Jones, of Camden, Me., and d. 1819, leaving issue; Sarah, b. 1768, d. unm. 1801; Cyrus (see above); Ira, b. 1775, m. Patience Crooker; Benjamin, b. 1777, m. Betsy Tolman; and Joseph, twin of Benjamin, m. Sarah Hunt. Mrs. Brewster died Nov. 14, 1777, at Canterbury, and Zadock m. (2) Nov. 22, 1779, Lucy Knight of Canterbury (b. Oct. 26, 1750, and living in Thomaston, Maine, in 1838) and died in Maine, May 21, 1811, leaving by his second wife the following: Daniel White, b. 1780, m. (1) Bethia Packard, m. (2) Matilda Paul; Lois, b. 1782, m. Rev. Reuben Keene; Ruth, b. 1784, m. (1) John May, m. (2) Mr. Arey or Avey; William, b. 1789, m. (1) Martha Jameson, (2) Nancy Nutt; and Lucy, b. 1795, m. John Ellems, a private in War of 1812. Two other ch. of this union d. y.—*Gen. Ed.*

2890. GARY.—Hugh, James, John and Patrick Gary are mentioned in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers as serving, but there is no mention of a William.

2890. (3) OUSBY—SELBY.—There was a Thomas Ousley who served from Va. in the Illinois Campaign, received a Bounty Warrant (see List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, p. 336).—*Gen. Ed.*

2896. (2) PARKER.—There were several men by the name of Joseph Parker who served in the Rev. from Va. One was a Capt. of the militia of Isle of Wight Co., another from Shenandoah Co., a third was in the Commander-in-Chief's Guard, and the fourth received a pension and was a resident of Fauquier Co. in 1835.—*Gen. Ed.*

2899. JOHNSON.—Charles Johnson, of Goochland Co., Va., was a Rev. pensioner in 1835. I should advise A. H. to write the Commissioner of Pensions asking for the record of Charles Johnson, who was living in Goochland Co., Va., in 1835, and was mentioned in the report of the Secretary of War at that time as a Rev. pensioner, and all particulars.—*Gen. Ed.*

CORRECTION.

2853. (4) JONES—LEWIS—ROWLAND.—The relative of Rowland Jones, who served in the Confederate army, should be "Jordan Rowland," not "Rowland Lewis."

NOTE.

In a cemetery at Ovid, N. Y., are two grave-stones marked:

PETER VAN ZANDT

A Soldier of the Revolution Under Gen. Wayne.

Aged 95 Years.

THOMAS COVERT

Died in 1846, Aged 92 Years.

Soldier in the Revolution.

(Contributed by Mrs. John C. des Granges, Seattle, Washington.)

QUERIES.

2803. SELSER.—Isaac Selser of Penna. went to Miss. about 1800, and is said to have been in the War of 1812. He stopped for some years in Ky. on his way to Miss. His father, George Selser, married a Miss Newman, dau. of Isaac Newman, who emigrated to this country from England. Did George Selser serve in the Revolution?

(2) WELLER—COPELAND.—George Weller, b. Nov. 10, 1757, at Boston, Mass., m. Abigail Copeland (b. Apr. 8, 1759) in Trinity Church, Boston, Mass. Was he an Episcopal minister? Did he or his father take any part in the Revolution? His son, George Weller, moved to Nashville, Tenn., built the first Episcopal church there; was Rector, and married Harriet Caroline Berkhead of Cambridge, Mass., July 8, 1818.—F. A. A.

2804. Mrs. Doris W. Strong, 310 Elyria Block, Elyria, Ohio, would like to correspond directly with the descendants of any of the following families:

GLADDING: Hannah Gladding, b. —, m. Jan. 3, 1785, Cheshire, Conn., to Elisha Wilmot of the Rev. (son of Asa Wilmot and Sarah Johnson). Children of Hannah Gladding and Elisha Wilmot: 1. Electa, m. Tillotson Terrell in 1804, emigrated to Ohio in 1810; 2. Betsey; 3. Ella (or Elihu) m. Lucretia Blair; 4. Silas b. Oct. 19, 1790, m. Chloe Tyler in 1810, emigrated at once to Ohio; 5. Ebenezer m. 1st, Harriet Parry, 2nd Phoebe Matson; Elisha Johnson b. 1793, Wallingford, Conn., m. Jerusha Bright June, 1824; Hannah m. Elias Root; 8. Esther m. 1st Harry Blair, 2nd Thomas Walden; 9. Cleora m. — Jennings, settled in Ohio. Who were the parents of this Hannah Gladding who married Elisha Wilmot? None of the names of her children, with the exception of Elisha Johnson Wilmot, are Wilmot names. Her sons Silas and Ebenezer were evidently named after Silas and Ebenezer Gladding, given in 1790 Census as living in Middlesex County, Conn., as heads of families. What was the relationship between these Gladdings and Hannah Gladding-Wilmot? Were they her brothers, and if so, what is her (and their) ancestry?

HINE-TYLER (TAYLOR): Isaac Hine of Woodbridge, Conn. (d. 1807 aged 64), m. 1768 Eunice Wilmot and had following children: Chloe Hine b. 1769, Eunice Hine b. 1771, Isaac W. Hine b. 1774, and Milliscent Hine b. 1777. The Hine Genealogy gives nothing further regarding these Hine children. The Chloe Hine b. 1769 to Isaac Hine and Eunice Wilmot is the only Chloe Hine appearing in the Genealogy. Was she the Chloe Hine who was

married about 1788-1790 to Amos Tyler (Taylor?) and lived somewhere in Conn. and had the following children at least: Semar (Seymour?); Abigail, m. (1) Gilbert Tyler, m. (2) Aaron Harmon; Chloe b. 1793, m. Silas Wilmot (son of Elisha and Hannah Gladding); Amanda, m. Wm. Waters; Isaac, m. Polly Benham; Lucia, m. Oliver Hubbard. Can anyone show that the Chloe Hine who m. Amos Tyler (Taylor) was the daughter of Isaac Hine and Eunice Wilmot, and give dates and place of residence? In return for this, I can furnish complete fanail of Chloe Hine, b. 1769. Information also very much desired regarding the ancestry of Amos Tyler (Taylor). Did his father serve in the Revolution?

RANDALL: Simeon Randall, Jr., of the Rev. (son of Simeon Randall, Sr., and Martha Hathaway) was b. Sept. 11, 1755, Rochester, Mass., and m. Priscilla Randall (int. pub. Rochester, June 24, 1786). Was Priscilla Randall a relative of her husband Simeon? Who were her parents? Priscilla and Simeon had children as follows: Jesse, m. Sarepta —; Pesa (Peace); Betsey m. (1) Harry Latham, (2) Heyton Randall; Sukey (Susan); Prisca (Priscilla), b. 1796, m. Oliver Cragin in Springfield, Vt., 1820; Rhoda m. Amos Robertson of N. H.; Elisha (twin with Rhoda). I have complete lines of Simeon, Sr., and his wife, Martha Hathaway, which I would like to furnish to anyone who can tell me anything regarding the ancestry of Priscilla Randall, wife of Simeon Randall. Was Simeon Randall, Sr., a patriot of the Rev.? He died in Rochester, Mass., 1790, aged 73.

2895. DUPRE.—Some time prior to the Rev. three brothers, John, Lewis, and Thomas Dupre came over from France and settled in Virginia. John DuPre m. Rebecca Jordan in 1771. Can anyone give the Rev. service of John DuPre, sometimes spelled Dupray or Dupree?

(2) DRAUGHAN—DUDLEY.—Hardy Draughan and his wife, Catherine, lived in Fayetteville, N. C., where one of their daughters, Mary, b. 1795, married in 1818, Allen Robert Dudley. Rev. record of Hardy Draughan desired. Did the ancestors of Allen Dudley serve in the Rev.?

(3) WYATT—MIZE.—Jemima Wyatt b. 1783, d. in 1861; m. Joseph Mize. Her mother was a Miss Kelly. They were Va. people. Can anyone tell me Jemima's father's name, and Rev. service, if any?—Mrs. Gussie Griggs Raines, Dawson, Ga.

2806. BLUE.—John J. Blue, b. ab. 1779, was the son of John Blue, a Rev. soldier of Hampshire Co., Va., who was said to have left large lands, have married twice, having six ch. by each marriage and to have disinherited John J., who was a son of the first wife. John J., a young widower, is said to have gone with his brother, Barnett (who m. Elizabeth Murry or Murray) to Fayette Co. (formerly Ross Co.), Ohio, early in the nineteenth century. Official proof of service of the father desired. He never obtained a pension; but the History of Hampshire Co. gives a copy of the original

muster-roll, now in possession of one of the family.

(2) PARKER.—Ancestry also desired of Joseph Parker, said to have lived in Westmoreland Co., Va., married Mary Maiden, and had ten children. Samuel and John, said to be the oldest of them were b. in London Co., Va. The family moved later to Perry Co., Ohio; were Baptists; and Joseph died there Aug. 15, 1834, aged 55 yrs. His wife, Mary, died in 1875, aged 91 years. Both are buried in Perry Co., Ohio. Ancestry of Mary also desired with all genealogical data and Rev. record, if any, of each of them.

(3) YATES.—David, Morris, James and Joseph (or Henry) Yates, brothers, came to Ross Co., Ohio, from Culpepper Co., Va., early in the nineteenth century. David and Morris served in the War of 1812. David m. Christine Edmonston, reared a large family and died there; had a son, Lowell, who m. Miss Saunders. She died and the family was lost trace of. Morris reared a family and died near Columbus, Ohio. The other brothers were said to have gone West. Information of ancestry of these brothers, with all genealogical data and Rev. service, if any, greatly desired.—U. M. P.

2897. WARREN.—Did Gen. Joseph Warren, who was killed at Bunker Hill, have a brother or nephew who went south to North Carolina? My great grandfather was John Warren, who married and had a dau. Louisa; and the tradition is that he was related to Gen. Jos. Warren. Can this be proved?—E. M. M.

2898. FIELD—CROMWELL.—Who were the parents of Wm. Field who m. Hannah Cromwell? Also Ancestry desired of Timothy Field, a Rev. soldier under Washington, his wife, children, and all genealogical data concerning him.—F. P. T.

2899. JOHNSON. — Eleanor Johnson, my grandmother, was the dau. of John Johnson and Harriet Dubie. John was the son of Charles Johnson and Sarah Abigail Smith (whose mother was Mary Ball). Did Charles Johnson or his father serve in the Revolution? If so, give official proof.—A. H.

2900. McELROY.—Desired b., d., m. and to whom married of Adam McElroy, who lived in County Downe, Ireland, came to America between 1760 and 1770, settled in Eastern Penn., probably near Easton; soldier in the War of the Rev. His son John enlisted in Washington's army as Fife-Major, and another son, Alexander, came to America about 1780. His wife was Mary Donaldson; they settled in Huntington Ridge, Huntingdon Co., Penna., and had John, Adam, Robert, Mary, Rachel, Margaret, and one other daughter.

(2) EVERITT (EVERETT).—Desire b., d., m. and to whom married of Thomas Everett of Lynn twp., Northampton Co. (now Lehigh), Penn. His children were: John, who m. Mary Magdalene Miller and had six boys and four girls; Samuel, who m. Mary Barbara Mosser (Phillip) and had four boys and ten girls; Peter married and had four boys and five girls; Mrs. Rode, whose daughter Mary m. Dan Stambaugh of Poland, O. Thomas

Everett was commissioned Dec. 21, 1774, one of the committee of Observation for Northampton Co. (Penn. Archives). His son Samuel was a Captain in the Rev. War. Was Thomas Everett the son of John of Lynn twp., upon whose property Fort Everett was located? John Everett bought 56 acres of land in 1759 in Lynn twp. and Thomas Everett 36 acres in 1769. Some authorities call them brothers who came to this country about 1740, and settled first in Rhode Island and then Penn.; others call Thomas the son of John.

(3) MOSSER.—Information desired of the Mosser family of Gosenhopen, Montgomery Co., Penn., and Mosserville, Lynn twp., Lehigh Co., Penn. Also wish the names of the parents of Philip Mosser, his b. m., surname of his wife Elizabeth, and Christian names of his daughters: Mrs. Ohl, who m. Michael Ohl, Jr., of Lynn twp., Penn., and Trumbull Co., O.; Mrs. Bank of Aaronsburgh, Penn.; Mrs. Houserman of Penn. Hall, Penn. Mary Barbara Mosser m. Samuel Everett and lived in Lynn twp., Penn., and removed to Trumbull Co., O., about 1808, where they both died. Philip Mosser, private 6th Battalion of Northampton Co., Militia, commanded by Lt.-Col. Henry Geiger, Oct. 26, 1780. He came from Gosenhopen, Penn., when a young man and settled at Lynn twp., then Northampton Co., Penn. In 1763 bought the mill and tannery at Mosserville, which remained in the family 120 years and was still in use in 1884. His sons who moved to Centre Co., Penn., pass by the names of Musser. He died in 1817 at the home of his son David, who had bought the old homestead in 1708. The ovens of Philip Mosser and his son David were used in baking bread for the New Jersey soldiers returning from the whisky insurrection 1794. His assessment was the largest in Lynn twp. The Mosser family were Palatinates who fled from Germany about 1730 and settled in Gosenhopen, Penn.—P. L. H.

2901. MOORE — TAYLOR.—Wanted ancestry and Rev. service of Joshua Moore (1753) and Phyllis Taylor (born 1754), m. 1774. Joshua Moore received three (3) land grants in Craven Co., S. C., from 1764 to 1771, and one (1) land grant in Colleton, S. C., in 1772. It is said that Joshua Moore's ancestor was a Governor of South Carolina and that Phyllis Taylor came from Virginia.

(2) GRAHAM.—Wanted ancestry of Susannah Graham (b. 1784), m. 1801 to Spencer Moore (b. 1780). They lived in South Carolina. It is said that her ancestor was a Governor of North Carolina.

(3) WADDELL.—Wanted Revolutionary service for Alexander Waddell, who lived in Bath Co., Va., and Pocahontas Co., W. Va., during the Revolution.

(4) SANDERSON.—Wanted Rev. service for George Sanderson of Pennsylvania.

(5) HANSON.—Wanted ancestry of Peter Hanson (b. 1768), m. about 1795 to Catherine Patterson in Delaware. Think Peter Hanson's father lived in Pennsylvania.

(6) BROOKE.—Wanted ancestry of Edward

Fenwick Brooke, married Mary S. Beville (born 1807 in Dinwiddie Co., Va.). Soon after marriage they moved to Huntsville, Ala.

(7) HARRISON.—Wanted ancestry of Bathsheba Harrison (b. 1771 in Rockingham, Va., or N. C.), m. about 1790, to William Neill (b. 1757, in Baltimore, Md.) Wm. Neill entered Rev. from Washington Co., Va. They both died 1823 in Lee Co., Va. Her sister Elizabeth Harrison m. John Henry Spratt, in Va., about 1780 and they lived in Grayson Co., Va., or Ky.

(8) CROCKETT.—Wanted Rev. record of Robert Crockett of Virginia.

(9) McCLELLAN.—Wanted ancestry, Rev. service and native country of Mary McClellan, who m. in Augusta Co., Va., David Looney (b. 1738). She had a nephew, Col. Abe McClellan, who was Congressman from East Tennessee. David Looney and his wife Mary McClellan moved to North Carolina and Tennessee, and he served in the Rev.

(10) MADISON.—Wanted ancestry of Betsy Madison, who m. John Pitzer of Augusta Co., Va., and had a son, Bernard Pitzer, b. 1773 in Botetourt Co., Va. Other children were: George, Col. John Carey, Abraham, Peggy and Joseph.

(11) OUZTS.—Wanted ancestry of Matilda Ouzts, who in 1814 m. James W. Johnson in Edgefield, S. C. She died 1834 aged 45 years, and had eight children.

(12) LEWIS.—Wanted names of children of Thomas Lewis (b. 1672, d. 1784), aged 112 years, and married Mary Moss. Their dau. Elizabeth Lewis, m. Thomas Shaw. Thomas Lewis, his dau. and son-in-law all lived in Edgefield District, S. C.

(13) STEELE.—Wanted parentage of Jane Steele of Augusta Co., Va., who m. Samuel Crockett, a Rev. soldier.

Will be glad to give in exchange either genealogies or hand-painted copies of Crests or Coats-of-Arms of the following families: *Bowyer, Campbell, Craighead, Crockett, Gleaves, Harrison, Henry, Lewis, Madison, Stuart, Strother, Robertson, Taylor, Turk and Thornton*.—Address, Mrs. J. R. Rich, Bandy, Tazewell Co., Va.

2902. RANDOLPH.—Can anyone furnish any information of Col. Robert Randolph of Va., who fought in the Revolution? Whom did he marry? What were the names of his children? My great grandmother was Elizabeth Randolph who m. Thomas Turner from King George Co., Va., and lived at "Kinlock," Fauquier Co., Va. The said Thomas Turner was guardian to Robert E. Lee during his minority; and during the Civil War the silver belonging to "Mt. Vernon" was hidden in the pigeon house at "Kinlock," the home of my grandfather, Edward Carter Turner.—R. T. J.

2903. CARTER.—Benjamin Carter was commissioned 1st Lieut. in Capt. Cole's Co. 4th N. C. regiment, Nov. 22, 1776; was made Capt. Jan. 1, 1779, and died Jan. 30, 1830. Would like parents' names, date and place of birth, and place of death. Where was Cole's Co. recruited? What special work or en-

gagement was the 4th N. C. regiment engaged in?

(2) JOHNSON.—Nov. 14, 1775, Richard Johnson was commissioned 2d. Lieut. Howell's Co., 1st. Batt. 1st. Establishment, N. J. Cont. Line; was made Major Nov. 13, 1777 of the Eastern Battery of Morris Co. N. J. Militia. In 1779 he resigned to become Sheriff of Morris Co. Where was Howell's Co. recruited? Would like names of parents and date of birth of Richard Johnson, also date of death which occurred in Jefferson Co. (then Va. but now West Va.). Was he married before the Va. marriage? Was he related to Richard M. Johnson who was Vice President under Van Buren?—G. M. S.

2904. GREGG—BRACY.—Wanted, ancestors of Mary Gregg who m. Thomas Bracy in Mecklenburg Co., Va., ab. 1828. Her mother was Mary Winfield, I think. Was she related to Winfield Scott?

(2) WALKER—HAWES.—Ancestry desired of Clara Walker who m. Richard Hawes of Caroline Co., Va., in 1792; went to Ky. in 1810; also of Ann Walker who m. Samuel Hawes in 1751, in Caroline Co., Va.—M. C. C.

2905. ANDREWS—SAUNDERS.—Daniel Scranton Andrews was b. in R. I. in Nov., 1807; his parents moved to Petersburg, N. Y., where his father died in 1811, and later Daniel's mother m. Mr. Saunders. Daniel had a sister, but her name is unknown to me. What were the names of their parents, and did the father have Rev. service? Any information in regard to their ancestry greatly desired.

(2) PECKHAM—MAXSON.—Esther Peckham married David Maxson, son of Asa Maxson. Was she the daughter of Seth Peckham, who served in the Revolution?—M. S. A.

2906. STEVENSON—COX.—My great great grandfather, Benjamin Stevenson, was b. July 23, 1749, and married Mary Cox Nov. 9, 1774. Mary Cox was born Nov. 9, 1750. Their ch. were Isaac, James, Samuel, Mary Whittington, Benjamin, William, Henry, Sally and John S. I am a descendant of the son, James, who emigrated from Md. to Woodford Co., Ky. Did Benjamin Stevenson serve in the Revolution? Who was Mary Cox's father? Did he serve in the Revolution?

(2) FOX—ROLAND.—David Fox m. Elizabeth Roland June 12, 1790 and lived in Reading, Pa. He was trumpeter in Capt. Von Heer's Co. of Independent Troops, Light Dragoons in the Rev. They had: Catherine, who m. Mr. Hautsch; Elizabeth, who m. J. Aston; Charlotte, who m. another Mr. Hautsch; Anna, who m. Andrew Boyer; David, who m. Kate Eisenbeis; Peggy, who m. David Quinter; Fanny, who m. Jacob Snyder and Polly, who m. another Snyder. Wanted, birth dates of David and Elizabeth; also dates of deaths.—M. L. K.

2907. CRISSEY—REYNOLDS.—My great grandmother, Eliza C. Crissey, was b. at Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 21, 1806 and m. Nathaniel Wicks Reynolds in Westchester Co., N. Y. His father was Zadok Reynolds who was b. Stanwich Co., Conn., Feb. 6, 1774 and his father was either Nathaniel or John Reynolds, prob-

ably Nathaniel, who was born in 1745. Any information that will enable me to join the D. A. R. will be greatly appreciated.—*G. S. W.*

2908. HARRISON — SLAUGHTER — WOOD — TYLER.—Burr Harrison, b. 1699 lived in Prince William Co., Va., and was the father of Matthew Harrison, who was the father of my grandfather, Wm. Alexander Harrison b. 1795 Prince William Co., Va. Matthew Harrison was a merchant and inspector of tobacco and was m. four times. (1) to Miss Slaughter; (2) to Miss Wood of Winchester, sister of Gov. Wood; (3) to Miss Webb; (4) to Eleanor Tyler, dau. of Charles Tyler. The ch. of the last marriage were Charles, Gustave, Frederick, William Alexander and Nancy. One of Matthew Harrison's daughters by Miss Wood, Nellie, m. Obed Waite, a prominent lawyer of Winchester. Wm. Alexander Harrison lived with them for some time, and studied law under Mr. Waite. Wm. Alexander Harrison moved later to Clarksburg, West Va. (then Va.), in 1821, and in 1824 m. Anna Mayberry, dau. of Willoughby Mayberry. Is there any Rev. ancestor in this line?—*E. H. R.*

2909. BOOTON.—John Booton (Bouton) of Madison Co., Va. m. Fannie Crittenden of Ky., and had a son, Sinclair, who m. Mary Field. Was he or his father in the Revolution?—*M. F. B. F.*

2910. CROPPER—HAMMOND.—Noble Cropper m. Eleanor Hammond and lived on the east coast of Maryland. They had two ch. born either at Snow Hill, Worcester Co. or in Baltimore Co. (Cyrus and Hiram). Cyrus was b. ab. 1793, and emigrated to Ohio when a young man and died ab. 1850. Did Noble Cropper or his father serve in the Revolution? Any information desired.—*B. E. D.*

2911. COLVILLE — MONTGOMERY. — Wanted, children of Andrew Colville who m. Mary, and had a dau. Sarah Jane, who m. Robert Montgomery. The Montgomery Bible contained all desired information on this point, but was destroyed during the Civil War. Any help greatly appreciated.—*W. J. C.*

2912. MAINE—HAMLIN.—Ancestry desired of Phoebe Maine who was born in Fayetteville, Syracuse Co., N. Y., ab. 1810, and was the daughter of a Baptist minister. Did her father or grandfather serve in the Revolution? Phoebe was my grandmother and married Leander Hamlin, emigrating to the West, where a son, Palmer and a daughter, Mary, were born to them. Mary m. John Fitch at Alton, Ill., in 1858.

(2) FITCH.—John Fitch was one of a large family, children of Ebenezer Fitch, a son of a wealthy man in Albany, N. Y. Who were his parents? Did any of them serve in the Revolution?—*G. A.*

2913. GILLETT—AVERY.—Can anyone give me the names of the brothers and sisters of Asahel Gillett, b. ab. 1750, and died in Rose, N. Y., March 26, 1826. Is he the Asahel Gillett who m. Rhoda Avery, daughter of Richard Avery, Senior? Names of his children desired. Was John Gillett who came from Hubbardton, Vt. to Rose, N. Y. in 1813, and

died in 1815, his brother? John was father of Isaac Gillett b. Conn. 1784, d. 1829. These Gilletts were originally from Conn. Would like to correspond with anyone about this line of Gilletts.

(2) KIBBE.—My great grandfather was Moses Kibbe, b. 1752, son of David and Miriam Kibbe, all of Enfield, Conn. Rev. record and date of death of David Kibbe desired.

(3) KIRBE—PARISH.—Moses Kibbe, b. 1752, m. Mary Parish, b. Phillips Patent, N. Y., 1763, dau. of Joshua Parish (who d. 1799) and Phebe Parish (who d. 1810). Would like Rev. record of Joshua Parish, supposed to be buried in Fort Ann, N. Y.; also names of other children; and surname of Phebe.—*C.*

2914. WIGHTMAN (WHITMAN).—Colonial Records of R. I. show service during the Rev. period of a Reuben Wightman. Data concerning him is desired. A family record states that the father of George Whitman who m. Dec. 21, 1800, Susanna Keach of Coventry, was Reuben Whitman, b. 1730. This Reuben is given as son of a George b. 1700. In the will of a George Whitman, who d. 1761, reference is made to the three sons of his son, George (Reuben, Stephen, and David). Was this the Reuben who served under the name Wightman in the Revolution? Vital Records of R. I. give no clue to his marriage or family unless the following entry refers to him "Reuben Whitman Jr. of Reuben and Lydia Remington,—1835." The George Wightmans or Whitmans are very hard to separate. Who was the George who was a private in Capt. James Parker's Co. Col. Archibald Cary's regiment in 1778? One George of North Kingstown figures quite extensively in the Colonial Records as a Tory. His father was a George who died in 1778. His wife's name was Elizabeth, and we find mention of these children: Holmes, Frederick, George, Alice, Daniel and Moses. While the North Kingstown records usually spell the name Wightman, and the Providence records Whitman, one frequently finds both spellings for the same individual.

(2) KEACH (KEACH).—The marriage record of George Whitman to Susanna Keach (referred to in the preceding query) calls her the daughter of Seth Keach. A Seth Keach of Cranston, R. I. married Waity Abbott May 29, 1774; served in the Rev. and died March 21, 1831. His wid. died in 1837. In 1850 a pension was granted to two of his ch., Seth Jr. and Waity Wood. Was this Seth Keach Sen. the father of Susanna (Keach) Whitman, who must have been born not later than 1785? The family record says 1781 and gives George Whitman's birth as 1770. The latter died in 1834, and Sussannah m. a Kingsley for her (2) husband.—*F. S. W.*

2915. GREENWOOD.—Information in regard to the family of Martin Greenwood of Morganton, Ga., desired. His people were originally North Carolinians and he moved down into Ga. after he was grown, I believe. He left relatives in N. C. and in Ill.

(2) BELL.—Information of the Bell Family

of Fayetteville, Ala. desired. This family was originally a Va. family.—*A. G. B.*

2916. DAVIS.—William Davis of Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y., was town clerk from 1799 to 1804. Information desired of his parents, his wife, with all genealogical data, and Rev. service, if any, of him or his father. There were several men by name of Richard Davis who served in the Rev. from Dutchess, Orange and Ulster Counties, N. Y. Was one of these the father of William Davis?—*A. P.*

2917. SMITH—DAVIS.—Rev. record desired of John Smith, who lies buried in Carlisle, Cumberland Co., Penna. His tombstone bears the following inscription: "John Smith Esq., b. 1757 at Middlesex, Cumberland Co., Penna., d. Oct. 6, 1839, at Carlisle. He was a soldier of the Revolution." Also on same lot is the following "Elizabeth Byers Davis Smith, wife of John Smith Esq." etc. I want official proof of service. John Smith had one son, John Byars Smith (b. prob. at Carlisle, 1782, d. 1821), who m. Abigail North (b. May 11, 1786, and died April 11, 1859). J. B. Smith had one son, John North Smith, who was b. Oct. 25, 1818, d. Aug. 31, 1892, and m. in Falls twp., Hocking Co., Ohio, Nov. 13, 1845, Catherine A. Rhoads, who was b. June 8, 1826, and is still living.—*P. M.*

2918. BRANHAM.—John Branham, died Sept. 5, 1824, and his wife, Letitia, died Sept. 28, 1838. Where was he born, who were his parents, and what was his wife's surname? Information desired of both families with Rev. records, if possible.

(2) HICKS—HARRIS.—William Hicks married Mary Elizabeth Harris in Goochland Co., Va. Who were his parents and what his Revolutionary record?—*L. B.*

2919. JONES—CHAMBERLAIN—LORD.—Amasa Jones, b. Oct. 2, 1726, in Colchester, Conn., m. July 12, 1749, Elizabeth Chamberlain, dau. of Wm. Chamberlain of Colchester, who d. Sept. 23, 1753. He m. (2) Aug. 27, 1754, Hope Lord, dau. of Epaphras Lord of Colchester, a descendant of Richard Lord of distinguished Colonial ancestry, was a Colonel; lived at Hartford the latter part of his life, where he died Feb. 24, 1785. Was he a Colonel during the Revolution?—*M. S.*

2920. CHAPMAN.—Is there any Rev. record of Nathaniel Chapman, who lived in Northern Ohio (Wayne, Medina or Portage counties), coming there from Guilford, Conn.? He was twice married and had: Sarah, b. Dec. 3, 1790; Titus, b. April 20, 1793; Wm., b. June 21, 1795; by his first wife. Sept. 27, 1798, he m. (2) (to whom?) and had: Richard, b. April 16, 1800; Mary, b. Dec. 4, 1801; Nathaniel, b. March 6, 1806; Aaron, b. 1813, d. inf.; and Elizabeth, b. July, 1815.

(2) STANDISH—FELLOWS—BELLWS.—Did Levi Standish, b. Preston, Conn., May 24, 1764, m. Eunice Fellows, or his father, Israel Standish, whose wife was Dorcas Bellows, serve in the Revolution?

(3) HOSFORD—HALLECK—CALKINS.—Is there any Rev. service in the following line, either of Stephen Hosford, b. 1763, d. 1855, a teacher

at Goshen, Mass., who had fifteen ch. and was m. July 3, 1783, to Behemiah Halleck (whose father might have served), or of his father Joseph Hosford, of Green River, Conn., who m. Sarah Calkins?—*M. E. H.*

2921. REYNOLDS—PHILLIPS—ROGERS.—Ancestry, with Rev. service, desired of John Reynolds, who was b. Culpepper Co., Va., ab. 1771 (or Fairfax Co.), emigrated to Harrison Co. (now West Va.) ab. 1795; m. (1) ab. 1792, Catherine Phillips; m. (2) Frances Jane Rogers (April 19, 1783-Feb. 8, 1837). He had two children by his first wife, Lowry, b. June 10, 1796, and Thomas P., b. May 11, 1798. By his (2) wife he had: Harriet Payne, b. Feb. 2, 1805; Lemuel E., b. Dec. 12, 1806; Washington G., b. March 18, 1809; Lucinda, b. Feb. 4, 1811; Eliza Jane, b. 1812, d. y.; John W., b. Dec. 18, 1815; Frances Jane, b. Jan. 12, 1819; James Wm. Harrison, b. Oct. 13, 1820, and Elizabeth, b. 1823, d. inf. Frances Jane (Rogers) Reynolds was the dau. of Wm. A. Rogers, who, with his brother, Rhodam Rogers, lived near George Washington, and, according to tradition, were with him at Valley Forge. Can this be proved? Rhodam Rogers sold his lands and moved to Harrison Co., where he lived to be 105 yrs. old. He m. Mildred Nelson, whose mother was a near relative of Robert E. Lee, and one of their sons, Ludwell Lee Rogers, m. Harriet Payne Reynolds. Rhodam Rogers was a pensioner. Does he mention his brother as serving with him?—*M. O. B. R. H.*

2922. SINGLETON.—Were the ancestors of Gen. James W. Singleton, of Quincy, Ill., who died in Baltimore, Md., April 4, 1892, and was b. Nov. 23, 1811, either in the War of 1812 or in the Revolution? Correspondence with any descendants of him is earnestly desired by *Mrs. W. J. Millar*, Springfield, Ill.

2923. INGRAHAM—BLAKE.—Duncan Ingraham, Sen., b. Nov. 29, 1726, m. Susan Blake (1726-1770) and d. Aug. 9, 1811. They had: Susanna, b. Sept. 5, 1750, m. F. W. Geyer; Duncan, b. Dec. 2, 1752, m. Susanna Greenleaf; Mary, b. Aug. 8, 1754, m. Jas. F. Condy; Henry, b. Aug. 28, 1757 (no further record); Nathaniel, b. June 6, 1759, m. (1) Mary Cochran, m. (2) Louisa Hall; Joseph, b. March 28, 1762, m. Jane Salter; and Francis, b. Jan. 12, 1764, m. Eliz. Duffield. In 1795, Duncan Ingraham, Sen., m. (2) Eliz. Hall Tufts, who d. in 1830. At that time he was styled Captain. In a letter from Duncan Ingraham, Jr. (now in my possession), dated Nantz, March 15, 1779, he states that he and his brothers were with Capt. Cazneau in the voyage from Boston; were captured by the British privateer, Bellona, and after eight days were transferred to a Dutch ship, bound to Dunkirk in Flanders. In the battle of the Bon Homme Richard with the Serapis, Sept. 23, 1779, Nathaniel was a volunteer on Paul Jones' ship, being then about 20 yrs. of age. He was the father of Commodore Duncan Nathaniel Ingraham. Official proof of service of either Duncan, Sen. or Jr., desired.—*D. G. I.*

2924. In the Oct. number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, in the answer to Query

2531, mention is made of a John Boyd, who was killed at the Battle of King's Mountain. Is that the John Boyd who was b. in 1710 or '20, m. Nancy — (who was murdered by the Indians in 1756), had a son, David, a Rev. soldier, and fought with bravery in Col. Wm. Thompson's Battalion of Expert Riflemen in 1776? He came from Ireland in 1728, and settled at Shippensburg, Pa.—*E. W. T.*

2925. **PERRY—HATCH.**—Ancestry desired of a Miss Perry, b. ab. 1780, probably in N. Y., who was a relative of Commodore Perry, and m. Mr. Hatch, and moved to Ohio, where both of them died. Their ch. were: Steven, Edward, Isaac, who m. Minerva Eddy; Priscilla, who m. Mr. Smith, and lived in Ohio; a dau. who m. Mr. Colton, and lived in Seymour, Ind., and Julia Ann, who m. Ira Bivins, Rev. soldier. Mrs. Hatch's sister married Mr. Hawley, and lived in Vt. and had a son, Charles, who was a prominent physician, and a dau., Maria, who was the second wife of Major Tyler. A partial answer to this question (which appeared formerly as Query 2726) is to be found in the Dec.-Jan. issue, but I am anxious for more facts.

(2) **OWEN—BIVINS.**—Ancestry desired of Hannah Owen, b. June 18, 1763, who m. Sept. 18, 1779, in New Lebanon, Albany Co., N. Y., John Bivins, a Rev. soldier, and later moved to Wayne Co., Ohio. Was the father of Hannah a Rev. soldier?

(3) **THOMPSON—FINNEY.**—Ancestry desired of Ann Thompson, who d. in 1806. She was the wife of David Finney, of Chester Co., Penna., whose Rev. record is to be found in Scharf's Hist. of Delaware, pp. 222 and 624. Had Ann's father, John Thompson, a Rev. record?

(4) **STONE—WHITE.**—Jehial Stone, b. Nov. 11, 1705 (a descendant in the fourth generation from Wm. Stone, who came to Guilford, Conn., in 1639), m. (1) Sarah — and (2) Ruth White, and died Oct. 18, 1780. Wanted, names of his children, and Rev. service, if any, of each of them.—*L. F. S.*

2926. **BEAN—RAMSDELL.**—Ancestry desired of Emma Bean, who was b. Dec. 6, 1773, m. April 14, 1796, Bartlett Ramsdell (b. Feb. 18, 1770, d. Jan. 21, 1838) and d. July 22, 1814. They lived after their marriage at Little River (now Cutler), Maine, where they reared a family of children. The records of Machias, Maine (which at that time included Cutler, Plantation No. 22 [which was later called Chandler's River, and now Janesboro], Jamesport, and a part of Addison), give in the list of published intentions of marriage March 22, 1796, Bartlett Ramsdell and Emma Bean of Plantation No. 22. According to the Census of 1790, Abner Bean of Plantation No. 22 had in his family one male over 16 yrs. (himself), one male under 16 yrs. and three females, and was the only Bean family in Washington Co., which includes all the above-mentioned towns. Abner Bean was Private in Capt. Stephen Smith's Co., also Lieut. in Joel Whitney's Co., and in John Scott's Co. in the Rev. at Machias, Maine. He served from Sept. 16, 1775, to Nov. 20, 1779. What was

the name of Abner Bean's wife, and can it be proved that Emma was his daughter?—*A. C. M.*

2927. **INGRAHAM—COWELL.**—Sarah Cowell, only child of Edward Cowell and Sarah Wilson, of Yorkshire, Eng., who had moved to Boston, Mass., m. Timothy Ingraham, son of Wm. Ingraham, of Boston, Mass. They moved to R. I. in 1690, and their son, John Ingraham, b. Dec. 8, 1701, at Bristol, R. I., m. Mary Fry Dec. 12, 1723. One of their sons was Jeremiah Ingraham, who was b. Dec. 8, 1731, and was my ancestor. Was he the Jeremiah Ingraham who was elected Capt. of Militia in Bristol, R. I., by the Gen. Assembly, May, 1775, and May, 1776? He also served as a private in Capt. Caleb Carr's Co. (formerly Capt. Billing Thorp's Co.) from Jan., 1776, to July, 1776; also served as private in Capt. Ebenezer Adams' Co. in Col. Robert Elliott's Regt. of Artillery from July 1, 1778, to Nov. 1, 1778.

(2) **INGRAHAM—ROBBINS.**—Was the Nancy Ingraham, dau. of Jeremiah Ingraham, who m. Charles Robbins, dau. of this Jeremiah, mentioned above, or of his son? When was she born, married and died? This Charles Robbins and wife lived in Bolton, Mass., in 1813, and sold their property in 1816 to move to Ky.

(3) **ROBBINS.**—Who were the parents of Charles Robbins, mentioned above, and did they render Rev. service? All genealogical data concerning Charles and his parents desired.—*E. R. T.*

2928. **HEWES—ROUTH.**—Can anyone tell me the relation between Joseph Hewes, the signer of the Declaration, and Dr. James Wymbourne Routh, of N. C., whose grandson, now living, bears such a striking resemblance to the signer's portrait that it is often remarked? Did Joseph Hewes have a sister or cousin that married into the Rauth family, or any of the ancestors of Dr. James W. Rauth (whose wife was Miss Margaret Ferguson of Va.)?—*L. E. R.*

2929. **HUNT—MILLER—BRITT (BRETT).**—Was there a Hunt (probably William or Silas) of Washington Co., Ga., who served in the Revolution? His wife was Miss Miller, and their son, Wm., married Miss Britt or Brett.—*M. S. S.*

2930. **MCQUEEN—WATERMAN.**—Mary McQueen m. John W. Baxter, son of John Baxter, a Rev. soldier, Feb. 17, 1814, in New York. Her father was James McQueen, who emigrated from Scotland. Did he have any Rev. service? His wife's name was Grizelle Waterman (or Watterman). Who were her parents, and did they render Rev. service?

(2) **WHITLOCK—BAXTER.**—Dorcas Whitlock m. John Baxter, a Rev. soldier in Westchester Co. regiment, Jan. 14, 1787. Who were her parents? Did they serve in the Revolution?

(3) **WHITFORD—WICKS—GORTON.**—Alice Whitford m. March 19, 1789, David Gorton, who was b. at Warwick, R. I., Nov. 24, 1768; Elder John Gorton officiated. Alice's parents were George Whitford and Hannah Wicks. Did either George Whitford or the parents of

either George or Hannah serve in the Revolution? What were the names of the parents of Hannah (Wicks) Whitford?

(4) NICHOLS—GREENE.—Wanted, ancestry of Elizabeth Nichols, who m. Hon. John Greene, of Kingston, R. I. What was the date of her marriage, and did her parents render Rev. service?—*J. M. M.*

2931. TURNER—ELLZEY—PAYNE.—Wm. Turner m. Sarah Ellzey, dau. of Capt. Lewis Ellzey; and their son, Lewis Ellzey Turner, m. Theodosia Payne. William Turner came from Va. Can anyone give any further information in regard to him?—*A. Q. L.*

2932. McCLELLAN (McCLELLAND)—KIMBLE.—Capt. John McClellan (sometimes spelled McClelland) of the Westmoreland Associates was b. Lancaster Co. 1734, removing to this section prior to 1770, and settling in Franklin Twp., Fayette Co., where he died. Wanted, name of wife. In the Penna. Archives, Third Series, there is a record of a marriage of John McClelland and Margaret Kimble, in 1767, in the First Pres. Ch., Phila., and as one of John McClelland's ch. was named Margaret, it is possible that this may be the name of his wife. The names of the other ch. were Elizabeth (my great-grandmother) and Alexander; and he had also a grandson, George. As Capt. John McClelland d. Feb., 1819, and is buried in the Old Meeting House Burying Ground, Fayette Co., and as my great grandmother died before him, and no member of the family lives there now, it is hard to trace the line. Any information will be appreciated.—*M. D. O.*

2933. THURMAN—CARR.—Were either Benjamin Thurman or his son, Fleming, in the Revolution? Or were the Carrs, whose dau. married Benjamin Thurman, in the Revolution?—*F. A. H.*

2934. GIBBONEY—FERREE.—Wanted, dates of birth and death of John Gibboney and his wife, Elizabeth Ferree, dau. of Jacob Ferree, who d. in Lancaster Co., Pa., 1782.—*J. McC. C.*

2935. CONLEY (CONNELLY)—DUDLEY.—John Conley of Va. m. Nancy Dudley (b. in Va.) in S. C. She was an orphan in charge of a family named Fore. Their dau., Nancy Conley, m. (1) George Miller, and had: Mart, John, Thomas, Barthena. He died, and Nancy m. (2) Joseph Dyer, and had: Lee, James, Henderson, Elizabeth, Ollie (who m. a Thornburg) and Agnes, and all of them, or most of them, lived in Granger Co., Tenn. Agnes m. Thomas Smith before 1832 (she was b. ab. 1810, in Granger Co.). Their son, Sam M. Smith, was b. in 1842, and after the death of Nancy, Thomas Smith m. (2) a Miss Marshall. Wanted, dates of John Conley's birth, marriage and death; also places, names of ch., exact dates of Nancy Conley's birth and marriage, and Rev. service of John Conley. There were ab. fifteen men by his name who served in the Rev., so it is necessary to have more accurate data to distinguish him as an individual.

(2) ANDREWS—MOULTON—BAKER.—John Andrews, b. Maine, June 20, 1795, d. Ohio, July 5, 1875, m. (2) Rebecca Moulton, b. May

15, 1804, d. Ohio, Oct. 22, 1877. Their ch. were: Lorraine P. Andrews, b. June 8, 1829 (and m. Mason Baker, June 13, 1849, at Painesville, Ohio); Collins, who m. Miss Cook; John, who m. Hattie Hollister; David Cyrus, and Joseph. Wanted, parentage of John Andrews, with dates and places of birth, death and marriage; also parentage of Rebecca Moulton, with dates of birth, marriage and death, and Rev. service, if any; also ancestry of Mason Baker. (He is said to have come to Ohio from N. Y.)

(3) TRAYLOR.—Are there any published records of Henrico Co. or Chesterfield Co., Virginia? Joseph Traylor d. there in 1777, and Archer Traylor m. there in 1779 and d. there in 1825. His wife was Judith Markham, dau. of John Markham, who d. 1770. Service in the Rev. desired of any of these men.

(4) CHAPPELL—HUDSON.—James Chappell (1722-1776) m. Susannah Hudson, and lived in Amelia Co., Va. (See Chappell Genealogy, by Phil Chappell.) Want service for this James Chappell. His son and three nephews, all named James Chappell, served, but I wish, if possible, to ascertain if this one rendered any patriotic service.

2936. McNUTT—ANDERSON.—Information desired as to all necessary dates and war record of George McNutt of Rockbridge Co., Va., who m. Jane Anderson ab. 1780. Their ch. were: Wm. Black, Aceneth, James and Isabella, and perhaps others. Wm. Black, a lawyer (1783-1842) was a soldier in the War of 1812, m. (1) Elizabeth Brocktum, by whom he had a son, Dewitt; m. (2) Margaret Gillespie, and had several ch., all of whom were b. in Shelbyville, Tenn., but in 1832 the family moved to Henry Co., near Paris, Tenn.—*M. L. W.*

2937. HOSFORD—GREENE.—Aaron Hosford, b. Oct. 24, 1769, m. Olive Greene and had three ch., Lucy, who m. Mr. Moore, and went to Wisconsin; Sarah, who m. George W. Holton, of Thetford Hill, Vt., and George Lewis, who m. Susan Knapp, of Hanover. What were the dates of marriage and death of Aaron Hosford, and who were the parents of Aaron and his wife, Olive, and did either of them render Rev. service?

(2) HOLTON—WALKER.—Jonathan Holton, b. 1743, d. Nov. 19, 1821, m. (1) Hannah Olcott; m. (2) in 1793 Nancy Walker, who d. May 11, 1803; m. (3) Nancy Pope. Who were the ancestors of Nancy Walker, and when and where were they born, etc., and did any of them render Rev. service?—*G. W. L.*

2938. WILLIAMS.—Official proof of service desired of Burwell Williams, of Chatham Co., N. C.

(2) WILSON—CABINESS.—Information desired of the parents of Larkin Wilson, b. ab. 1770 in Va., possibly in Botetourt Co., came to Georgia and m. Mary Cabiness ab. 1803. Did his father serve in the Revolution?

(3) WATSON.—Was Douglas Watson, who was sent out as a scout by the Government in 1792 with Cochran, and discovered Indian Springs in Butts Co., Ga., in the Rev. war? If not, was he a descendant of a Rev. soldier?

What was the name of his wife? All genealogical data desired.—*L. C. M.*

2939. **STONE—HALLOWAY.**—Wanted, parentage of James Stone, b. Aug. 18, 1721, and his wife, Hannah Holloway, who resided at Western (now Warren), Mass., ab. 1750, and had: Abigail, b. March 23, 1750, d. 1790; Hannah, b. April 27, 1752, d. 1789; Wm. Holloway, b. April 17, 1754, d. 1824; James, b. Oct. 25, 1756, d. 1844; Jemima, b. Sept. 21, 1758, d. 1822, m. Amos Hodgman; Eli, b. Oct. 29, 1760; Luther, b. April 13, 1763, m. Lydia Patrick (dau. of Wm. and Elizabeth Campbell Patrick) and d. 1832; Daniel, b. 1765, d. y.; Bartholomew, b. Oct. 18, 1767, d. 1813; Daniel, b. Nov. 27, 1770, d. 1809; and Samuel, b. Oct. 26, 1772, d. 1804. They removed to Stillwater, N. Y., ab. 1787. Was he the James Stone who served as a private in Capt. Elijah Crooker's Co. from Mass. during Sept.-Dec., 1776?—*M. E. F.*

2940. **SHAW.**—Wanted, ancestry and Rev. service of Robert Shaw, who d. Venango Co., Pa., leaving the following ch.: Hugh, Wm., James, Nancy Mason, Isabella Bowman, Elizabeth Brownlee and Margaret (unm.).

(2) **STURGIS—POORMAN.**—Ancestry desired of Jane Sturgis and her husband, Peter Poorman, who came to Lycoming Co. (now Clinton Co.) from Lancaster or Dauphin Co., Pa. He d. prior to 1821, and she in 1865.

(3) **MONTGOMERY.**—Ancestry desired of Robert Montgomery, who m. his cousin, Nancy Montgomery, who came from Paxtang, Dauphin Co., Pa., to Lycoming (now Clinton) Co., ab. 1790. His sisters were Mrs. Samuel McCorkle (who went from Paxtang in 1755 to Salisbury, Rowan Co., N. C.) and Mrs. Robert Strain; and his brothers were Rev. Joseph Montgomery (who m. [1] Elizabeth Reed; m. [2] Rachel [Rush] Boyce), William and John.—*A. M. S.*

2941. **MUNSELL—LOOMIS.**—Wanted, names of ch. of Daniel Munsell, b. 1765, m. at Warren, Vt., to Sarah Loomis. Was he in the Rev. war?

(2) **MUNSELL.**—Ancestry with all genealogical data and Rev. service, if any, desired of Zera, Roswell and Eleazer Munsell, who lived in Warren, Washington Co., Vt., in 1820.—*R. E. McC.*

2942. **MAY.**—Was Samuel May, son of Hezekiah May, founder of the Wethersfield branch of the May family, a Rev. soldier?

(2) **STILLMAN—MAY.**—Was Hannah Stillman, wife of James May, son of the above-mentioned Samuel May, of Rev. ancestry?

(3) **ROWE—MAY.**—Samuel Stillman May m. Barbara Logan, dau. of Robert Logan, of

Limerick, Ire., and Polly Rowe, of N. J. Was Polly Rowe of Rev. ancestry?

(4) **BRACE—REYNOLDS.**—Phoebe Bates Brace of Genesee Co., N. Y., m. Nathaniel Gardiner Reynolds of Mass., July 3, 1819. Was her father, Orange Brace, of Rev. ancestry, or was he a Rev. soldier himself? Was her mother, Sarah Bates, of Rev. ancestry?

(5) **BROWN—GARDINER.**—Was Martha Brown of Wickford, R. I., who m. Nathaniel Gardiner, of Rev. ancestry?—*L. R. S.*

2943. **WOOD—BILLINGS.**—Nathaniel I. Wood, b. March 12, 1785, d. Dec. 5, 1833; m. Lydia Billings (b. Dec. 26, 1788, d. Nov. 19, 1869). They had: Eveline, b. May 18, 1808, m. Thomas Eastman; Pauline M., b. Sept. 3, 1810, m. Volney Thurston; Miranda, b. Aug. 8, 1812, m. Chas. Willard, Jr.; Ephraim, b. Nov. 14, 1814, m. Ann R. Ingersoll; Charles J., b. Oct. 21, 1816, m. Amy O. Plumb; Isaac N., b. Jan. 12, 1819, m. Rosilla Newton; Susan A., b. March 4, 1821, m. Rev. M. C. Henderson; Lydia L., b. March 25, 1823, m. Albert Eastman; Ezra B., b. March 29, 1825; Rodolphus W., b. March 25, 1827, m. Cynthia Smith; Horace E., b. May 16, 1829, m. Julia A. Palmer; and Oramel H. N., b. Jan. 12, 1832, m. Abigail M. Wood. Horace was a native of Hartford, Vt., came to Wis. in 1856, and enlisted in the army during the Civil war, being promoted to 2d Lieut. His grandfather's name was Ephraim Wood, who d. April 10, 1813, and his grandmother's Susanna Wood, who d. June 3, 1805. Did Ephraim Wood serve in the Revolution?—*H. B.*

2944. **BRACY—GREGG.**—Thomas Bracy m. Mary Gregg, whose mother was a Miss Winfield, and said to be a near relative of Gen. Winfield Scott. Thomas was the son of Samuel Bracy (or Bracey), who lived and died near Petersburg, Va., and is said to have been a Rev. soldier. Where can I obtain information in regard to either of the above-mentioned families?

(2) **HAWES—WALKER.**—Samuel Hawes m. Ann Walker in 1751 in Caroline Co., Va., and his son, Richard, m. Clara Walker in 1792 and moved to Davies Co., Ky., in 1810. Who were the parents of Ann and Clara Walker?

(3) **HAWES—COLEMAN.**—Ann Hawes m. Wm. Coleman in Ky. ab. 1815. Ancestry with dates and Rev. record, if any, of Wm. Coleman desired.—*M. C. C.*

2945. **FULLER.**—Timothy and Jeremiah Strait Fuller were born in Providence, R. I., in 1780 and 1783, respectively. Ancestry, with all genealogical data, and Rev. service, if any, desired.—*R. F. A. W.*

Revolutionary Records

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of Chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

THE LAST SURVIVORS OF THE WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE.

By the Rev. Anson Titus, West Somerville, Mass.

(Second Series.)

Hadley, Stephen, d. New York City, Sept. 13, 1841, aged 83.

Hakes, John, d. Utica, N. Y., Feb., 1841, aged 87. Served through the war; was with Montgomery before Quebec; buried with military honors.

Hale, Calvin, Capt., d. Leominster, Mass., Dec. 20, 1841, aged 80; m. (1) 1781, Phebe Nichols, who d. 1814; m. (2) Sally Whitney, a widow, who d. 1846.

Hall, Baxter, Capt., d. Uxbridge, Mass., July 4, 1842, aged 85.

Hall, John, d. at Perrysburg, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1839. He was born in Wilton, Conn. Responded on alarm from Lexington; served throughout the war, attaining rank of lieutenant.

Hall, Josiah, Capt., d. Sutton, Mass., Oct. 20, 1839, aged 80; a pensioner; b. Oct. 5, 1759; m. 1785, Mary Marble.

Hall, Primus, d. Burton, Mass., March 22, 1842, aged 84; a pensioner; at Saratoga and Yorktown; for two years in the military family of Gen. Washington.

Hall, Timothy, Doctor, d. East Hartford, Conn., Aug. 6, 1844, aged 87. A surgeon; witness at the execution of Major Andre.

Hallett, Elisha, Esq., d. Waterville, Me., Oct., 1847, aged 90. Was a prisoner in Jersey Prison Ship.

Hammond, David, d. Bow, N. H., Dec. 31, —, aged 83. Probably from Newton, Mass.

Hammond, Samuel, d. Jan. 4, 1842, at Wardsboro, Vt., aged 92. A member of the Boston Tea Party; is so noted by Drake in "Tea Leaves."

Hammond, Samuel, Col., d. Sept. 11, 1842, at Hamburg, S. C., aged 87.

Hanscom, Nathan, d. Avon, Me., about Feb., 1842, aged 91; a pensioner.

Haraden, Thomas, Capt., d. Roxbury, Mass., Jan. 28, 1839, aged 87.

Harmon, —, Capt., d. Freedom, N. H., July —, 1841, aged 82.

Harrington, Uriah, d. Ypsilanti, Mich., Sept. 11, 1839, aged 80. A native of Uxbridge, Mass. He probably served in the war from Princeton, Mass.

Harriman, Moses, Major, d. Washington, N. H., Aug. 5, 1832, aged 75.

Haskell, Roger, d. Penn. Mass., April 8, 1847, aged 94 years and 6 days; b. in Hardwick, Mass. His widow, Mary Webster, b. in Lebanon, Conn., d. Dec. 14, 1849, aged 86 years and 3 days.

Hasseltou, Jonathan, d. Smithfield, R. I., Feb., 1840, aged 81; a pensioner.

Hastings, John, d. Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 16, 1839, aged 85; an officer in the Revolutionary War.

Hatch, Asa, d. Williamstown, Vt., April 23, 1847, aged 87 years, 8 months. Resided in town 52 years; had 3 wives, 23 children, 117 grandchildren and 85 great-grandchildren.

Hatch, Heman, d. Dec. 26, 1843, at Newark, N. J., aged —; formerly of Centreville, N. J.

Hathaway, John, d. New Bedford, Mass., Jan., 1842, aged 87; a pensioner.

Hawes, Joel, d. Brookfield, Mass., Oct. 15, 1839, aged 82. His wife, Philadelphia (or Phila) Thayer, d. Jan. 31, 1837 or 1838, aged 73. He served from Wrentham as a Minute Man and other service, also Medway.

Hayden, David, d. Marlboro, Mass., May 18, 1848, aged 88 years, 4 mo. and 5 days; a pensioner; unmarried.

Haynes, Aaron, d. Princeton, Mass., Feb. 16, 1842, aged 83. Was at Bunker Hill; m. 1811, Desire Homer (probably a second wife). He was born in Sudbury, Mass., April 19, 1759, from which town he served in the company commanded by his father of the same name. He was a pensioner.

Heaton, Luther, Capt., d. Roxbury, N. H., Nov. 8, 1840, aged 85.

Helms, Samuel, Captain, d. Little Fort, Illinois, June —, 1847, aged 82. Formerly of Boston.

Hendley, John, d. Marblehead, Mass., March —, 1835, aged 79.

Herrick, Ebenezer, d. Marlborough, N. H., Jan. 7, 1842, aged 83; m. 1782, Lydia Eaton, of Reading, Mass., who d. Sept. 23, 1829. He was a pensioner.

Hewitt, Thomas, d. Taunton, Mass., Oct. 20, 1848, aged 92.

Hicks, Daniel, d. Buffalo, N. Y., March 18, 1853, aged 101.

Higgins, Solomon, Capt., 4. Eden, Me., about May —, 1832, aged 90. Officer in the American Revolution, formerly of Cape Cod. Probably served from Eastham, Mass.

Hill, Ebenezer, d. Wakefield, N. H., about May —, 1853, aged —. At Bennington; said to have been one of the guard over Major Andre the night previous to his execution.

Hill, Job, d. Billerica, Mass., Feb. 5, 1842, aged 88. In Capt. — Wilson's Co. in Alarm from Lexington; m. 1790, Susanna Blanchard, who d. Nov. 18, 1817, aged 67.

Hill, John, d. Hancock, Ga., Nov. 12, 1892, aged 93. He was in several engagements in the Revolution.

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	MRS. A. CLARENCE LIGON, 23 Sunny Side, Orangeburg.
SOUTH DAKOTA, ...	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, Watertown.
	MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2d St., Watertown.
TENNESSEE,	MISS MARY N. MURFRE, 411 N. Maney Ave., Murfreesboro.
	MISS MARY E. TIMBERLAKE, 601 E. Main St., Jackson.
TEXAS,	MRS. HARRY HYMAN, 309 W. Magnolia Ave., San Antonio.
	MRS. W. H. BELL, 802 San Antonio St., Austin.
UTAH,	MRS. MARY M. F. ALLEN, P. O. Box A, Park City.
VERMONT,	MRS. JOSEPH A. DE BOER, 1 Western Ave., Montpelier.
	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury.
VIRGINIA,	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 Court St., Portsmouth.
	MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT, 1111 Orinoco St., Alexandria.
WASHINGTON,	MRS. HENRY MCCLEARY, Tacoma.
	MRS. J. W. MACINTOSH, 1911 9th Ave., Spokane.
WEST VIRGINIA,	MRS. WILLIAM H. SMITH, The Snuggery, Parkersburg.
	MRS. CHARLES R. WILSON, 1400 5th Ave., Huntington.
WISCONSIN,	MRS. EDWIN H. VAN OSTRAND, 405 Clermont St., Antigo.
	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Place, Milwaukee.
WYOMING,	MRS. HENRY B. PATTEN, 314 E. 18th St., Cheyenne.
	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.

Honorary Officers Elected for Life.

Honorary Presidents General.

MRS. ADLAI E. STEVENSON,	MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,
MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,	MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,	MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding.

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General.

MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH, 1894.	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, 1912.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.	

National Board of Management N. S., D. A. R.

Special Meeting, Wednesday, April 2, 1913

A special meeting of the National Board of Management was held in the board room of Memorial Continental Hall on Wednesday, April 2, 1913.

The President General called the meeting to order at 10:40 a. m., the following members being present:

President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott; Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Vice-President General of Maine, Mrs. Charles F. Johnson; Chaplain General, Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce; Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. William F. Dennis; Registrar General, Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh; Treasurer General, Mrs. William D. Hoover; Librarian General, Miss Amaryllis Gillett; State Regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; of Maryland, Mrs. Robert G. Hogan; State Vice-Regent of Indiana, Mrs. William A. Cullop.

The Chaplain General, in conducting the devotional exercises, said that she would read from the 119th Psalm, verses 33 to 40, as expressing our desire to be teachable in all things. The quickening of the new life after Easter had led the Chaplain General to look up verses referring to the quickening of the spirit, and as illustrative of this thought she read Romans 8, verses 1 to 9, and Colossians 3, verses 9 to 17. After prayer by the Chaplain General the Board joined in repeating the Lord's prayer.

The President General spoke with appreciation of the tender and sympathetic way in which the Chaplain General in her prayer alluded to the terrible anxiety that so many of the people of our country were going through. Continuing, the President General said probably many of our Daughters of the American Revolution were suffering for the necessities of life, or from loss of friends or property. She then spoke of the concert to be given under the auspices of the D. A. R. at the hall the following Friday evening to raise money for these flood sufferers.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes of the regular meeting held Thursday, February 6, 1913, which were approved as read.

The Recording Secretary General then read the minutes of the last special meeting, March 5, 1913, which were approved as read.

The President General announced the death of Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, of Rhode Island, Honorary Vice-President General, and the Board arose as a mark of respect.

The Registrar General presented the following report:

Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management, I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the board..... 760
Conditionally 2

Total 762

Respectfully submitted,
CATHERIN E. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Registrar General.

Upon motion of the State Regent of Maryland, seconded by the Chaplain General, it was voted that the Secretary cast the ballot for these applicants.

The Recording Secretary General cast the ballot and the President General declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Registrar General stated that we would have 101,000 numbers by the time of the Congress.

The Treasurer General read the names of the members of whose decease she had been notified and the Board arose as a mark of respect.

She then read the list of those who had resigned, of those who should be dropped, and of those who wished to be reinstated, and each list was approved upon motion duly seconded.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters reported as follows: *Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:*

According to the ruling of the Twenty-first Congress, I present no Chapter Regents for confirmation, nor chapters to be authorized. There are no other matters of business to come before this meeting.

Respectfully submitted,
FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters:

Upon motion of the Registrar General this report was accepted.

The Chaplain General extended to the board, in behalf of Mrs. R. R. McKahan and herself, a most cordial invitation to attend the meeting of the Constitution Chapter, to be held on Tuesday, April 8, at 8 p. m., at the Portner. There would be an address by Miss Janet Richards on "The Makers of the Constitution."

Upon motion of the Recording Secretary General it was voted to accept this invitation with thanks.

There being no further business, at 11:25 a. m. it was voted to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,
MARIE W. HODGKINS,
(Mrs. Howard L.)
Recording Secretary General.

Approved April 12, 1913.

Regular Meeting, Saturday, April 12, 1913

A regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall on Saturday, April 12, 1913. The President General called the meeting to order at 10.45 A. M., the following members being present:

President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott; Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Vice-Presidents General as follows: Of Delaware, Miss Sophie Waples; of Ohio, Mrs. Clayton R. Truesdall; of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Allen Putnam Perley; of Michigan, Mrs. James P. Brayton; of Missouri, Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr.; of Indiana, Mrs. James M. Fowler; of North Carolina, Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory; of Tennessee, Mrs. Charles B. Bryan; of West Virginia, Mrs. R. H. Edmondson; of Iowa, Miss Harriet Isadora Lake; of Massachusetts, Mrs. Charles H. Bond; of New Jersey, Mrs. William Libbey; of Maine, Mrs. Charles F. Johnson; of Nebraska, Mrs. Andrew K. Gault; of Georgia, Mrs. William Lawson Peel; of South Carolina, Mrs. R. M. Bratton; of Wisconsin, Mrs. William H. Crosby; Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. William F. Dennis; Registrar General, Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh; Historian General, Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett; Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Henry M. Thompson; Librarian General, Miss Amaryliss Gillett; State Regents as follows: Of Alabama, Mrs. Rhett Goode; of California, Mrs. I. N. Chapman; of Colorado, Mrs. Freeman C. Rogers; of Connecticut, Mrs. John L. Buel; of Delaware, Miss Anna Cunningham; of District of Columbia, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; of Florida, Miss Kathryn E. Thorp; of Georgia, Mrs. Sheppard W. Foster; of Illinois, Mrs. George A. Lawrence; of Indiana, Mrs. Robert S. Robertson; of Iowa, Mrs. Harold R. Howell; of Kansas, Mrs. George T. Guernsey; of Kentucky, Mrs. William H. Thompson; of Louisiana, Mrs. Peter Youree; of Maryland, Mrs. Robert G. Hogan; of Massachusetts, Mrs. James G. Dunning; of Michigan, Mrs. Arthur M. Parker; of Minnesota, Mrs. George C. Squires; of Mississippi, Mrs. Andrew F. Fox; of Missouri, Mrs. George B. Macfarlane; of Nebraska, Mrs. Charles O. Norton; of New Hampshire, Mrs. Joseph H. Dearborn; of New Jersey, Mrs. Charles B. Yardley; of New Mexico, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince; of New York, Mrs. Willard S. Augsburg; of North Carolina, Mrs. William N. Reynolds; of Ohio, Mrs. Thomas Kite; of South Carolina, Mrs. F. Louise Mayes; of Texas, Mrs. Harry Hyman; of Vermont, Mrs. Joseph A. De Boer; of West Virginia, Mrs. George De Bolt; of Wisconsin, Mrs. Edwin H. Van Ostrand; State Vice-Regents as follows: Of Arizona, Mrs. Will Croft Barnes; of Arkansas, Mrs. Samuel S. Wassell; of Virginia, Mrs. James H. McCue; Second Vice-Regent of Washington, Mrs. John Wallace.

Regrets had been received from the Chap-

lain General, who was unable to be present, on account of attending the Convention of the Young Women's Christian Association in Richmond. The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters conducted the devotional exercises, reading the 103d Psalm, after which the Board arose and repeated the Lord's Prayer.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes of the last special meeting of the Board, held Wednesday, April 2, 1913, which were approved as read.

The Recording Secretary General stated that she would not present a report of her office work at this meeting, as she believed it was the custom to give as much time as possible to the State Regents.

The following invitations and programs had been received: Program of the "Fifth Annual State Conference of California D. A. R."; "Tenth Annual Conference Colorado Chapters, N. S. D. A. R."; "Fifteenth Annual Council Meeting of the Maine D. A. R.," and of the banquet of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter of Michigan. An invitation from Cabrillo Chapter of California to meet Mrs. John W. Foster, Honorary President General, at the home of the Regent, Mrs. Stilson; one from the Association for the Preservation of Virginia antiquities to the opening exercises and a reception in the home of Mr. Chief Justice John Marshall (now the property of the Association); another from The Society of the Ark and the Dove for their "Second Social Court," and one from the State Regent of New Jersey for the reception to be held in the New Jersey room during the Congress. Year Books had been received from "Old North" Chapter, Boston, Mass.; "Clinton" Chapter, Clinton, Iowa; "Betty Washington" Chapter, Lawrence, Kansas; "Jackson Madison" Chapter, Tennessee; from Nebraska, "History of the Organization of the Nebraska D. A. R."; State and Chapter officers of Nebraska; eleventh annual address of State Regent, Mrs. Norton; "Leaflets on Immigration"; "Description of W. C. T. U. Settlement School," Hindman, Ky.; "Protection of the American Flag," speech by Hon. James Young, of Texas.

Regrets had been received from Mrs. Charles W. Pursell, State Regent of Idaho; from Mrs. H. B. Patten, State Regent of Wyoming; Mrs. Walter J. Reed, State Regent of Washington; Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison, State Regent of Virginia; Mrs. Clovis H. Bowen, State Vice-Regent of Rhode Island; Mrs. Chalmers M. Williamson, Vice-President General of Mississippi; Mrs. Julia McA. Noel, State Regent of Arkansas; Mrs. Daniel Mann Edwards, State Regent of Rhode Island; Mrs. Stella A. Kahl, State Regent of South Dakota; Mrs. John F. Beaumont, State Regent of Oregon; Mrs. George W. Vickers, State Regent of Arizona.

The Corresponding Secretary General presented the following report, which was accepted on motion of the Vice-President General of Indiana.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The following report covers correspondence attended to and supplies sent from the office of Corresponding Secretary General during February and March, 1913:

Letters received	946
Letters written	791
Application blanks mailed	9,911
Constitutions	587
Circular "How to Become a Member"	853
Officers' lists	829
Miniature blanks	723
Transfer cards	779

The business referred to my office at the February Board meeting was promptly attended to. Several letters in reply to those written were received. The Englishman who suggested that this Society print separate copies of the Declaration of Independence was very much pleased that his suggestion met with favor and he will feel very much honored to receive a copy of it when printed. Mr. McCracken, of the Hall of Fame in New York City, acknowledged the gift of a D. A. R. Directory, which is highly appreciated and will be placed in the archives of the Hall.

Respectfully submitted,

CLARA ROSSER DENNIS,
Corresponding Secretary General.

The Corresponding Secretary General also read a communication from the Washington Chamber of Commerce, requesting a report from the Society of its financial standing, number of members, the number of people attending our Congress, etc.

On motion of the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the Vice-President General of Indiana, it was voted that this information be granted.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters presented the following report, which was accepted on motion of the Registrar General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

According to the ruling of the Twenty-first Continental Congress, I present no Chapter Regents for confirmation, nor Chapters to be authorized. I have, however, a request from the Chapter at Lexington, Neb., for the use of the name "Bonneville." Captain Bonneville was the first man to take a wagon train through this part of Nebraska, and the people of the State owe much to him.

The "Judge Samuel McDowell" Chapter of Cynthia, Ky., has voted to disband, and I request that it be declared null and void.

The card catalogue reports:

Members' cards	1,625
Changes	1,450
Deaths	285
Dropped	392
Marriages	253
Reinstated	51
Resigned	387
Added membership April 5th, 1913	100,664
Actual membership April 5th, 1913	77,312
Office report:	
Letters received	456

Letters written	560
Officers' lists received	175
Officers' lists written for	150
Notifications to State Regents	21
Notifications to Chapter Regents	37
Chapter Regents Commissions	37

Respectfully submitted,

FRANCES INGraham MANN,
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

The Registrar General stated that her office report would be printed, and presented a list of 282 names of applicants for membership, including two admitted on condition of receiving their State Regents' signatures. On motion of the Librarian General, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for their admission and the President General declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the Board	280
Conditionally	2
Supplemental applications verified	385
Original papers returned unverified	19
Supplemental papers returned unverified	84
Permits for the Insignia issued	507
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued	465
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued	469
Applications of Real Daughters presented	0
Number of letters, including duplicate papers, issued	3,070
Number of cards issued	2,600
Original papers examined, and not yet verified	360
Supplemental papers examined, and not yet verified	790
New records verified	413
Certificates issued	1,942
Original papers awaiting Notary's Seal	12
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's Seal	6
Total number of papers verified	683
Number of application papers copied	177 \$44.25
Number of lists copied	8 15.25

Total

Respectfully submitted,

CATHERINE E. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Historian General presented the following report:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

In presenting my final report of the year I wish to say that I have neither forgotten what I undertook to do nor slackened in my determination to get it done. "The quality of good in a thing is what makes it go—that makes it go so that it will not run down, and so that nothing can stop it."

If the work has been good it is not because the Chairman was a specialist herself in history, but because in her office there has been from the beginning an organized historical staff, ably manned within and in touch without

with expert workers. It has been my duty but to direct those who had special knowledge. I imagine it was only in this way that the attempt could be made, as to the success of which critics and the public must judge.

The Lineage Books have been brought out on schedule time, like old Uncle Joe's ferry. When asked by a passenger when the ferry ran, he replied: "Dis yer ferry, marse, she runs at quarter arter, quarter to and at!"

One thing truthfully may be said about the boundaries of the work in the Historian's Department. They do not exist. Which reminds me of an answer Carlyle gave a street arab in Hyde Park one day when an urchin said, "Say, mister, can we roll on this 'ere grass?" "Aye, boy," said Carlyle, "roll—at discretion!"

The whole great country in America is flung open for historians, for America has arrived at that position where she rather likes to be studied by her neighbors. Americans like best to go to the Tower of London and put their hands directly upon History, but every day I grow more amazed at our lamentable ignorance of our own American history.

In a company of fifty women recently not a single person could repeat—and many not recall at all—the inscription on the Liberty Bell, nor tell from what it was quoted. (See *Leviticus*, xxv:10.)

Our committee has had some very valuable and special gifts—old folios, old Latin fathers (sermons in stone, they might be called, for they are quite as heavy). There they lie in our rescue room. Time has been at work on some of them, gnawing their leather backs and rusting their medieval clasps—but what sentinels of the past they are!

Here is a rare old Bible (a gift from the Peggy Stewart Chapter, Annapolis)—what a good sentinel it has been, not neglecting but holding its message all these years, and furnishing data for a new generation.

I was never so impressed with the fact that it was the fate of so many men to die almost famous as I am to-day, after working toward a "Department of Early American Poetry"—and finding out that there were 150 writers during 50 years dating from the Revolution, and that every tenth American citizen, from the "Father of His Country" down, rhymed on each intermediate subject from the infinite to the infinitesimal. Let us collect and consign for safe keeping these rare volumes. Each one is a gift of value to our Department of History.

From Pennsylvania we especially want the "Pennsylvania Pilgrim," a protest of the Germantown colonists against slavery, and said by the poet Whittier, who wrote it, to be much better, in his opinion, than "Snow-bound," though the public would never find it out.

We want a series of historic pictures, signatures of the signers of the Declaration and Colonial Governors. We want to call upon Virginia for an original of the old vignette made in remembrance of the loyalty which led her to proclaim Charles II. King of

England, Scotland, France, Ireland and Virginia.

En dat Virginia quartem, says the scroll, which shows it prior to the union of England and Scotland, and brings us to the realization that our life in America began here where it left off in England, and flows on, only under other skies, in a continuous stream with all the gathered force of the centuries of European civilization.

We want, too, from Virginia those first literary works of the new world, one from the James River—Sandy's translation of Ovid, and from Massachusetts that first book or a copy, 1640, the version of the Psalms by the combined clergy of New England, reprinted in Cambridge as late as 1862, called Bay Psalm Book.

For a special department of Letters, we want a copy of "Familiar Letters of John Adams and His Wife, Abigail," 1774-1783, to which Thackeray refers as a genuine memoir of the Revolution, to introduce us to the real flesh and blood of history.

Our shelf of history wants the four foremost American writers of history, Bancroft, Prescott, Motley and Parkman—all from Massachusetts, in or near Boston, and whoever gives Bancroft, please mark the passage in which he describes the Battle of Lexington, which Emerson said he never could read without tears.

The mystery of why one book and one author is preferred and spared as against another is not solved. One Defoe, for example, gets into jail and writes a romance that no one dares confess he has not read, and poor Watts, on the "Mind," lies in the dust on the shelf—unknown.

But why not collect all our old American books—with their delicious chaotic spelling—widow with two d's—perfectly arbitrary capitals, quaint dedications, but with scarcely an allusion to contemporary events—because when one is making history he is sublimely unconscious of the fact.

In one great department of work, that of the copying of marriage records, special mention must be made of the attention now so widespread given to our unique departure into a field practically pre-empted by us, through the insight of a gifted daughter, Mrs. G. W. Hodges. As this copying of records is a possible gift from almost any member who will give her time and service, and since it is a gift promising to take on a value far exceeding that even our ideas had placed on it, it is hoped that every chapter in the country will take part in making our church and court marriage record books the pride and glory of our National Society. The Mordecai Gist Chapter, of Baltimore, has copied 2,000.

One final word urging accuracy and fidelity to all requirements in presenting written documents.

"The duties of persons and societies that project schemes for worthily commemorating important historic events do not end with raising funds, selecting artists and managing the dedicatory exercises. It is extremely im-

pertant that a memorial, whatever form it may take, shall in all its details tell the truth."

In conclusion, I appeal to you for a careful consideration of two suggestions looking toward a more perfect organization of the Historical Research Committee's work.

First, I would suggest that this Board authorize the Historian General to consult with the best authorities in this country in formulating a course of study in American history, to be made available without charge, to every chapter D. A. R. in our National Society, and freely offered to any student applying to the National Society.

Second, that our magazine, following the lead of such a distinctive magazine as that which popularizes the study of geography, shall be known hereafter as the Magazine of the Daughters of the American Revolution and its object be to foster and to popularize the study of history, as well as to publish the original source material gathered by its own members.

My ambitions for the Historical Research and Preservation of Records are to be embodied in my next report at the 22nd Congress.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY C. BASSETT,
Historian General.

The Vice-President General of Ohio moved: That this report be received and that the resolution be adopted.

The motion was carried unanimously with a rising vote of thanks.

The Assistant Historian General reported as follows:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

Perhaps no one realizes the rapid increase of the Society better than the Assistant Historian General, who is obliged to communicate with every chapter, not only once, but often several times.

The report for this year has increased in the number of chapters reporting. Over 800 reports are in the next volume, and in response to quite a general request for an index which gave the name of every individual appearing in the report, the Assistant Historian General has endeavored to carry out that wish; and she wishes to state that in addition to all the other names she has individually indexed the names of over 3,000 Revolutionary soldiers.

The report is now in the hands of the United States Government, and they told me the other day that it would be published some time during the summer.

Respectfully submitted,

ELEEN STRAW THOMPSON.

The President General spoke of the painstaking work and unusual skill of our Assistant Historian General, whose reports, she had heard stated, were the very best that had ever been sent to the United States Government, which requires an annual report from the Society, as we are incorporated under the Department of the Interior.

On motion of the Vice-President General

of Tennessee, seconded by the Vice-President General of Georgia, the report was adopted with a rising vote of thanks.

The State Regent of Indiana presented to the Library a copy of Weems' "Life of Washington," which was accepted with a vote of thanks on motion of the Recording Secretary General.

The Librarian General presented the following report, stating that she wished to endorse most heartily all that had been said by our eloquent Historian General about the wants of the library. On motion of the Vice-President General of Pennsylvania, the report was accepted.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions received since the February meeting:

BOOKS.

Genealogy of One Branch of the Vander Veer Family. By John J. Vander Veer, Amsterdam, New York, 1912. Presented by Miss Elizabeth Lesley Jackson.

John Kitchel and Esther Peck, Ancestors and Descendants. By George Chalmers McCormick, Fort Collins, Colorado, 1913. Presented by the author.

Colonial Families of the Southern States of America. By Stella Pickett Hardy, New York, 1911. Presented by the author.

Henry Troth, September 4, 1794, to May 22, 1812. By Samuel Troth, Philadelphia, 1903. Presented by Henry Troth.

Minnis Family of Ireland and America. By Elizabeth Austin, Carrollton, Missouri, 1912. Presented by author through Registrar General.

The McGills. By Augustus McGill, St. Paul, 1910. Presented by Mr. and Mrs. F. C. McGill through Mrs. Henry Harrison Cummings.

Pierpont Genealogies from Norman Times to 1913, with particular attention paid to the line of descent from Hezekiah Pierpont, youngest son of Rev. James Pierpont. Presented by the author.

Pension Papers, being typewritten extracts of original papers on file in Pension Office. Vols. 18, 19 and 21. Vol. 19 compiled in office of Historian General. Vols. 18 and 21 compiled in office of Registrar General.

Collections of the New York Historical Society. Vol. 39, Abstracts of Wills, 1796-1801. Vols. 40, 41 and 42 corrections in Abstracts of Wills.

Proceedings of the New York State Historical Association. Vol. 11, 1912.

Archives of Maryland. William Hand Browne, editor. Vols. 28 to 32, inclusive. Baltimore, 1907-1912.

Proceedings, 1908-1909, of the Pennsylvania Society, Sons of the Revolution. Philadelphia, 1909. Presented by the Society.

Collections of the Maine Historical Society. Vols. 6 and 8 of the 2d Series.

History of the National Society, Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, for

year ending May 13, 1912. Presented by the Society.

Report of the Committee, National Centennial Celebration of the early settlement of the territory northwest of the Ohio. Columbus, 1889. Presented by Miss Frances B. Johnston.

Proceedings of the Ohio Daughters of the American Revolution State Conference. October, 1912. Presented.

Proceedings of the 13th Annual Conference of the Missouri Daughters of the American Revolution. October, 1912. Presented.

Proceedings of the 16th Pennsylvania State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution. November, 1912. Presented.

Genealogical and Personal Memoirs of Chester and Delaware Counties, Pennsylvania. Compiled by Gilbert Cope and Henry Graham Ashmead. 2 Vols. New York, 1904. Presented by Chester County Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

New Index to "Civil and Military Lists of Rhode Island." By Joseph J. Smith, Providence, 1907. Presented by the Rhode Island Daughters.

Lloyd Manuscripts. Welsh Records. By Howard Williams Lloyd, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, 1912.

Welsh Settlement of Pennsylvania. By Charles H. Browning, Philadelphia, 1912.

The last two presented by the Philadelphia Chapter.

Records of Births, Marriages and Deaths, Sturbridge, Mass. Published by George A. Whitaker, Southbridge, 1879. Presented by Miss Lillian Whitaker.

Stub Entries to Indents of Payments of South Carolina Revolutionary Claims. Edited by A. S. Salley. Presented by the Old Cheraws and Daniel Morgan Chapters.

Year Book, 1910-1911, of the Daughters of the Cincinnati. Presented by Mrs. J. N. Danner.

Main Local History—A Bibliography. Compiled by Drew B. Hall, Albany, 1901. Presented by New York State Library.

Chapter Year Books, 1912-1913. 4 volumes Presented.

History of the Old Tenny Church. Compiled by Rev. Frank R. Symmes, 2d edition. Cranberry, N. J., 1904. Presented by the author through Mrs. H. B. Howell.

Navy Year Book. Compiled by Woodbury Pulsifer. Washington, 1912. Presented by George C. Perkins.

In Memory's Garden. By Bertha Grace Robie, Richmond, Ind. Presented by the author.

Annual of the Bradford County (Pa.) Historical Society. Number 6. Towanda, 1912. Presented by the Livingston Manor Chapter.

Bulletin New York Public Library. Vol. 16. New York, 1912.

Maryland Historical Magazine. Vol. 7. Baltimore, 1912.

Missouri Historical Review. Vol. 6. Columbia, 1912. Presented by Missouri State Historical Society.

North Carolina Booklet. Vol. 11. Raleigh, 1912.

South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine. Vol. 13. Charleston, 1912.

Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly. Vol. 21. Columbus, 1912.

Life and Public Services of Henry Clay. By Epes Sargent. Edited by Horace Greeley. New York, 1855.

Works of Dr. Benjamin Franklin, consisting of essays, humorous, moral and literary; with his life written by himself. New York, 1825.

Life of the Marquis De La Fayette. By Robert Waln, Jr.

Life of William Pinkney. By Rev. William Pinkney. New York, 1853.

Select American Speeches. Arranged by S. C. Carpenter. Philadelphia, 1815.

Eulogies in Honor of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson. 1826.

History of the Siege of Boston and the Battles of Lexington, Concord and Bunker Hill. By Richard Frothingham, Boston, 1819.

(The last seven presented by the Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter.)

For the Emily Hendree Park Memorial the following forty-six accessions have been received:

Colonial Records of Georgia. 21 Vols.

Revolutionary Records of Georgia. 3 Vols.

Confederate Records of Georgia. 4 Vols.

Reminiscences of Famous Georgians. By Lucian Lamar Knight. 2 Vols. Presented by author through Mrs. John M. Graham.

Georgia Land and People. By Francis Letcher Mitchell. 1 Vol. Presented by author.

Historical Collections of Joseph Habersham Chapter. 3 Vols. Presented by Joseph Habersham Chapter.

American Authors. A Handbook of American Literature from Early Colonial to Living Writers. By Mildred L. Rutherford. 1 Vol.

French Authors—Handbook of French Literature. Froissart to Living Writers. By Mildred L. Rutherford. 1 Vol.

English Authors—Handbook of English Literature. Chaucer to Living Authors. By Mildred L. Rutherford. 1 Vol.

The South in Story and Literature. By Mildred L. Rutherford. 1 Vol.

Nannie Brown and Edward Kennedy. By Mildred L. Rutherford. 1 Vol.

Bible Questions with Reference to the Old Testament. By Mildred L. Rutherford. (The last six presented by the author.)

The Heiress of Cranham Hall. The Love of Oglethorpe. A romance of Georgia. By Eugenia Estill. Presented by the author.

Sketch of Life and Times of Joseph E. Brown. By Herbert Fielder. Presented by Mrs. E. L. Connally.

"Mementos." Good Wishes and Latter Day Lines. By Francis Hodgson Orme. Atlanta. Presented by Mrs. Francis H. Orme.

The Strife of Brothers. A poem. By Joseph Tyrone Derry. New York, 1904.

By-Paths in Dixie. Folk tales of the South. By Sarah Johnson Cocke. New York, 1911.

Story of the Confederate States. By Joseph T. Derry. Richmond, 1898.

PAMPHLETS.

Inscriptions, Alphabetically Arranged, of the Tombstones in the Old Cemetery at Stone Church, Northampton County, Pa. Transcribed by Kathryn and William Atchley. Presented.

The Visit of General Washington to Newport in 1781. By Mrs. French E. Chadwick. (Special bulletin, Newport Historical Society.) Newport, 1913. Presented by Miss Edith May Tilley.

The Old Moravian Sun Inn, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, 1758. An authentic history. 3d edition.

History of Egypt Church, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania. By Charles R. Roberts and Rev. J. D. Schindel, Allentown, 1908.

The last two presented by Mrs. John P. Kohler.

Old Fort Sandoski and the DeLery Portage. By Lucy Elliot Keeler. Reprinted from volume 21, Ohio State Archaeological and Historical Society Publications. Presented by the author.

Fort Horn Monument Dedication, McElhattan, Pennsylvania. December 31, 1912. Presented by Anna Martha Shaw.

State Year Book of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Colorado. 1911-1912. Presented.

Iowa's Daughters of the American Revolution 13th Annual Conference. October, 1912. Presented.

State Year Book of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution. 1912-1913. Presented.

Proceedings of the 16th Virginia State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution. October, 1912. Presented.

Proceedings of the 14th Conference of the Georgia Chapters of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. April, 1912. Presented.

PERIODICALS.

American Monthly Magazine. February, March
American Forestry......March
Illinois State Historical Society Journal.....October

Maryland Historical Magazine......March
Mayflower Descendants......October
New York Public Library Bulletin,

February, March
Pennsylvania Germania....January, February
Somerset County Historical Quarterly...April
New York Genealogical and Biographical

Record.....April
South Carolina Historical Magazine...January
Virginia Magazine of History and Biography.....April

The above accessions comprise 107 books, 11 pamphlets and 14 periodicals.

89 books were presented, 17 received in exchange and 1 purchased; 11 pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

AMARYLLIS GILLET,
Librarian General,

April 12, 1913.

N. S., D. A. R.

The Chairman of the Auditing Committee, Mrs. Allen Putnam Perley, presented the re-

port of the Audit Company, which was accepted on motion of the Historian General.

The financial report of the Treasurer General was then accepted on motion of the Librarian General.

The Chairman of the Finance Committee, Miss Gillett, then read the following report, calling attention to the fact that if members of the Society would read the Magazine there would not be such deplorable ignorance as to the state of the finances of the Society.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Your Finance Committee reports bills authorized during the months of February and March, 1913, to the amount of \$12,790.49. Of this amount the largest items were:

Pay roll	\$5,592.37
Real Daughters' Support.....	688.00
Postage (including stamped envelopes), Officers, State Regents and Committees	543.15
Printing, which includes price of Flexotype printing machine, \$529.20, and type for same.....	946.22

Respectfully submitted,

AMARYLLIS GILLET,

Chairman.

CLARA ROSSER DENNIS,
ABBIE W. JOHNSON.

The President General spoke with regret of the illness of the State Regent of Virginia, and asked that a message of sympathy be sent to her.

On motion of the State Regent of Georgia, seconded by the Registrar General, the Vice-Presidents General of Pennsylvania and Indiana and several others, it was voted:

"That this Board extend their sympathy to Mrs. Jamison, State Regent of Virginia, on account of her illness, and regret that she cannot be with us."

The President General stated that she had been asked by Mrs. Philip N. Moore, former President of the Federation of Women's Clubs, 3337 Lafayette avenue, St. Louis, Mo., to send the names of five women from every State in the United States to represent the Daughters of the American Revolution at the great Peace Conference May 1, 2 and 3, in St. Louis, Mo. In accordance with this, the President General requested each State Regent to appoint five women from her State to attend this conference.

The President General spoke of the very beautiful concert given by the Rubenstein Club, under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, at Memorial Continental Hall, April 4, for the benefit of the flood sufferers. The Rubenstein Club gave their services, as did all the employees at the Hall, and something over \$375 was realized from the concert. Mr. Thomas Nelson Page had generously contributed \$100. The President General further said that it had been suggested by some of the ladies that this sum might be increased, and asked the opinion of the Board as to suggesting the matter at Congress.

On motion of the Chairman of the Finance Committee, seconded by the Vice-Presidents General of Pennsylvania and Delaware, it was voted:

"That we raise the sum for the flood sufferers to \$500."

The President General spoke of the invitation from Dr. Walcott, the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, to attend a reception at the beautiful New National Museum that evening, from 9 to 11, and urged a large attendance. All the patriotic societies were invited, as well as the Daughters of the American Revolution and their families.

The State Regent of Illinois reported the death of three Real Daughters, in her State, Mrs. Zilla Park Bovee, of Downer's Grove, Mrs. Keyes, of Princeton, and Mrs. Montgomery, of Effingham.

The Recording Secretary General, as Chairman of the Printing Committee, stated that as her report is simply extracts from the Treasurer General's report, showing the items of printing for the year, she would ask that it be printed without being read, which was granted.

The State Regent of Kansas read for the Treasurer General the following report.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from February 1 to March 31, 1913.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report January 31, 1913..... \$2,773.23

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$49,099.00, less \$670.00 refunded.....	\$48,429.00	
Initiation fees, \$1,831.00, less \$35.00 refunded.....	1,796.00	
Certificates	5.00	
Current interest	37.32	
D. A. R. report to Smithsonian Institution.....	9.53	
Directory	19.19	
Duplicate papers and lists.....	58.75	
Early History.....	43	
Exchange	30	
Hand books	40.25	
Lineage books	97.38	
Magazine	3.30	
Magazine refund, Magazine Committee.....	300.00	
Proceedings, Twentieth Continental Congress.....	.50	
Proceedings, Twenty-first Continental Congress.....	3.98	
Ribbon	5.48	
Slot machine35	
Stationery	50.04	
Telephone	1.50	
	<hr/>	
	\$50,858.30	\$50,858.30
		<hr/>
		\$53,631.53

EXPENDITURES.

Office of Vice-President General, Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Clerical service	\$331.14
Repairs to typewriter.....	8.00

\$339.14

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Clerical service	\$290.00
Postage	8.50
Cards and binding one volume "Rulings".....	6.25

304.75

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service	\$150.00
Blanks and cards.....	218.00
Repairs to typewriter and sharpening erasers.....	5.70
Postage and printed postals and expressage.....	46.80
Postals for printing.....	10.00

430.50

Office of Registrar General.

Clerical service	\$1,280.50
Extra clerical service.....	50.00
Tin box, expressage, paper and cards.....	7.15
Binding 13 volumes Registrar's records.....	37.50
6,000 postals for printing.....	60.00

1,435.15

Office of Treasurer General.

Clerical service	\$1,273.00
Extra clerical service	12.00
Extra clerical service, Business Office	150.00
Cards, blanks and receipt books	80.85
Telegram and sharpening erasers	2.10

1,517.95

Office of Historian General.

Clerical service	\$320.00
1,000 copies Lineage Book (volume 35)	558.00
Expressage, freight, drayage and postage	21.59
2,000 printed postals	22.50

922.09

Office of Assistant Historian General.

Typewriting, postage, proofreading, expressage and supplies ..	\$184.65
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184.65

Office of Librarian General.

Clerical service	\$150.00
Almanac, cards, postage, drayage and expressage	11.40
Binding and re-binding 22 volumes	25.40

186.80

General Office.

Messenger service	\$49.30
Carfare	5.00
Postage and overdue postage	24.50
Supplies	65.04
15,000 stamped envelopes	326.40
Bicycle	33.00
Dictionary, directory, expressage and drayage	12.55
Committee, Auditing, telegrams and telephones	1.68
Committee, Building and Grounds, postage50
Committee, Children of the Republic, expressage42
Committee, Conservation, 500 booklets	75.00
Committee, Conservation, postage	1.98
Committee, Desecration of the Flag, 100 printed envelopes	1.75
Committee, Finance, postage06
Committee, Historic Spots, typewriting and postage	17.74
Committee, Historic Spots (Old Trails), postage, telegrams and stenographic service	10.00
Committee, Patriotic Education, printing, postage and ex- pressage	89.24
Committee, Peace Arbitration, postage	1.30
Committee, Revolutionary Relics, postage	1.33
Committee, Welfare Women and Children, printing and post- age	23.62

740.41

Expense Continental Hall.

Superintendent	\$250.00
Mechanic	108.00
Watchman	124.50
Guide	110.00
Telephone operator	70.00
Cleaners	370.50
48 tons coal and hauling 29 loads of ashes	317.00
Electric current and water rent	190.18
Ice and towel service	29.94
Whitewashing, cement, sand, hose and making dust cloths	43.50
Sweeping compound, soap and disinfectants	41.04
Polish, paint, putty, comb, ammonia, gasoline, vaseline and oil ..	7.85
Hardware, sandpaper, solder, shells, chair braces and workshop supplies	22.04
Frame, moulding, glass, chair seats, coat hooks, tape and re- pairs to clothes tree	4.81
Felt, oilcloth, sheet iron, shaker, grate, blank book and ther- mometers	19.62
Brooms, kettle, mop, tumblers, buckets, funnel and strainer ..	9.49
Electric supplies	33.34
Repairs to elevator and packing	12.61
Carriage caller, labor and maid	6.50
Cloak room checks, express and drayage	6.71

1,777.63

Printing Machine.

Flexotype printer, gravity typesetter and automatic paper feed	\$529.20	
Blade, type, ink, pan and rubber blanket	20.41	
Electros, paper, cards and cement (Vice-President General, C.O.C., Recording and Corresponding Secretaries, Registrar and Historian General and General Office—Continental Hall, Transportation and Memorial Highways Committees)	46.49	
Printer	26.50	622.60

Magazine.

Printing and mailing 8 extra pages	\$75.23	
Mounts for screen and lists to publisher	6.50	
Trip to New York, telephone and postage, Chairman	18.50	
Salary, Editor and clerk	200.00	
Postage, expressage and telegrams, Editor	8.35	
Postals and cut paper, Editor	3.25	
Expense "Notes and Queries," Genealogical Editor	60.00	
Folders and pamphlet boxes, Genealogical Editor	7.55	379.38

Certificate.

Clerical service	\$150.00	
Tubes and certificates	197.31	
Engrossing certificates	179.50	
Postage and expressage	88.33	615.14

Support Real Daughters.

Support January, February and March	\$688.00	688.00
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Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment.

Carpet for stage and aisles	\$208.20	
Bookcase, Registrar General	21.50	
Typewriter, Business Office	92.25	
Steps, front entrance	38.50	
Ventilator	8.80	369.25

Auditing Accounts.

Audits, October, November, December and January	\$250.00	250.00
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Proceedings, Twenty-first Congress.

Postage	\$1.20	1.20
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Ribbon.

Six bolts D. A. R. ribbon	\$18.00	18.00
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Spoons.

Two spoons for Real Daughters	\$4.80	4.80
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State Regents' Postage.

State Regent, Connecticut	\$10.00	
" " Florida	13.82	
" " Georgia	5.00	
" " Missouri	15.00	
" " New Hampshire	36.50	
" " Ohio	5.00	85.32

Stationery—National Officers, General Office, etc.

Chaplain General	\$6.50	
Registrar General	21.50	
Treasurer General	31.50	
General Office	49.95	
Magazine—Genealogical Editor	15.50	
Committee, Peace Arbitration	5.40	
" Revolutionary Relics	6.30	
" Transportation (Twenty-second Congress)	4.40	
" Welfare Women and Children	7.20	
" Magazine, Chairman	5.00	153.25

<i>Stationery—State Regents.</i>			
State Regent, Delaware.....	\$4.80		
" " Florida	2.40		
" " Georgia	18.00		
" " Iowa	1.60		
" " Maryland	3.25		
" " Massachusetts	11.00		
" " Mississippi	28.10		
" " Missouri	17.60		
" " New York	18.40		
" " Tennessee	4.80		
" " Virginia	6.25		
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<i>Telephone.</i>			
Telephone service	\$66.75		116.20
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<i>Twentieth Continental Congress.</i>			
One spoon for page.....	\$1.50		66.75
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<i>Twenty-first Continental Congress.</i>			
Seventy-three spoons for pages.....	\$109.50		1.50
Bugler	6.00		
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<i>Twenty-second Continental Congress.</i>			
Committee, Credential, clerical service.....	\$186.33		115.50
" " House, clerical service.....	30.00		
" " labor	27.50		
" " lumber	10.72		
" " postage	1.60		
" " Press, press service.....	250.00		
" " postage and expressage.....	9.85		
" " envelopes and circulars.....	5.50		
" " Transportation, clerical service.....	2.00		
" " postage	26.00		
" " rent typewriter	12.00		
" " 2,000 envelopes	4.90		566.40
Interest to Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean Historical and Franco-American Funds	33.47	33.47	\$11,925.83
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Balance on hand, March 31, 1913.....			\$41,705.70
On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank.....	\$41,405.70		
Receipts not deposited.....	300.00		
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			\$41,705.70
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Petty Cash Fund.....	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00
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<i>Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean Historical Fund.</i>			
As at last report, January 31, 1913.....	\$1,471.08		
Interest	29.42	1,500.50	
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Balance on hand, March 31, 1913.....			\$1,500.50
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<i>Franco-American Fund.</i>			
As at last report, January 31, 1913.....	\$202.50		
Interest	4.05	\$206.55	
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Balance on hand, March 31, 1913.....			\$206.55

PATRIOTIC EDUCATION.

RECEIPTS.

Katherine Gaylord Chapter, Connecticut.....	\$50.00
Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Connecticut.....	50.00
Mrs. Mary Packer Clark, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Connecticut.....	50.00
Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Connecticut.....	100.00
Susan Carrington Clarke Chapter, Connecticut.....	50.00
Margaret Whetten Chapter, District of Columbia.....	25.00

Mary Bartlett Chapter, District of Columbia.....	43.63
Potomac Chapter, District of Columbia.....	5.00
D. C. Society Daughters of 1812, District of Columbia.....	25.00
Atlanta Chapter, Georgia.....	15.00
Augusta Chapter, Georgia.....	10.00
Baron de Kalb Chapter, Georgia.....	1.00
Button Gwinnett Chapter, Georgia.....	5.00
David Meriwether Chapter, Georgia.....	7.50
Fielding Lewis Chapter, Georgia.....	25.00
Gen. James Jackson Chapter, Georgia.....	50.00
Gov. Jared Irwin Chapter, Georgia.....	3.00
John Houston Chapter, Georgia.....	5.00
Nancy Hart Chapter, Georgia.....	3.00
Oglethorpe Chapter, Georgia.....	10.00
Shadrach Inman Chapter, Georgia.....	10.00
Stone Castle Chapter, Georgia.....	50.00
William Marsh Chapter, Georgia.....	50.00
Elgin Chapter, Illinois.....	4.35
Gen. John Stark Chapter, Illinois.....	10.00
Geneseo Chapter, Illinois.....	25.00
Illini Chapter, Illinois.....	10.00
Kewanee Chapter, Illinois.....	15.00
Moline Chapter, Illinois.....	10.00
Polly Sumner Chapter, Illinois.....	4.35
Rebecca Park Chapter, Illinois.....	5.00
Rochelle Chapter, Illinois.....	10.00
Mrs. Abby Farwell Ferry, Lake Forest, Illinois.....	4.35
Attleboro Chapter, Massachusetts.....	3.00
Col. Thomas Gardner Chapter, Massachusetts.....	10.00
Algonquin Chapter, Michigan.....	11.20
Lucy Wolcott Barnum Chapter, Michigan.....	25.00
O'Fallon Chapter, Missouri.....	10.00
New Hampshire Chapters, New Hampshire.....	3.00
Margery Sullivan Chapter, New Hampshire.....	10.00
Molly Aiken Chapter, New Hampshire.....	5.00
New Boston Chapter, New Hampshire.....	3.00
Rochester Chapter, New Hampshire.....	10.00
Oak Tree Chapter, New Jersey.....	10.00
Blooming Grove Chapter, New York.....	50.00
Gouverneur Morris Chapter, New York.....	10.00
Melzingah Chapter, New York.....	50.00
Washington Heights Chapter, New York.....	20.00
Martha Pitkin Chapter, Ohio.....	20.00
Moshannon Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	5.00
Mrs. Albert A. Horne, Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania....	25.00
Bonny Kate Chapter, Tennessee.....	10.00
Brattleboro Chapter, Vermont.....	10.00
Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, Virginia.....	10.00
Great Bridge Chapter, Virginia.....	10.00
Mount Vernon Chapter, Virginia.....	5.00
Narcissa Whitman Chapter, Washington.....	15.00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Berry School, Georgia.....	\$519.70
Hindman School, Kentucky.....	78.05
Ozark School, Missouri.....	5.00
Asheville Industrial School, North Carolina.....	43.63
Christ School, North Carolina.....	15.00
Dorothy Sharpe School, North Carolina.....	20.00
Maryville College, Tennessee.....	325.00
Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tennessee.....	10.00
Mountain Missions, Virginia.....	25.00
Southern Industrial Educational Association.....	40.00

\$1,081.38

\$1,081.38

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, January 31, 1913..... \$2,494.74

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees	\$50.00
Life Membership Fees.....	3,050.00

Continental Hall Contributions.

ALABAMA.	
Alabama Chapters, room.....	\$15.50
Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial..	5.00
ARIZONA.	
Maricopa Chapter (Penny a Day).....	50.00
ARKANSAS.	
Arkansas Conference—Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	25.00
CALIFORNIA.	
Pasadena Chapter—Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial...	1.00
Sierra Chapter, room.....	50.00
CONNECTICUT.	
Connecticut Chapters, to place statue of Oliver Ellsworth in Hall	12.12
Connecticut Chapters, balance bronze doors.....	513.00
Anna Warner Bailey Chapter, account bronze doors.....	5.00
Elizabeth Clarke Hull Chapter, account bronze doors....	10.00
Hannah Woodruff Chapter, account bronze doors.....	25.00
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, acct. bronze doors....	10.00
Ruth Wyllys Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	5.00
DELAWARE.	
Delaware Chapters, marking column.....	4.64
Cooch's Bridge Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	1.00
Mrs. Louise C. M. Furbee, Caesar Rodney Chapter, account of room.....	115.00
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	
Army and Navy Chapter, final payment on fountain.....	199.77
Capt. Molly Pitcher Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	2.00
Mary Bartlett Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	5.00
Potomac Chapter	15.00
Mrs. Mary B. Harrison (Penny a Day).....	3.65
GEORGIA.	
Augusta Chapter	10.00
Gov. Edward Telfair Chapter.....	2.00
Thronateeska Chapter, chair for platform.....	10.00
Xavier Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial.....	1.00
ILLINOIS.	
Mrs. Geo. A. Lawrence, State Regent and Illinois Daughters, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial.....	60.00
Dorothy Quincy Chapter.....	15.00
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, silver state spoons, banquet hall.....	30.00
Rebecca Park Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	3.00
INDIANA.	
Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial (scholarship).....	100.00
Gen. Arthur St. Clair Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	15.00
IOWA.	
Iowa Chapters, room.....	56.00
Iowa Chapters, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial.....	13.00
KANSAS.	
Molly Foster Berry Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	1.00
KENTUCKY.	
Gen. Samuel Hopkins Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	5.00
Hart Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial.....	2.00
Israel Putnam Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial	2.00
John Marshall Chapter, balance box.....	20.50
LOUISIANA.	
Pelican Chapter	25.00
MAINE.	
Frances Dighton Williams Chapter (Penny a Day).....	11.95
MARYLAND.	
Mrs. Helen A. Linthicum, Baltimore Chapter, to place names of Mesdames J. Pembroke Thom and A. Leo Knott on Remembrance Book.....	100.00

Mrs. Helen A. Linthicum, <i>Baltimore Chapter</i> , silver forks for banquet hall.....	34.00
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Mrs. Theo. C. Bates, <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , lounge and plate, retiring room.....	79.25
Mrs. Theo. C. Bates, <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , plates for flagstaffs in board room.....	2.50
<i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i>	25.00
<i>Minute Men Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
<i>Old Newbury Chapter (Penny a Day)</i>	107.31
MICHIGAN.	
<i>Algonquin Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Rebecca Dewey Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial (scholarship)</i>	5.00
Mrs. Benton Hanchett, <i>Saginaw Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
MISSOURI.	
<i>Anne Helm Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	2.50
<i>Dacey Langston Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Elizabeth Benton Chapter</i>	25.00
<i>Mexico-Missouri Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	2.50
<i>Noah Coleman Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Pike County Chapter</i>	5.00
<i>Rhoda Fairchild Chapter</i>	10.00
NEBRASKA.	
<i>Coronada Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i> ..	1.00
<i>Deborah Avery Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
<i>Elizabeth Montague Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Fort Kearney Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Lewis-Clark Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
<i>Margaret Holmes Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Ni-ku-mi Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Niobrara Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Omaha Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
<i>Otoe Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Pawnee Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Platte Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>50
<i>Quivera Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	1.00
<i>Superior Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>50
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
<i>Elsie Cilley Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Liberty Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Mary Torr Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Milford Chapter</i>	25.00
<i>Molly Aiken Chapter</i>	5.00
NEW MEXICO.	
<i>Roswell Chapter</i>	25.00
NEW YORK.	
<i>Bronx Chapter</i> , room.....	10.00
<i>Major Benj. Bosworth Chapter</i>	15.00
<i>New York City Chapter</i> , balance Museum.....	10.25
<i>New York City Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	20.00
NORTH CAROLINA.	
<i>Thomas Polk Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
OHIO.	
<i>Fort Findlay Chapter</i>	10.00
<i>Jonathan Dayton Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
<i>Jonathan Dayton Chapter</i>	89.05
OREGON.	
<i>Multnomah Chapter</i> , <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial</i>	5.00
PENNSYLVANIA.	
<i>Fort Antes Chapter</i> , account tablets in vestibule.....	5.00

<i>Gen. Thomas Miffin Chapter</i>	5.00	
<i>Independence Hall, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial..</i>	5.00	
<i>Lycoming Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial..</i>	5.00	
<i>Mrs. Anne H. Perley, Lycoming Chapter, account deco-</i>		
<i>ration banquet hall.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Phoebe Bayard Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Mem-</i>		
<i>orial</i>	5.00	
<i>Pittsburgh Chapter, account tablets in vestibule.....</i>	5.00	
<i>Tioga Chapter</i>	25.00	
<i>Washington County Chapter</i>	20.00	
SOUTH CAROLINA.		
<i>Kanawha Chapter, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial...</i>	1.00	
TEXAS.		
<i>Jane Douglas Chapter</i>	10.00	
<i>Mary Isham Keith Chapter.....</i>	25.00	
VERMONT.		
<i>Lake St. Catherine Chapter.....</i>	5.00	
<i>Mrs. Joseph A. DeBoer, State Regent, Caroline Scott</i>		
<i>Harrison Memorial (scholarship).....</i>	5.00	
VIRGINIA.		
<i>Albemarle Chapter, room.....</i>	25.00	
<i>Allegheny Chapter, room.....</i>	5.00	
<i>Beverly Manor Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Blue Ridge Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Eastern Shore of Virginia Chapter, room.....</i>	5.00	
<i>Falls Church Chapter, mirror for room.....</i>	20.00	
<i>Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, coat-of-arms, room...</i>	5.00	
<i>Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, account bust.....</i>	5.00	
<i>Great Bridge Chapter, room.....</i>	25.00	
<i>Lynchburg Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Massanutton Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Patrick Henry Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Stuart Chapter, memorial to founder and first Regent,</i>		
<i>Mrs. Ellen Brown Stuart, 2 chairs for room.....</i>	28.00	
<i>Sycamore Shoals Chapter, room.....</i>	10.00	
WASHINGTON.		
<i>Marcus Whitman Chapter.....</i>	10.00	
<i>Seattle Chapter</i>	5.00	
WISCONSIN.		
<i>Mrs. Ogden Fethers, ex-State Regent, proceeds State</i>		
<i>song, balance box.....</i>	4.26	
<i>Benjamin Tallmadge Chapter.....</i>	15.00	
WYOMING.		
<i>Cheyenne Chapter (Penny a day).....</i>	10.95	
		\$2,546.70
Liquidation and Endowment Fund—		
<i>Mrs. Williard T. Block, Chairman.....</i>	300.00	
Commission on—		
<i>Recognition pins</i>	\$33.80	
<i>Record Shields</i>	2.50	
<i>Spoons</i>	30.92	
<i>Insignia</i>	126.50	
		193.72
Use of Building—		
<i>D. C. Engineers' Association.....</i>	\$57.60	
<i>National Woman's Suffrage Association.....</i>	64.88	
<i>Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.....</i>	14.00	
		136.48
		\$6,276.90
EXPENDITURE.		
		\$8,771.64
Life Membership Fees refunded—		
<i>Mary Washington Chapter, District of Columbia.....</i>	\$12.50	
<i>Capt. Geo. Webb Chapter, Massachusetts.....</i>	12.50	
<i>Moses Cleaveland Chapter, Ohio.....</i>	37.50	
		\$62.50
<i>Account chairs, table and decorations, banquet hall.....</i>		137.50
<i>Account silver tray, forks and candlesticks, banquet hall...</i>		163.50
<i>Platform chairs</i>		37.00

Bronze tablet, Caroline Scott Harrison Memorial.....	300.00
Placing statue of Oliver Ellsworth in hall, Connecticut.....	12.12
Painting walls and woodwork, room, Iowa.....	56.00
Plates for flagstuffs, board room, Massachusetts.....	2.50
Plate for lounge, retiring room, Massachusetts.....	1.25
Account marble coat-of-arms, room, Virginia.....	300.00
Toning mirror, room, Virginia.....	5.00
	<hr/>
	\$1,077.37
Balance on hand March 31, 1913.....	<hr/>
	\$7,694.27
On deposit in American Security and Trust Company Bank	<hr/>
	\$7,694.27
Cash balance on deposit in bank March 31, 1913.....	\$7,694.27
Permanent investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds.....	2,314.84
TOTAL PERMANENT FUND, cash and investment.....	<hr/>
	\$10,009.11

Respectfully,

LULA REEVE HOOVER,
Treasurer General,
 N. S. D. A. R.

The State Regent of Kansas then read the list of members of whose decease her office had been notified since the last Board meeting, and the members of the Board arose as a mark of respect. She also read the list of members wishing to be resigned, those to be dropped and reinstated, each list being duly accepted.

The Treasurer General's records show that the following items in printing have been paid for in the past year:

July 30, 100 reports (Children of the Republic)	\$16.25
June 1, printing (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children)....	\$22.00
July 29, 200 Pamphlet Envelopes (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children)	2.10
July 30, 200 reports (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children)	23.00
Oct. 1, 100 circulars (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children) ..	4.00
Jan. 1, 100 circulars (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children) ..	2.50
Jan. 22, printing (Committee on Welfare of Women and Children)....	12.00
Total	\$65.60
April 15, 200 letter circulars (Conservation Committee).....	\$3.50
April 15, 1,700 4 pp. note. Fire Alarm (Conservation Committee)	11.75
April 10, 1,000 4 pp. (Conservation Committee)	10.25
April 18, 100 circulars (Conservation Committee).....	3.00
July 29, 300 Conservation envelopes (Conservation Committee).....	3.00
July 29, 100 Conservation envelopes (Conservation Committee).....	1.15
July 31, 300 reports (Conservation Committee)	17.50
Oct. 30, 92 printed lines on letter-heads (Conservation Committee)..	1.25

Dec. 18, 250 letter circulars (Conservation Committee)	6.50
Total	\$59.90
Feb. 20, 500 booklets (Conservation of Home).....	\$75.00
April 8, 500 postals and printing Form 23a (Corresponding Secretary General)	\$6.00
April 8, 2,000 cards, Form 20 (Corresponding Secretary General).....	10.25
April 30, 10,000 application blanks, Form 16 (Corresponding Secretary General)	85.00
May 4, 500 postals and printing (Corresponding Secretary General).....	6.00
June 22, 5,000 Forms 23 (Corresponding Secretary General).....	19.25
June 24, 5,000 Forms 18 (Corresponding Secretary General).....	18.00
June 25, 4,000 Proposed Revision of By-Laws (Corresponding Secretary General)	86.00
June 28, 5,000 Constitutions (Corresponding Secretary General).....	148.75
July 5, 10,000 Forms 16 (Corresponding Secretary General).....	85.00
July 25, 500 postals and printing, Form 21 (Corresponding Secretary General)	6.00
Oct. 15, 10,000 Application Blanks, Form 16 (Corresponding Secretary General)	85.00
Oct. 30, 500 postals and printing, Form 21 (Corresponding Secretary General)	6.00
Jan. 8, 10,000 application blanks, Form 16 (Corresponding Secretary General)	85.00
Jan. 11, 5,000 circulars, Form 18 (Corresponding Secretary General)	18.00
Jan. 13, 5,000 copies fac-simile application blanks, Form 13 (Corresponding Secretary General).....	19.75

Feb. 24, 10,000 application blanks, Form 16 (Corresponding Secretary General)	85.00
March 18, 1,000 Constitutions, By-laws and cover (Corresponding Secretary General)	69.00

Total	\$838.00
April 17, 1,500 directions for voting machine (Credential Committee)	\$9.25
Nov. 26, 1,600 No. 9 self-addressed envelopes (Credential Committee)	6.00
Nov. 27, 1,600 Credential circulars (Credential Committee)	15.50
Nov. 27, 1,600 Information circulars (Credential Committee)	11.75
Nov. 27, 3,200 Credential blanks, 2 forms (Credential committee)	31.25

Total	\$73.75
Nov. 14, 500 envelopes (1 cent), 500 2 cent (Genealogical Editor)	\$18.75
March 18, 1,200 1 cent envelopes, Chalkley records (General Office)	\$15.75
March 18, 1,350 4 pp. circulars and add. (General Office)	48.65
March 30, 10,000 8 pp. leaflets (General Office)	69.00
April 18, 1,000 handbooks (General Office)	189.00
May 25, 10,000 Folders, Lists of Officers (General Office)	66.75
July 30, 1,500 copies Proceedings, \$2,227.48; one-half cost alterations, \$38.00	2,265.48
Aug. 8, labels, address, postage, etc. (General Office)	391.03
Oct. 2, 50 committee lists (General Office)	48.50
Oct. 28, 2,000 committee lists (General Office)	84.75

Total	\$3,178.91
April 16, 1,000 postals, form 49 (Historian General)	\$11.25
Aug. 5, 1,300 4 pp. circulars, Historical Research (Historian General)	22.75
Aug. 5, 500 circulars (Historian General)	10.25
Jan. 28, 2,000 postals and printing, Form 49 (Historian General)	22.50
March 7, 2,000 4 pp. circulars	23.50

Total	\$90.25
Dec. 30, 100 printed names on note paper (International Peace and Arbitration Committee)	\$1.65

MAGAZINE.

May 6, 1,000 postals and printing (Genealogical Editor)	\$11.25
June 13, 250 envelopes (Chairman of Committee)	2.00
June 13, 250 note-heads (Chairman of Committee)	2.25
June 13, 200 postals and printing (Editor)	3.00
June 13, 500 letter-heads (Editor)	3.00
June 14, 500 envelopes (Editor)	4.75

Jan. 28, 100 postals and printing (Editor)	2.25
Total	\$28.50

Dec. 26, 200 note-heads (Page Committee)	\$2.50
July 29, 250 pamphlet envelopes (Patriotic Education)	\$2.50
July 31, 250 reports (Patriotic Education)	27.25
Jan. 14, printing (Patriotic Education)	49.60

Total	\$79.35
April 5, 1,000 copies of letter (President General)	\$14.75
Feb. 7, 200 letter circulars (Press Committee)	\$3.75
Feb. 10, 200 No. 10 envelopes, printing (Press Committee)	1.75

Total	\$5.50
March 22, 1,500 program circulars (Program Committee)	\$9.75
Nov. 23, 150 note-heads (Prevent Desecration of the Flag)	1.75
Jan. 11, 100 6¼ envelopes, printed and die (Prevent Desecration of the Flag)	1.75

Total	\$3.50
April 27, 1,000 4 pp. folders, list of officers (Recording Secretary General)	\$27.25
May 4, 1,000 appointment cards, Form No. 9 (Recording Secretary General)	5.50
June 5, 5,000 cards, Form 7 (Recording Secretary General)	5.50
June 5, 5,000 Cards, Form 7 (Recording Secretary General)	21.25
July 9, 2,500 cards, Form No. 9 (Recording Secretary General)	12.75
Oct. 25, 500 cards, Form 8a (Recording Secretary General)	4.75

Total	\$71.50
April 13, 600 pension record blanks (Registrar General)	\$2.50
May 3, 1,000 circulars (Registrar General)	7.00
May 3, 500 postals, Form 45 (Registrar General)	6.00
May 4, 500 postals and printing Form 43 (Registrar General)	55.25
Aug. 31, 200 heavy sheets cardboard (Registrar General)	2.25
Oct. 25, 5,000 slips (Registrar General)	5.50
Nov. 15, 1,200 Form 40, 12 Books Recognition Pin Permits (Registrar General)	10.50
Nov. 16, 24 books, Badge Permits, Form 41 (Registrar General)	21.00
Dec. 17, 600 Pension Record blanks (Registrar General)	2.50
Dec. 17, 5,000 Form 47b (Registrar General)	16.00
Total	\$128.50

April 18, 1,500 Constitutions (Revision of Constitution Committee)...	\$41.25
April 15, 2,000 programs; April 16, Items of Interest (Transportation Committee)	\$79.75
March 24, 2,000 4 pp. R. R. circulars (Transportation Committee)	19.75
Total	\$99.50
April 9, 500 petty cash vouchers, Form 50 (Treasurer General).....	\$2.25
May 16, 6 Chapter receipt books, Form 35 (Treasurer General).....	24.75
May 20, 5,000 remittance blanks, Form 25 (Treasurer General).....	41.25
May 22, 500 cards, Form 36 (Treasurer General)	4.75
June 20, 6 books, Form 36 (Treasurer General)	17.25
June 21, 2 check books (Treasurer General)	15.00
July 25, 200 payroll blanks (Treasurer General)	6.00
Sept. 12, 468 Form 38b (Treasurer General)	2.50
Oct. 7, 500 Form 33 (Treasurer General)	2.00
Oct. 21, 5,000 Form 25 (Treasurer General)	41.25
Nov. 21, 5,000 Form 24 (Treasurer General)	30.25
Nov. 23, 250 Form 38a (Treasurer General)	2.50
Dec. 20, 2 check books, Form 34 (Treasurer General)	15.00
Feb. 10, 5,000 remittance blanks, Form 25 (Treasurer General)	41.25
Feb. 27, 6 books, Form 35 (Treasurer General)	24.75
Total	\$280.75
April 2, gallery tickets and reserved seat tickets (21st Continental Congress)	17.25
April 15, 1,000 floor plans (21st Continental Congress)	25.75
April 15, 2,500 Treasurer's reports (21st Continental Congress).....	97.50
April 15, 1,000 envelopes, money for Continental Hall (21st Continental Congress)	3.00
April 16, 31 exit signs (21st Continental Congress)	2.00
Total	\$145.50
May 13, 300 postals and printing (Vice-President General)	\$4.00
Aug. 17, 1,000 postals and printing, Form 3 (Vice-President General)...	11.25
Oct. 17, 300 Form 5 (Vice-President General)	4.00
Oct. 29, 500 Form 6a (Vice-President General)	2.75
Total	\$22.00
Grand total	\$5,448.91

The Chairman of the Committee on Revolutionary Relics asked the will of the Board

as to whether she should read her report now or defer it until the Congress, and, on motion of the Librarian General, it was voted: That it be deferred until the Congress.

The Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, before presenting her report read the card which had been sent out informing State Regents and chairmen of committees wishing to hold meetings at Memorial Continental Hall during the Congress that they should notify Mrs. John Paul Earnest, and stating that the finishing and furnishing of a room does not give a State the exclusive right to its use during the Congress, and another stating that notice of all meetings of committees to be held in Memorial Continental Hall must be sent to the business office, with the date, hour and size of committee, and that the Board Room shall not be used without an order signed by the President General and the Vice-Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee.

The Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee then reported as follows, reading also the following report from Mrs. Barnes on the Flexotype Printing Machine:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Although the preparations for our National Congress have not been so arduous this year as in the past, we passed through strenuous times during the Inauguration week; even with the services of an extra guide, our building overflowed with sight-seers. If, as the Missouri Regent moved, our building should be open in the future for longer hours, I do not see how our offices could continue their work. On account of the unusual number of visitors the extra guide has been retained as he helps in the printing room.

Mrs. Barnes, a member of our committee makes the report on our printing machine. You can all see that the new carpets have been laid for the stage and aisles. It was found necessary to purchase a strip of matting to help silence the space about our doors. Cost, \$20.00. Our wooden steps with rail at entrance, ordered by the board, are in place; they cost \$38.50. A complete plumbing outfit has been installed on the main floor; entire cost \$38.50. We now have a water supply on every floor. Our new bicycle for the messenger cost \$32.00.

More small objects of jewelry, etc., remaining unclaimed after our 22 entertainments since January, have been sold for a fund to replenish our Red Cross box with standard remedies.

The District Fire Marshal, Mr. Nicholson, has sent his instructions to our Building and Grounds Committee *in writing*, which will be found on the bulletin board. He orders all halls and passageways cleared of furniture during Congress.

In conclusion, our committee asks for its final requests—that a petty cash fund of at least \$50.00 be kept in our business office. Now, since we have our printing press, we can often fill a telegraphed order from a

State Regent or National Chairman on the same day if we do not have to stop for the red tape vouchers, etc. The clerk for this room, as we all know, is detailed from the Treasurer's office and is bonded. A regular supply of \$10.00 in postal cards is needed.

Also we ask that the electric fixtures in our Museum can be raised as they are in our Library, so that ornaments and cases can be placed against the wall. Our men can do the work during the summer. And that we be allowed to direct that all telegraphic, special mail and express offices hold all after-hour deliveries until morning, as there is no one in the offices to take charge until 9 A. M.; and that the money received from the sale of our old safe be used to purchase a safe to hold our banquet silver, to be installed near that room, as the supply will soon be beyond the extra space in the safe in the Treasurer's office.

It is our custom to reimburse our clerks for their extra work during Congress season. Will the Board instruct us to decide the schedule of the amounts paid to each one?

AMARYLLIS GILLET,
Chairman Building and Grounds.
CLARA ROSSER DENNIS.

REPORT OF PRINTING MACHINE.

The Flexotype Printing Machine which was purchased by the Building and Grounds Committee upon the 18th of February, has done the following printing:

- 5,000 notification of membership cards
- 5,000 pension record blanks
- 500 Editor's proof page blanks
- 4,225 letter and note heads.
- 9,062 postcards.
- 4,350 envelopes
- 5,650 circular letters
- 7,000 notices
- 1,000 mailing wrappers for certificate tubes
- 600 printed forms for credential committee
- 500 mailing and shipping labels
- 600 lists of hotels and boarding houses
- 300 record blanks for historical research.

This makes a total of 43,187 pieces of work handled in two months.

From the figures which we have been able to collect for comparison, we find that we are able to make a saving of between 35 and 40 per cent. over the printer's price.

We have had plates made for printing the pamphlet written by Mrs. LaVerne Noyes, which we give to visitors, and are planning to print a large quantity of them during the slack time in the summer. These will be done at a greater saving than the 40 per cent. already quoted.

It is also our plan to print up quantities of the staple office supplies during the summer months.

From the showing which we have been able to make, the committee feels satisfied that the machine is an excellent investment. It will soon pay for itself, and its continued use will result in a large reduction of the printing bills of the Society.

MRS. WILL CROFT BARNES.

On motion of the Recording Secretary General, seconded by the Vice-President General of Delaware, it was voted:

"That those clerks giving extra service during the Congress be remunerated equally."

The Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee spoke of a printing order for which the clerk in the business office had not been requested to make out a voucher before the order to print the official heading on some envelopes had been given. No objection was made to the suggestion that the clerk in the business office be authorized to make out the proper order, so that the bill could be paid, and it was stated that all further orders must come through the regular channels.

On motion of the Registrar General, the report was accepted with its recommendations.

The Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee further stated that she had received a letter from Mrs. Lillian C. Kirtland, asking in behalf of "Minute Men" Chapter of Boston, Mass., that the original John Hancock desk be placed in the Museum of Memorial Continental Hall, instead of in the Massachusetts room. This desk was presented April 18, 1912, and the chapter members are very desirous that the Board give them permission to place it in the Museum.

The State Regent of Massachusetts and the Assistant Historian General both stated that this had been presented to the Massachusetts room, and they supposed it was the property of that room.

The President General stated that she thought the Board had nothing to do with it, and that it should be settled by the State Regent of Massachusetts, the Chairman of the Revolutionary Relics Committee and Minute Men Chapter.

The Recording Secretary General read a clipping in regard to the funeral services for Charles D. Walcott, Jr., eldest son of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, which said, "among the many floral tributes which were banked about the casket was a magnificent wreath which was sent by the Daughters of the American Revolution."

On motion of the Historian General, it was voted that the Treasurer General pay for this wreath.

The President General then read from the Constitution, Act of Incorporation, Section 2:

"That said Society is authorized to hold real and personal estate in the United States, so far only as may be necessary to its lawful ends, to an amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars."

Mrs. Noyes, in her pamphlet regarding the Hall, states that we have property to the amount of \$650,000; this amount of course includes the debt, but as this apparent discrepancy has caused some criticism, the President General stated that she had asked a representative in Congress to introduce a bill amending this charter to the effect that we may hold property to the amount of \$750,000.

The State Regents of Kansas and of the District of Columbia, the Vice-President Gen-

eral of Georgia, the Recording Secretary General and several others thought this amount was not large enough, and it was voted that this amount be changed to one million dollars.

The President General called the attention of the Board to a memorial service to Thomas Jefferson, to be held in the Red Room of the Willard Hotel, at 3 o'clock p. m. Sunday; Mrs. Martin W. Littleton invites all the Daughters to be present.

The President General also announced her own reception, to be held Monday evening, from 9 to 11, and asked all the National officers and Vice-Presidents General to be in line with her, and that the State Regents, who are members of the Reception Committee, look after their delegations and assist in that way.

The Historian General said that in accepting this gracious invitation, as the closing of the President General's most illustrious regime, she would like to call the attention of the Board to the preface of the Lineage Book, which she read as a tribute to Mrs. Scott, whose picture appears in the front of the edition.

The President General called attention to one change which should be made in the program. Since the programs were printed, another vacancy had occurred in the Honorary Vice-Presidents General, and therefore there would be two nominations for that office instead of one, as stated in the program.

The President General made the following address, which was received with great applause:

Ladies of the National Board of Management:—

It is with mixed feelings of regret and congratulation that I say farewell at this parting hour—regret that our delightful association is to be severed, congratulation that we may call the well-earned plaudit, "She hath done what she could."

There is no need for even a brief summary of results that speak for themselves. Harmony and enthusiasm have marked our meetings, and in recalling our two years of congenial companionship, not one pang of bitterness or resentment leaves its sting.

If we have held legitimate differences upon various questions, the spirit of courtesy and fairness has prevailed. I can invoke for future Board meetings no greater happiness than that which has brightened the hours we have spent together.

The State Regent of Alabama presented the following motion:

I would like to move a rising vote of appreciation and endorsement of your administration.

The Board arose, and the President General stated that nothing could be more gratifying than this.

The Registrar General presented a request from Miss Gentry, Chairman of the Old Trails Road Committee, to use the insignia in a button to be given to all the members of the committee.

The State Regent of Missouri said she thought that this button was desired for the people who were working hard for this movement, but many of whom are not Daughters, and she did not think it could be granted for this reason. As the Board were agreed that the insignia should not be worn by any who were not Daughters, the State Regent of New Mexico suggested that this matter might be brought before the Old Trails Road Committee, which will meet April 14th at 4 o'clock, which was carried.

The Registrar General asked for instructions as to her right to refuse any member of the Society a copy of her paper. Two genealogists had asked her to refuse a member a copy of her own paper, and to refer the member to the genealogist, but the Registrar General had considered that she had no right to do this. On motion of the State Regent of Georgia, seconded by the State Regent of Alabama, it was voted:

That the Registrar General make no discrimination in furnishing members with a copy of their application papers.

The Registrar General presented to the library two volumes, "The Pennsylvania German in the Revolutionary War," the genealogy of her husband, "The Brumbach Genealogies," which the President General received with great pleasure for the National Society.

The State Vice-Regent of Virginia expressed her appreciation of the message sent to the State Regent, Mrs. Jamison.

The Chairman of the Souvenir Committee, Mrs. Gault, said that she would like to report on a matter referred to her at the February Board. This was the suggestion from Putnam's Sons that the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, endorse a book which they have published, "The Pioneer Mothers of America," and that the chapters undertake the sale of this book, a certain percentage of the proceeds to be applied to the debt on Memorial Continental Hall.

The Librarian General and the State Regent of the District of Columbia both spoke of the charm of the book in question, a copy of which had been presented to the library, but were both opposed to establishing the precedent of endorsing books in this way.

In connection with this request the Historian General read a letter along the same line, from Mrs. Esther M. Baxendale, of Boston, Mass., asking that the Society endorse "A Heritage of Honor," written by the Rev. Alan Hudson, stating that she had not intended to read it, as she had always understood that this could not be done, but she simply brought it up as it was along the same line as the other.

A motion introduced by the Chairman of the Souvenir Committee, seconded by the Historian General:

That this Society give its endorsement to Putnam's Sons for its book, "The Pioneer Mothers of America,"

was lost, and on motion of the Librarian General, seconded by the Historian General and

the Vice-President General from Indiana, it was voted:

That while expressing our appreciation of the gift of these books, and recording our pleasure in reading them, we do not consider that we are in a position, as a National Society, to endorse them.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters read a letter from Miss Gentry in regard to her expenses as Chairman of the Old Trails Road Committee. Miss Gentry had understood she was to have an appropriation of \$100 from the Historic Spots Committee, but her bills had not been O. K'd by the Chairman, and she was anxious to have the bills paid to the extent of \$100. The Chairman of the Finance Committee replied that she had authorized that voucher several days before and that the matter was doubtless settled.

The Recording Secretary General called attention to the fact that there is a statute to the effect that bills for the necessary committee expenses, when O. K'd by the Chairman of the Committee, will be paid by the Treasurer General. This had been stated when Miss Gentry's request for an appropriation was first brought to the Board, and then when the matter was brought up a second time it was laid on the table because of this previous statement.

The Registrar General read a notice from the Treasurer General's office in regard to a member who was dropped from the Society for non-payment of dues December 7, 1910, in arrears for 1909 and 1910 dues. Through an oversight she re-entered the Society as a new member on November 8, 1911. This was discovered February 24, 1913, when her Chapter sent her dues and gave her old National number instead of her new. This member feels that she will have to drop out of the Society if she is required to pay her back dues, and the Treasurer General asked for instructions.

The Recording Secretary General said that as this member had been admitted in this way nothing could be done, and the President General stated that no retroactive action could be taken.

The Vice-President General of Ohio asked if it were possible to suggest to the Chapter to which she belongs that they pay her back dues and make her a member in good standing.

The Vice-President General of Nebraska and the State Regent of New Hampshire both said that this was sometimes done in their States.

The State Regent of Ohio asked for information in regard to a member who had resigned in good standing, who is anxious to re-enter the Society, but cannot afford to pay her back dues, and was told that she could enter the Society as a new member for the usual admission fee.

The Vice-President General of Massachusetts reported a case in her State where a member of a Chapter in Boston had left the city, leaving no address. The Chapter had been unable to locate her, but had paid her dues and kept her on their rolls for two

years, at the end of which time they reported her to the National Society as "dropped." As her dues had been paid to the National Society, she had been recorded on the Treasurer General's books as "resigned." Ten years passed by and she wished to return to the Chapter, and paid the \$20. The Chapter Treasurer forwarded \$10 to the Treasurer General, asking for her reinstatement, but as the books of the National Society showed this lady was resigned and she must therefore come back into the Society as a member-at-large, the Treasurer General had sent word to the Chapter that the whole \$20 belonged to the National Society. The money was forwarded, but the Chapter cannot understand this, and considers itself entitled to the \$10.

After some discussion it was voted, on motion of the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the Registrar General,

That this matter be referred to the Treasurer General, with power to act.

The State Regent of Nebraska asked, as a personal favor, if a Chapter in her State which was ready to be formed could not be formed at this meeting; she understood, of course, that they could have no vote at the Congress, but she was very anxious to leave 25 Chapters in her State, and asked if this could not be done.

After some discussion, during which the State Regents of Georgia, Missouri and Alabama reported similar conditions in their States, the State Regent of Nebraska withdrew her request, as it is contrary to the ruling of the last Congress to authorize Chapters after the first Board meeting in March.

The Librarian General announced for the Treasurer General that the clerk in the Business Office, Miss Julia Fernald, is placed on the Permanent roll.

On motion of the Registrar General, it was voted at 1:10 p. m. to take a recess for one hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session of the Board meeting of April 12, 1913, was called to order at 2:25 p. m. by the Vice-President General of Ohio, Mrs. Clayton R. Truesdall, who had been asked to preside, as the President General was obliged to leave.

The Chair stated that the meeting was open to the State Regents to bring up any matters they cared to, and called the roll of States, that each State Regent might have an opportunity to be heard.

The State Regent of California said that the only suggestion she had was that her State would like to see the month of the Congress changed to a month later, as California got no benefit of railroad rates, as they would a month later. The State Regent of the District of Columbia replied that the change from February to April was on account of California, but she did not think it would be possible to have it in the month of May.

The State Regent of Illinois presented the following resolution, and after much discussion it was seconded by the State Regent of Nebraska, the Vice-President General of Michigan and others, and carried:

That this National Board request all Chap-

ters to send to their respective State Regents reports of Chapter work from March 1 to March 1 each year, State Regents to receive them by March 1st.

The State Regent of Minnesota spoke of the fact that she had been told that a firm of jewelers in Chicago is selling a recognition pin similar to ours, and suggested that some action be taken in regard to this.

The Recording Secretary General stated that the time limit of the copyright on the insignia has expired, and cannot be renewed; her suggestion would be that the State Regents urge their members and new Chapters to buy their pins from Caldwell.

A good deal of discussion followed, and the State Regent of Minnesota moved:

That the matter of a slight change being made in our insignia be referred to the Board meeting which will be held next Monday week.

The State Regent of Nebraska moved to amend, by substituting:

That it be referred to a committee and that the committee report to the Board meeting.

The amendment was carried, and the motion was carried as follows:

That the question of a slight change in our insignia, in order to obtain a new copyright, be referred to a committee which shall report at the Board meeting on April 21.

On motion of the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the Recording Secretary General, it was voted that this committee be appointed by nominations from the floor. On motion of the Assistant Historian General it was voted that it should be a committee of five.

Nominations followed and the following members were appointed:

Mrs. George C. Squires, Minnesota, Chairman.

Mrs. Charles O. Norton, Nebraska.

Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, New Mexico.

Mrs. George A. Lawrence, Illinois.

Mrs. Joseph H. Dearborn, New Hampshire.

The Chairman called a meeting of her committee in the Indiana room immediately after the Board meeting.

The Chairman of the Souvenir Committee asked for an interpretation of the ruling passed at the Board meeting, April, 1912, to the effect that the entire profit of articles sold in the hall shall be contributed to Continental Hall. She wished to know if this profit could be applied on a State debt for a memorial room or other pledge. The Recording Secretary General stated that it could.

The State Regent of Nebraska asked if the names of the Chapters in the country could not be printed, in order that this could be furnished to Chapters organizing, and save duplication of names.

It was stated that this list was printed each year in the Proceedings, and appeared in the Directory, but could never be up to date with new Chapters forming each month, and it would really be of no use to have this list printed for that reason. The State Regent of Nebraska moved:

That the names of the present Chapters be printed, so that they may be available to the new organizing Chapters.

The motion was seconded by the State Regent of New Jersey and lost.

The State Regent of New Hampshire said that she would like very much to have the Society print a guide for State Regents. As a new State Regent, she had found that it was necessary to write a great many letters for instructions as to her duties, and she thought a set of questions and answers could be formulated to be sent out from headquarters to new State Regents.

This request was endorsed by the State Regent of Indiana, the State Regent of Maryland and others.

After some discussion it was voted, on motion of the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the State Regent of Mississippi, and the Historian General:

That the Board of Management be authorized to issue a leaflet of instructions to State Regents.

On motion of the State Regent of Mississippi, seconded by the Assistant Historian General, it was voted:

That the matter of leaflet be referred to the office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

The State Regent of Ohio said that in her State she had printed a list giving all the National officers, the State officers and the names and addresses of the Chapter Regents and Vice-Regents, which she had sent to all her Chapters, and it had been found very useful and helpful.

She further suggested that if each State did this, and sent copies to all the State Regents, it would be a great convenience.

The State Regent of South Carolina asked how many pages could be appointed from a State, and the Recording Secretary General replied that at one time there was a statute that the number of pages should be two from each State, and each State had the privilege of sending two names, which were, of course, subject to appointment by the President General.

The State Regent of Vermont asked when Chapters should send their reports for the report to the Smithsonian Institution, and the Assistant Historian General replied that it was called for December 1, and should be in by the 15th at the latest, as otherwise it was very difficult for her to get them ready to be sent to be printed. The date of the report, she stated, was from October to October. In reply to further questions in regard to this report, the Assistant Historian General explained that she sent blanks to every Chapter Regent and State Regent, asking for certain information. These reports are condensed and printed by the United States Government, which requires this report from the Society yearly.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned, on motion of the State Regent of New Jersey, at 3:40 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

MARIE WILKINSON HODGKINS,

(Mrs. HOWARD L.)

Recording Secretary General.

Approved April 21, 1913.

Regular Meeting, Monday, April 21, 1913

A regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall on Monday, April 21, 1913, the following members present:

President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story; Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Vice-Presidents General as follows: of Massachusetts, Mrs. Charles H. Bond; of Illinois, Mrs. John C. Ames; of Maine, Mrs. Charles F. Johnson; of South Carolina, Mrs. R. M. Bratton; of Wisconsin, Mrs. William H. Crosby; of North Carolina, Mrs. John Van Landingham; of Kentucky, Mrs. R. H. Cunningham; of Tennessee, Mrs. Thomas Day; of Ohio, Mrs. Thomas Kite; of Alabama, Mrs. Rhett Goode; of Missouri, Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr.; of Iowa, Miss Harriet I. Lake; of California, Mrs. John F. Swift; Chaplain General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; Recording Secretary General, Mrs. William C. Boyle; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. J. C. Burrows; Registrar General, Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh; Treasurer General, Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell; Historian General, Mrs. Charles W. Bassett; Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.; Librarian General, Miss George M. Sternberg; one of the founders, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth; State Regents as follows: of Alabama, Mrs. Joseph V. Allen; of Arkansas, Mrs. Samuel S. Wassell; of California, Mrs. Isaac N. Chapman; of Colorado, Mrs. Winfield S. Tarbell; of Connecticut, Mrs. John L. Buel; of Delaware, Mrs. George C. Hall; of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Charles W. Richardson; of Florida, Mrs. G. C. Frissell; of Illinois, Mrs. George A. Lawrence; of Kansas, Mrs. George T. Guernsey; of Kentucky, Mrs. William H. Thompson; of Maryland, Mrs. Robert G. Hogan; of Massachusetts, Mrs. George O. Jenkins; of Minnesota, Mrs. George C. Squires; of Mississippi, Mrs. A. F. Fox; of Missouri, Mrs. George B. Macfarlane; of New Hampshire, Mrs. Charles C. Goss; of New Jersey, Mrs. Charles B. Yardley; of New Mexico, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince; of New York, Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury; of Ohio, Mrs. Kent Hamilton; of Texas, Mrs. Harry Hyman; of Vermont, Mrs. Joseph A. De Boer; of Washington, Mrs. Henry McCleary; of Wisconsin, Mrs. Edwin H. Van Ostrand; State Vice-Regents as follows: of Arizona, Mrs. Will C. Barnes; of California, Mrs. Maynard F. Thayer; of Indiana, Mrs. William A. Cullop; of Pennsylvania, Miss Helen E. C. Overton; of Virginia, Mrs. William A. Smoot; of Wyoming, Mrs. Frank W. Mondell.

The President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, called the meeting to order at 10.10 a. m. and after devotional exercises conducted by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, the President General, addressed the Board as follows:

Dear Members of the National Board:

I wish to shake you every one by the hand.

I failed to do so in entering because I felt that you wanted to get to business as quickly as we could. But in that handshake I wanted to convey my cordial feeling to you all—every single member of this Board.

I look forward to our term of what I hope will be extreme usefulness with a great deal of happy anticipation. I expect from you the loyalty that you have given to the organization, which you have given in the past, and I pledge to you my sincerest efforts.

You all know, as well as I do, how necessary it is that we should unite in order to accomplish the best results that we are capable of. You love this organization dearly, and I know that you are going to give to it all that you can, and we enter upon this administration, I am quite sure, with only the interests of cordiality, and co-operation and good feeling. I look to you for that. I know that I can count upon it, and I give it to you.

I want every member of this Board to feel that the business of this Board is hers; that she has a right to bring that business to this Board for our consideration, and I am here to do your pleasure.

I want to be fair; I want to be just, and above all, I want that we should be united.

The Registrar General read the names of 116 applicants for membership to the Society, and on motion of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, the Secretary cast the ballot for the admission of these members.

The Registrar General spoke of the change in the quality of paper used in the certificates and moved:

That the Corresponding Secretary ask for bids on certificates and submit the same to the Executive Committee.

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General of Alabama, and carried.

The President General spoke of the great amount of time consumed by the reading of the names of applicants for membership, and suggested that it might be satisfactory that the Registrar General, instead of reading these long lists, submit to the Board type-written copies of these names, arranged by States, so that they might be consulted easily.

On motion of Mrs. Swift, of California, it was voted,

That the suggestion of the President General be adopted.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, presented the following report:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Through their respective State Regents, the following members-at-large ask for authorization to organize chapters.

Miss Mary G. Barney.....Blairtown, Ia.
Mrs. Nannie Oliver King.....Columbus, Miss.
Miss Mary C. Sears.....La Plata, Mo.

The Board is asked to authorize the formation of chapters at:

Williston.....South Carolina
 Allendale.....South Carolina

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Helena Francilia B. Schenck, Santa Ana, Cal.; Mrs. Annie Stephenson P. Naill, De Vall Bluff, Ark.

The resignation of Mrs. Kate Houston Hammond, of Salisbury, Mo., as Organizing Regent has been received. She was appointed by the November Board to form at Salisbury.

Also the reappointment as Organizing Regents of:

Mrs. Cordelia Lunceford Beatty, Blackwell, Okla.; Miss Anna Webster Lytle, Boise, Idaho.

The chapter organized at Waterloo, Ia., petitions the Board for the use of the name "Mary Melrose"; which deserves special mention, for Mrs. Mary Melrose Hanna who died in Waterloo last year was the first white woman settler in Blackhawk Co., and was of good old Revolutionary Stock.

The chapter at Plattsmouth, Neb., petitions the Board for the use of the name "Fontanelle." He was an early settler and much of the history of Plattsmouth is associated with him.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN.

The State Regent of Delaware, asked permission to help form a Chapter, and the State Regent of Connecticut, made the following motion, which was seconded by the Registrar General and carried:

I move the adoption of the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, with its recommendations, which shall include permission to the State Regent of Delaware to superintend the organization of a chapter.

The President General spoke of the desirability of having the Minutes approved on the same day as the Board meeting, when the personnel of the Board has not changed, as is the case under the present rule of having the Minutes of one Board meeting approved at the next. Discussion of the subject followed, and on motion of the State Vice-Regent of Virginia, seconded by the Vice-President General of California, it was voted:

That the Minutes be approved at the close of the meeting of the National Board, so that all action taken may be given to the Magazine.

By courtesy of the house, Mrs. Hodgkins, retiring Recording Secretary General, appeared before the Board and read the Minutes of the last regular meeting, April 12, 1913, which were approved.

The President General stated that Mrs. Henry Dimock had asked the courtesy of the House to speak for five minutes upon the George Washington Memorial, and on motion of the State Regent of New York, it was voted:

That Mrs. Dimock be invited to appear before the Board for five minutes at 12.30.

The Corresponding Secretary General read

the following report from Mrs. Ammon, Chairman, Committee on Patriotic Education, which was accepted on motion of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Chapters of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution wishing to present an applicant for the scholarship given by Miss Bristol to the National Society D. A. R. must send the name and address of applicant, with statement of qualifications, to the member of the National Committee on Patriotic Education in their respective states. The member of the National Committee receiving applications will, after examining all applications and accompanying recommendations, forward the application and endorsements of the applicant most nearly in accord with the requirements of the Bristol School to the Chairman of the National Committee on Patriotic Education. The Chairman of the National Committee on Patriotic Education will upon finding that all of the applications are in due form forward the same to the National Board of Management prior to the May Board meeting, the appointee to be selected by the National Board of Management by means of one of the usual forms of drawing by lot, a record to be kept of the order in which the names are drawn, so that in case of a successful applicant withdrawing another can be appointed.

The successful candidate will then be notified by the Corresponding Secretary General, who will also notify the Chairman of the National Committee on Patriotic Education and the Bristol School, giving to each the name and address of the appointee.

All applications for the scholarship must be sent to the Chairman of the National Committee on Patriotic Education before April first. The recipient of the Scholarship must be a member of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution or eligible to membership, and she must have reached the age of seventeen years. She must be a graduate of a High School or of a school having a grade equivalent thereto.

The recipient of the Scholarship must be a girl to whom a year in a finishing school would be of value, and she must be in a position of needing such a course of study to complete her education, but without the means of acquiring it. Good breeding is an essential qualification for admission to the Bristol School.

A deposit of seventy-five dollars is required from each pupil entering the school, this sum to be drawn from to cover the expenses incident to attendance upon concerts and lectures.

EDITH DARLINGTON AMMON,
 Chairman.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a communication from the National Maine Monument Association, asking for subscriptions toward this monument, and also a letter from the Committee on "Regents' Pin,"

Thomas Leiper Chapter, of Philadelphia, urging the adoption, by the National Society, of a pin for Chapter Regents which was adopted by the State of Pennsylvania at its last Conference. No action was taken on either of these matters.

The Corresponding Secretary General also read a letter from Mr. Crandall, the Official Photographer, enclosing check for \$34.90, commissions on photographs, and making application for a renewal of his contract.

The President General stated that she had not known of the contract, and had given Mr. Buck permission to photograph the Board at the close of the meeting, and she suggested that bids be obtained from several photographers. After some discussion the Vice-President General of Tennessee moved:

That the action of the President General be sustained in the special permission to allow Mr. Buck to photograph the Board.

The State Regent of Mississippi, moved to amend by adding:

The question of photograph contract to be referred to the Finance Committee.

The amendment was carried and the motion as amended was seconded by the Vice-President General of Alabama and carried as follows:

That the action of the President General be sustained, in the special permission to allow Mr. Buck to photograph the Board, the question of a photograph contract to be referred to the Finance Committee.

The President General stated that she had held a consultation with the Auditor, Mr. Luebker, and he had made several practical suggestions, and she would be glad if he might be invited to come in and speak to the Board. On motion of the Treasurer General, seconded by the Assistant Historian General, it was voted:

That the courtesy of the Board be extended to the Auditor, Mr. Luebker, to make suggestions on the form of chapter treasurers' report.

On motion of the Chaplain General, seconded by the Historian General, it was voted:

To rescind the motion (passed at the Board meeting April 12th) that all clerks be remunerated equally for extra time during the Congress.

On motion of the Chaplain General, seconded by the Historian General, it was voted:

That the clerks giving extra service during the Congress should be remunerated on the basic principle of the amount of their salaries now received.

Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, one of the founders, addressed the Board as follows, and the President General extended to her a very cordial invitation to be present at the meetings whenever possible.

Madam President-General and Members of the Board of Management:

As, on account of illness, I have been absent from many meetings of our Society for some years, I am personally unknown to many of you, which I regret; allow me to say, as

President Wilson did to members of the United States Congress, "I am a human being, and like to co-operate with others"; therefore, I tell you, that as a National Vice-President General, although honorary and not entitled to debate or work with you, I am a member of the Board of Management as well as of the Continental Congress and may have a regular seat among you as I have in the Congress, it is seldom that I shall be able to occupy it, but it would be a pleasure to know that my presence was welcome to every member of the Board, and I cordially invite you all to call and see me, as you have leisure, in the Founder's Room, New York, nearby.

ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH,

Founder and Honorary Vice-President General, N. S. D. A. R., of Saratoga Springs, New York.

Mr. Otto Luebker, of the American Audit Co., was admitted to the Board and spoke on the subject of submitting a form to be used by the Chapter Treasurers, and also said that he thought possibly there might be an improvement in the methods in the Business Office. On motion of the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the Registrar General, the State Vice-Regent of Virginia, and the State Regent of Connecticut, it was voted:

That the Finance Committee and the Treasurer General confer with the auditor in order to devise a system for the transaction of our financial business and submit it to the Board for consideration.

The Treasurer General presented the names of three members to be reinstated, and on motion of the Registrar General it was voted that this be granted.

The Registrar General stated that Miss Wingate had been placed on the Permanent Roll at \$55 per month, to take effect April 15, 1913.

The President General announced the following committee appointments:

Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee, Mrs. Charles W. Richardson; Chairman of Finance Committee, Mrs. George M. Sternberg; Vice-Chairman of Finance Committee, Miss Florence G. Finch; Chairman of Committee on Revolutionary Relics, Mrs. John L. Buel; Vice-Chairman, Committee on Revolutionary Relics, Miss Grace M. Pierce; Second Vice-Chairman, Committee on Revolutionary Relics, Miss Sophie P. Casey; Chairman, Auditing Committee, Mrs. George C. Hall; Chairman, Printing Committee, Mrs. Allan P. Perley; Chairman, Magazine Committee, Miss Florence G. Finch; Vice-Chairman, Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. Charles B. Bryan; Secretary, Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. Joseph S. Wood; Resident Secretary, Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. George T. Smallwood.

Nominations for the Executive Committee were then made as follows:

Mrs. Smoot nominated Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; Mrs. Squires nominated Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury; Mrs. Bratton nominated Mrs.

John Van Landingham; Mrs. Augsburg nominated Mrs. John L. Buel; Mrs. Orton nominated Mrs. William C. Boyle; Mrs. Thompson nominated Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Mrs. Richardson nominated Mrs. George M. Sternberg; Mrs. Brumbaugh nominated Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell.

On motion of the Vice-President General of Tennessee, it was voted that nominations be closed, and on motion of the Assistant Historian General, the Secretary cast the ballot which elected these ladies members of the Executive Committee, of which the President General is Chairman *ex officio*.

Mrs. Dimock was then escorted to the Board Room by the State Regent of New Mexico, and addressed the Board on the subject of the George Washington Memorial. On motion of the Librarian General, a rising vote of thanks was given to Mrs. Dimock for her interesting talk.

The President General stated that she had had a request to authorize a typewriter for the Genealogical Department, and on motion of the Historian General, seconded by the Assistant Historian General, it was voted:

That the matter of a typewriter for the genealogical department be referred to the House Committee.

The State Regent of Minnesota, as Chairman of the Committee appointed April 12th to consider the question of a change in the insignia, made the following report:

The Insignia Committee was called together by the Chairman, Mrs. Squires, on Saturday afternoon at Memorial Continental Hall. After a discussion of the expired copyright, it was moved by Mrs. L. Bradford Prince:

"That a small eagle take the place of the swivel ring at the top of the insignia; that this eagle have a ring in back of it, and that the changed pin be copyrighted."

Motion seconded by Mrs. Norton was put and carried. The Committee recommends that bids on this pin be called for from Tiffany, Caldwell, Peacock and Bailey, Banks and Biddle.

On motion of the State Regent of Kansas, seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Arizona, it was voted:

That the Committee on the Insignia hold over and make a full report later.

The Vice-President General of Missouri, presented requests from the Chairman of the Old Trails Road Committee, Miss Gentry, and the following motions were carried:

That the request be granted the Old Trails Road Committee to use the insignia on the flags marking the road. (Maker, the Librarian General, seconded by the Recording Secretary General.)

That the request be granted the Old Trails Road Committee to use the insignia on the milestones. (Maker, the Chaplain General, seconded by the Assistant Historian General.)

That the Old Trails Road Committee be made a National Committee and not a sub-Committee. (Maker, the Vice-President Gen-

eral of Missouri, seconded by the Historian General.)

Mrs. Guernsey, Chairman of Election Judges for the 22nd Continental Congress, presented resolutions and recommendations in regard to future elections, which are printed separately in the Magazine, in accordance with the resolution. On motion of the Vice-President General of North Carolina, seconded by the Assistant Historian General, it was voted:

That the resolutions on elections presented by Mrs. Guernsey be accepted with recommendations.

The State Regent of Mississippi asked whether the Vice-President General of a State is by virtue of her National office a member of her State Conference, and was told that that depended upon the courtesy of the State; that it did not conflict with any National regulation to make the Vice-President General a member of a State Conference.

Mrs. Fox also asked for information in regard to the appointment of Pages, and moved:

That information in regard to method of appointing Pages to act during Congress be incorporated in the leaflet of instructions for new State Regents.

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General of Tennessee and carried.

On motion of the Vice-President General of Missouri, seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Wyoming, it was voted:

That the suggestion that we have temporary doors placed at the entrance of the gallery during the Congress be referred to the House Committee, with power to act.

On motion of the Vice-President General of Missouri, seconded by the State Regent of Kansas, it was voted:

That the Library be kept open during the evening through Congress, with additional clerical force.

On motion of the Vice-President General of Missouri, seconded by the Librarian General, it was voted:

That a Railroad Committee be made a permanent Bureau.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from the State Regent of Georgia, asking that the State Regents be informed in plain language just exactly what they must do at their next State Conference, and on motion of the Vice-President General of Ohio, seconded by the Assistant Historian General, it was voted:

That the information to be given to State Regents about their Conference be referred to the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

The President General requested State Regents to send to her at their earliest convenience the names of women whom they would like to have represent their States as State Chairmen of the following Committees:

Patriotic Education.

To Prevent Desecration of the Flag.

Preservation of Historic Spots.

Old Trails Road.

American Monthly Magazine.
 Conservation.
 Conservation of the Home.
 Welfare of Women and Children.
 Real Daughters.
 Children and Sons of the Republic.
 Children of the American Revolution.

The following motion by the Chaplain General was seconded and carried:

That a new Committee be formed on Children of the American Revolution.

The Recording Secretary General read the motions which had been written and sent to her, and the Assistant Historian General moved that these Minutes be approved, which was seconded and carried.

The Treasurer General stated that on Saturday she had given bond, and was therefore regularly qualified to perform the duties of her office.

At 2.30 it was voted to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE.

(Mrs. Wm. C.) *Recording Secretary General.*

Approved April 21, 1913.

The Bristol School Scholarship, offered to this Society by Miss Alice Bristol of Washington, D. C., and accepted by the Twenty-first Continental Congress Daughters of the American Revolution, was awarded to Miss Lillie Mason of Louisville, Kentucky, for the year 1912-1913.

EDITH DARLINGTON AMMON,

Chairman National Committee on Patriotic Education.

As the whole of the plan adopted by the National-Committee on Patriotic Education for the reception of applications for the Bristol School scholarship will not be operative this year, the Committee asks that all applications for the Scholarship accompanied by their endorsements be sent to the Chairman of the National Committee on Patriotic Education for 1913 and '14, before May fifteenth. These applications will then be by her sent to the National Board of Management in time for action at the regular meeting in June.

EDITH DARLINGTON AMMON.

Chairman National Committee on Patriotic Education, 1912-13.

Future Elections

Adopted April 21, 1913, by National Board of Management, N. S. D. A. R.

April 21, 1913.

Based upon four years' experience here at the Continental Congresses, I wish to offer the following resolutions and recommendations:

RESOLUTIONS.

I. That the chairman of the election judges shall be appointed by the President General, and shall have full power to make all necessary arrangements for the election.

II. A stated time shall be set by the Congress for the opening and closing of the polls.

III. Registration for voting shall cease when the polls are opened.

IV. That while the registration for election shall close when the polls are opened, a duplicate set of registration books shall be kept open for persons entitled to, and desiring the privileges of the floor.

V. All orders from the house to the chairman of judges shall be sent officially and promptly.

That these resolutions shall be given space by themselves in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I. That for elections we use the President General's, the small committee, and Board Rooms used at the election in 1913.

II. That we use three Voting Machines.

III. That there shall be fourteen (14) judges appointed to serve:--

Two at each voting machine

Two at the entrance

One at the exit

One to check at the door leading from registration room

Two at second doors

Two to line up.

Then in addition to these, at the three credential tables have one judge for each Presidential nominee.

IV. At each credential table must be placed one of the regularly employed clerks.

V. That the chairman of the election judges be allowed to name a parliamentarian to be present in the election room during the election.

VI. That one official page be on duty in the election room.

VII. That the doors of election rooms be closed at stated times for the judges' meals.

VIII. That it shall be the duty of some one member of the house committee to see that all necessary conveniences, such as chairs, tables for credential books, tablets, different colored pencils, ice-water, meals or anything desired by the chairman are furnished.

IX. That a copy of these Resolutions and Recommendations be placed in the hands of the Chairman of Judges at the February Board Meeting of each year.

I move that the President General shall ascertain and report at the October Board Meeting, 1913, whether withdrawals or additional nominations constitute a new election. If so, does that necessitate a new registration?

MRS. GEORGE T. GUERNSEY.

MRS. BEN F. GRAY, JR.

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